

DIGITAL STORAGE OSCILLOSCOPE DCS-1000B SERIES

DCS-1072B DCS-1054B DCS-1102B DCS-1074B

DCS-1104B



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■ Preface

To use the product safely, read this instruction manual to the end. Before using this product, understand how to correctly use it. If you read this manual but you do not understand how to use it, please ask us or your local dealer. After you read this manual, save it so that you can read it, anytime as requied.

Pictorial indication

This instruction manual and product show the warning and caution items required to safely use the product. The following pictorial indication and warning character indication are provided.

<pictorial indication=""></pictorial>	
<u>^</u>	Some part of this product or the instruction manual may shows this pictorial indication. In this case, if the product is incorrectly used in that part, a serious danger may be brought about on the user's body or the product. To use the part with this pictorial indication, be sure to refer to this instruction manual.
WARNING	If you use the product, ignoring this indication, you may get killed or seriously injured. This indication shows that the warning item to avoid the danger is provided.
CAUTION	If you incorrectly use the product, ignoring this indication, you may get slightly injured or the product may be damaged. This indication shows that the caution item to avoid the danger is provided.

Please be informed that we are not responsible for any damages to the user or to the third person, arising from malfunctions or other failures due to wrong use of the product or incorrect operation, except such responsibility for damages as required by law.





Do not remove the product's covers and panels Never remove the product's covers and panels for any purpose. Otherwise, the user's electric shock or fire may be incurred.

Warning on using the product

Warning items given below are to avoid danger to user's body and life and avoid the damage or deterioration of the product.

Use the product, observing the following warning and caution items.

■ Warning items on power supply

Power supply voltage

The rated power supply voltages of the product are 100, 120, 220 and 240VAC. The rated power supply voltage for each product should be confirmed by reading the label attached on the back of the product or by the "rated" column shown in this instruction manual. The specification of power cord attached to the products is rated to 125VAC for all products which are designed to be used in the areas where commercial power supply voltage is not higher than 125VAC. Accordingly, you must change the power cord if you want to use the product at the power supply voltage higher than 125VAC. If you use the product without changing power cord to 250VAC rated one, electric shock or fire may be caused. When you used the product equipped with power supply voltage switching system, please refer to the corresponding chapter in the

instruction manuals of each product.

Power cord

(Important) The attached power cord set can be used for this device only.

If the attached power cord is damaged, stop using the product and call us or your local dealer. If the power cord is used without the damage being removed, an electric shock or fire may be caused.

Protective fuse

If an input protective fuse is blown, the product does not operate. For a product with external fuse holder, the fuse may be replaced. As for how to replace the fuse, refer to the corresponding chapter in this instruction manual.

If no fuse replacement procedures are indicated, the user is not permitted to replace it. In such case, keep the case closed and consult us or your local dealer. If the fuse is incorrectly replaced, a fire may occur.

Warning item on Grounding

If the product has the GND terminal on the front or rear panel surface, be sure to ground the product to safely use it.

Warnings on Installation environment

Operating temperature and humidity

Use the product within the operating temperature indicated in the "rating" temperature column. If the product is used with the vents of the product blocked or in high ambient temperatures, a fire may occur. Use the product within the operating humidity indicated in the "rating" humidity column. Watch out for condensation by a sharp humidity change such as transfer to a room with a different humidity. Also, do not operate the product with wet hands. Otherwise, an electric shock or fire may occur.

Use in gas

Use in and around a place where an inflammable or explosive gas or steam is generated or stored may result in an explosion and fire. Do not operate the product in such an environment.

Also, use in and around a place where a corrosive gas is generated or spreading causes a serious damage to the product. Do not operate the product in such an environment.

Installation place

Avoid installing the product on inclined places or on places subject to vibration. Otherwise, the product may slip or fall down to cause damages or injury accidents.

■ Do not let foreign matter in

Do not insert metal and inflammable materials into the product from its vent and spill water on it. Otherwise, electric shock or fire may occur.

■ Warning item on abnormality while in use

In abnormal situations, such as "smoke", "fire", "abnormal smell" or "irregular noise" occur from the product while in use, stop using the product, turn off the switch, and remove the power cord plug from the outlet. After confirming that no other devices catch fire, ask us or your local dealer.

Warning Item for the Measurement

- When you measure a part of a high voltage, be careful not to touch a hand to a measurement part directly. There is a risk of an electric shock.
- Be sure to connect the probe or the cable and the ground side of the input connector to the ground potential (ground) of the substance measured.
 Since the chassis of this instrument is connected to the ground of the input block, connecting the earth lead of the probe to the potential floating from the ground potential may result in the following:
 - Electric shock
 - A high current flows and damages the substance measured, this instrument, and other connected device.

The following parts are connected to the chassis:

- Probe for each channel and ground side of the input BNC connector
- Grounding conductor of the accessory 3-core power cord
- Ground pin for an interface signal

"Bad example" Oscilloscope Earth Lead Probe +90V R +100V R +100V Grounding Grounding

At connecting as Bad Example, +90V and chassis are shorted, and damages substance a measured. Therefore do not make such

connection.

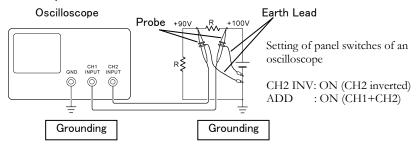
If the instrument is not

grounded, a potential of the chassis is +90V.
Ground a chassis, in order to prevent an electric shock

accident.

When measuring the floating potential, a differential method of measurement is recommended (refer to the figure below).

"Good example"



Input / Output terminals

Maximum input to terminal is specified to prevent the product from being damaged. Do not supply input, exceeding the specifications that are indicated in the "Rating" column in the instruction manual of the product.

Also, do not supply power to the output terminals from the outside.

Otherwise, a product failure is caused.

Calibration

Although the performance and specifications of the product are checked under strict quality control during shipment from the factory, they may be deviated more or less by deterioration of parts due to their aging or others.

It is recommended to periodically calibrate the product so that it is used with its performance and specifications stable.

For consultation about the product calibration, ask us or your local dealer.

Daily Maintenance

When you clean off the dirt of the product covers, panels, and knobs, avoid solvents such as thinner and benzene. Otherwise, the paint may peel off or resin surface may be affected.

To wipe off the covers, panels, and knobs, use a soft cloth with neutral detergent in it. During cleaning, be careful that water, detergent, or other foreign matters do not get into the product.

If a liquid or metal gets into the product, an electric shock and fire are caused. During cleaning, remove the power cord plug from the outlet.

Use the product correctly and safely, observing the above warning and caution items. Because the instruction manual indicates caution items even in individual items, observe those caution items to correctly use the product.

If you have questions or comments about the instruction manual, ask us or E-Mail us.

1. GETTING STARTED

This chapter describes the DCS-1000B in a nutshell, including its main features and front / rear panel introduction. After going through the overview, follow the Set Up section to properly set up the oscilloscope for first time use. The Set Up section also includes a starter on how to use this manual effectively.



1-1. Main Features

Model name	Frequency bandwidth	Input channels	Real-time
	Dandwidth	channels	Sampling Rate
DCS-1054B	50MHz	4	1GSa/s
DCS-1074B	70MHz	4	1GSa/s
DCS-1104B	100MHz	4	1GSa/s
DCS-1072B	70MHz	2	1GSa/s
DCS-1102B	100MHz	2	1GSa/s

/!\Note

This instruction manual has been described as the 4ch model. In 2ch model, Can't set the ch3 and ch4.

Features

- 7 inch, 800 x 480, WVGA TFT display.
- Available from 70MHz to 100MHz.
- Real-time sampling rate of 1GSa/s.
- Deep memory: 10M points record length.
- Waveform capture rate of 50,000 waveforms per second.
- Vertical sensitivity: 1mV/div~10V/div.
- On-screen Help.
- 32 MB internal flash disk.
- Go-NoGo application.
- Remote Disk appl
- Serial Bus Decode: Serial bus decoding of UART, I2C, SPI, CAN & LIN buses.ication.

Additional Feature

- Segmented Memory: Optimizes the acquisition memory to selectively capture only the important signal details. Up to 29000 successive waveform segments can be captured with a time-tag resolution of 4ns.
- Waveform Search: Allows the scope to search for a number of different signal events.

Interface

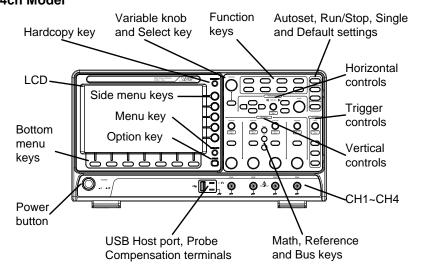
- USB host port: front panel, for storage devices.
- USB device port: rear panel, for remote control or printing.
- Probe calibration output with selectable output frequency (1kHz ~ 200kHz).
- Ethernet port (4ch Model Only)
- Calibration output.

1-2. Accessories

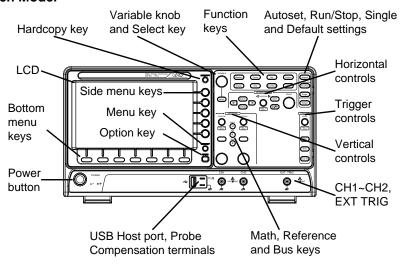
1 2. /100033	01100	
Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
Power cord		N/A region dependent
Passive probe for 50MHz /70MHz Model	e GTP-070B-4	x4 or x2 70 MHz probe
for 100MHz Model	GTP-100B-4	100MHz probe
Standard Apps	Name	Description
	Go-NoGo	Go-NoGo testing app.
	Remote Disk	Allows the scope to mount a network share drive.
Optional Apps	Name	Description
	Data Log	Waveform or image data logging app.
	DVM	Digital Volt Meter app.
	Digital Filter	High or low pass digital filter for analog inputs.
Optional Function	Part number	Description
	Segment	Segment memory Function
	Search	Search Function
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	GTL-110	test lead, BNC to BNC heads
	GTL-246	USB2.0 A - B type cable
Drivers		
	USB driver	

 $^{^{\}star}$ Note: We reserves the right to change the probe model type $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +$

Panel Overview 1-2-1. Front Panel 4ch Model



2ch Model



LCD Display

7" WVGA TFT color LCD. 800 x 480 resolution, wide angle view display.

Menu Off Key

MENU OFF

Use the Menu Off key to hide the onscreen menu system.

Option Key

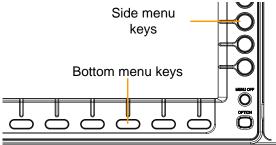


The Option key is used to access future installed options.

Menu Keys

The side menu and bottom menu keys are used to make selections from the soft-menus on the LCD user interface.

To choose menu items, use the 7 Bottom menu keys located on the bottom of the display panel. To select a variable or option from a menu, use the side menu keys on the side of the panel. See page 14 for details.

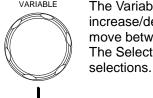


Hardcopy Key

Variable Knob and Select Key



The Hardcopy key is a quick-save or quick-print key, depending on its configuration.



The Variable knob is used to increase/decrease values or to move between parameters.
The Select key is used to make

Function Keys

The Function keys are used to enter and configure different functions on the DCS-1000B.

Measure

Measure

Select

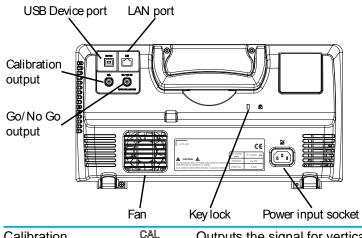
Configures and runs automatic measurements.

Cursor	Cursor	Configures and runs cursor
APP	АРР	measurements. Configures and runs optional applications.
Acquire	Acquire	Configures the acquisition mode, including Segmented Memory acquisition.
Display	Display	Configures the display settings.
Help	Help	Shows the Help menu.
Save/Recall	Save/Recall	Used to save and recall waveforms, images, panel settings.
Utility	Utility	Configures the Hardcopy key, Interface, language, probe compensation and calibration. It also accesses the file utilities menu or the system menu.
Autoset	Autoset	Press the Autoset key to automatically set the trigger, horizontal scale and vertical scale.
Run/Stop Key	Run/Stop	Press to Freeze (Stop) or continue (Run) signal acquisition. The run stop key is also used to run or stop Segmented Memory acquisition.
Single	Single	Sets the acquisition mode to single triggering mode.
Default Setup	Default	Resets the oscilloscope to the default settings.
Horizontal	The horizontal	controls are used to change the
Controls		cursor, set the time base settings,
	zoom into the v	waveforms and search for events.
Horizontal	POSITION >	The Position knob is used to
Position		position the waveforms
		horizontally on the display screen.
		Pressing the knob will reset the
		position to zero.
	PUSH TO ZERO	•
SCALE	SCALE	The Scale knob is used to change
<i>-</i>		the horizontal scale (TIME/DIV).
		(=)

Zoom	Zoom	Press Zoom in combination with the horizontal Position knob.
Play/Pause	▶/ II	The Play/Pause key allows you to view each search event in succession – to effectively "play" through each search event. It is also used to play through a
Search	Search	waveform in zoom mode. The Search key accesses the search function menu to set the search type, source and threshold. (Optional function)
Search Arrows	(+]	Use the arrow keys to navigate the search events. (Optional function)
Set/Clear	Set/Clear	Use the Set/Clear key to set or clear points of interest when using the search function. (Optional function)
Trigger Controls		trols are used to control the trigger
	level and option	
Level Knob	LEVEL	Used to set the trigger level. Pressing the knob will reset the level to zero.
Trigger Menu Key	Menu	Used to bring up the trigger menu.
50% Key	50 %	Sets the trigger level to the half way point (50%).
Force - Trig	Force-Trig	Press to force an immediate trigger of the waveform.
Vertical	POSITION	Sets the vertical position of the
POSITION		waveform. Push the knob to reset the vertical position to zero.
Channel Menu Key VOLTS/DIV Knob	PUSH TO ZERO CH1 VOLTS/DIV	Press the CH1~4 key to set and configure the channel. Sets the vertical scale of the channel (VOLTS/DIV).

External Trigger Input	EXT TRIG	Accepts external trigger signals (page 89). Only on 2 channel models. Input impedance: 1MΩ Voltage input: ±15V(peak), EXT trigger capacitance:16pF.
Math Key	MATH M	Use the Math key to set and configure math functions.
Reference Key	REF R	Press the Reference key to set or remove reference waveforms.
BUS Key	BUS	The Bus key is used for parallel and serial bus (UART, I ² C, SPI,
Channel Inputs	CH1	CAN, LIN) configuration. Accepts input signals. Input impedance: 1MΩ. Capacitance: 16pF CAT I 300V
USB Host Port	•	TypeA, 1.1/2.0 compatible. Used for USB memory.
Ground Terminal		Accepts the DUT ground lead for common ground.
Probe Compensation Outputs	2V Л	The probe compensation output is used for probe compensation. It also has an adjustable output frequency. By default this port outputs a 2Vpp, square wave signal at 1kHz
Power Switch	POWER	for probe compensation. Used to turn the power on/off. I: ON O: OFF

1-2-2. Rear Panel



Calibration Output



Outputs the signal for vertical scale accuracy calibration.

USB Device Port



The USB Device port is used for remote control.

LAN (Ethernet) Port



The LAN port is used for remote control over a network or when combined with the Remote Disk app, allows the scope to be mounted to a share disk.

The LAN port is only available for

the 4 channel models

Power Input Socket



Power cord socket accepts AC mains, 100 ~ 240V, 50/60Hz.

Security Slot

Kensington security slot compatible.

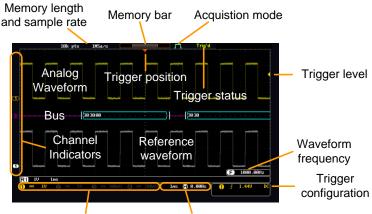
Go-No Go Output



Outputs Go-No Go test results as a 500us pulse signal.

OPEN COLLECTOR





Channel status Horizontal status

Analog Waveforms Shows the analog input signal waveforms. Channel 1: Yellow Channel 2: Blue

Channel 3: Pink Channel 4: Green Shows the bus waveforms for serial buses. The

Bus Waveforms

values are displayed in hex or binary.

Channel Indicators

The channel indicators show the zero volt level of the signal waveform for each activated channel. Any active channel is shown with a solid color.

3 Analog channel indicator

B Bus indicator(B)

Reference waveform indicator

Math indicator

Trigger Position Horizontal Status

Trigger Level Memory Bar Shows the position of the trigger.

Shows the horizontal scale and position.

Shows the trigger level on the graticule.

The ratio and the position of the displayed waveform compared to the internal memory

Trigger Status Trig'd Triggered. PrTrig Pre-trigger. Trig? Not triggered, display not updated. Trigger stopped. Also appears in Stop Run/Stop (page 21). Roll Roll mode. Auto Auto trigger mode. For trigger details, see page 89. Acquisition Normal mode Mode **___**_ Peak detect mode П Average mode For acquisition details, see page 46. Signal Shows the trigger source 1000.00Hz Frequency frequency. <2Hz (F) Indicates the frequency is less than 2Hz (lower frequency limit). Trigger source, slope, Trigger Configuration voltage, coupling. Horizontal 0.000sHorizontal scale, Status horizontal position.

For trigger details, see page 89.

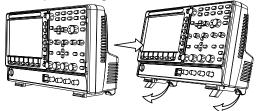
1-3. Set Up 1-3-1. Tilt Stand

Channel Status

Tilt

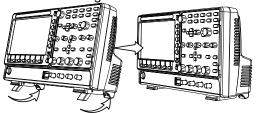
To tilt, pull the legs forward, as shown below.

Channel 1, DC coupling, 2V/Div.



Stand

To stand the scope upright, push the legs back under the casing as shown below.

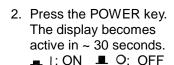


1-3-2. Power Up

Requirements The DCS-1000B accepts line voltages of 100 ~ 240V at 50 or 60Hz.

Step

1. Connect the power cord to the rear panel socket.







The DCS-1000B recovers the state right before the power is turned OFF. The default settings can be recovered by pressing the Default key on the front panel. For details, see page 141.

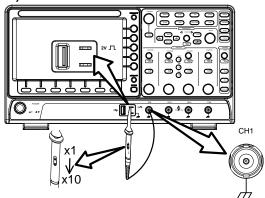
1-3-3. First Time Use

Background	This section describes how to connect a signal, adjust the scale, and compensate the probe. Before operating the DCS-1000B in a new environment, run these steps to make sure the instrument performs at its full potential.		
1. Power On	Follow the procedures on the previous page.		
2. Firmware	Update to the latest firmware.	Page 168	
3. Optional appliction	Add the Optional application, depending on the necessity.	Page 118	
4. Reset System	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

5. Connect Probe

Connect the probe to the Channel 1 input and to the CAL signal output. This output provides a 2Vpp, 1kHz square wave for signal compensation by default.

Set the probe attenuation to x10 if the probe has adjustable attenuation.



6. Capture Signal (Autoset)

Press the *Autoset* key. A square waveform appears on the center of the screen. For Autoset details, see

Autoset

page 20.



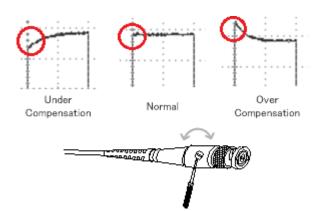
7. Select Vector Waveform

Press the *Display* key, and set the display to *Vector* on the bottom menu.



8. Compensate Probe

Turn the adjustment point on the probe to make the square waveform edge flat.



StartOperation

Continue with the other operations.

Measurement: page 19 Configuration: page 46 Save/Recall: page 130 File Utilities: page 147 Apps: page 118 Hardcopy key: page 152 Remote Control: page 155 Maintenance: page 163

1-3-4. How to Use This Manual

Background

This section describes the conventions used in this manual to operate the DCS-1000B.

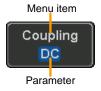
Throughout the manual any reference to pressing a menu key refers to the keys directly below or beside any menu icons or parameters.

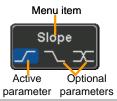
When the user manual says to "toggle" a value or parameter, press the corresponding menu item. Pressing the item will toggle the value or

Pressing the item will toggle the value o parameter.

Active parameters are highlighted for each menu item. For example in the example below, Coupling is currently set to DC.

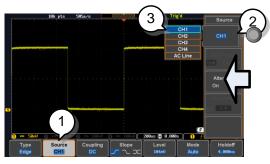
If a menu item can be toggled from one value or parameter to another, the available options will be visible, with the current option highlighted. In the example below the slope can be toggled from a rising slope to a falling slope or either slope.





Selecting a Menu Item, Parameter or Variable When the user manual says to "select" a value from one of the side menu parameters, first press the corresponding menu key and use the Variable knob to either scroll through a parameter list or to increase or decrease a variable.

Example 1



- 1. Press a bottom menu key to access the side menu.
- Press a side menu key to either set a parameter or to access a sub menu.
- If accessing a sub menu or setting a variable parameter, use the Variable knob to scroll through menu items or variables. Use the Select key to confirm and exit.



VARIABLE

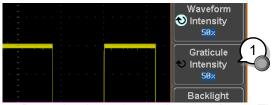


4. Press the same bottom menu key again to reduce the side menu.

Source CH1

Example 2

For some variables, a circular arrow icon indicates that the variable for that menu key can be edited with the Variable knob.

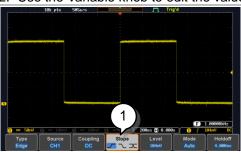


1. Press the desired menu key to select it. The circular arrow will become highlighted.



2. Use the Variable knob to edit the value.

Toggling a Menu Parameter



1. Press the bottom menu key to toggle the parameter.



Reduce Side Menu



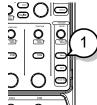
2. To reduce the side menu, press the corresponding bottom menu that brought up the side menu.

For example: Press the Source soft-key to reduce the Source menu.





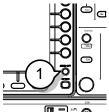
 Press the relevant function key again to reduce the bottom menu. For example: press the Trigger Menu key to reduce the trigger menu.



Remove All Menus

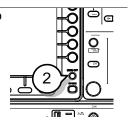


 Press the Menu Off key to reduce the side menu, press again to reduce the bottom menu.



Remove On-Screen Messages

2. The Menu Off key can also be used to remove any on screen messages.



1-4. Built-in Help

The Help key accesses a context sensitive help menu. The help menu contains information on how to use the front panel keys.

Panel Operation 1. Press the Help key. The display changes to Help mode.



2. Use the Variable knob to scroll up and down through the Help contents. Press Select to view the help on the selected item.

Example: Help on the Display key



Home Key	Press the <i>Home</i> key to return to the main help screen.	
Go Back	Press the <i>Back</i> key to go to the previous menu page.	
Exit	Press the <i>Help</i> key again or press the <i>Exit</i> key to exit the Help mode.	Help

2. MEASUREMENT

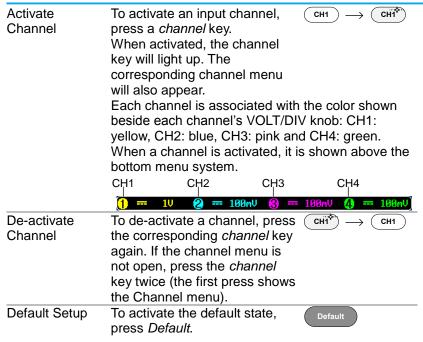
2-1. Basic Measurement

This section describes the basic operations required in capturing and viewing the input signal. For more detailed operations, see the following chapters.

- Cursor Measurement → from page 34
- Configuration → from page 46

Before operating the oscilloscope, please see the Getting Started chapter, page 4.

2-1-1. Channel Activation



2-1-2. Autoset

Background

The Autoset function automatically configures the panel settings to position the input signal(s) to the best viewing condition. The DCS-1000B automatically configures the following parameters:

- Horizontal scale
- · Vertical scale
- Trigger source channel

There are two operating modes for the Autoset function: Fit Screen Mode and AC Priority Mode. Fit Screen Mode will fit the waveform to the best scale, including any DC components (offset). AC priority mode will scale the waveform to the screen by removing any DC component.

Panel Operation

- Connect the input signal to the DCS-1000B and press the Autoset key.
- Autoset
- The waveform appears in the center of the display.





- 3. To undo Autoset, press *Undo Autoset* from the bottom menu.
- Undo Autoset

Change modes

- 4. Choose between *Fit Screen Mode* and *AC Priority Mode* from the bottom menu.
- Mode Fit Screen AC Priority
- 5. Press the *Autoset* key again to use Autoset in the new mode.







Limitation Autoset does not work in the following situations: Input signal frequency is less than 20Hz Input signal amplitude is less than 10mV The Autoset key does NOT automatically activate Note the channels to which input signals are connected. 2-1-3. Run/Stop By default, the waveform on the display is Background constantly updated (Run mode). Freezing the waveform by stopping signal acquisition (Stop mode) allows flexible observation and analysis. To enter Stop mode, two methods are available: pressing the Run/Stop key or using the Single Trigger mode. Stop mode icon When in Stop mode, the Stop icon appears at the top of the display. Trig'd Triggered icon Freeze Press the *Run/Stop* key once. Stop: Waveform using The Run/Stop key turns red. Run/Stop the Run/Stop The waveform and signal Key acquisition freezes. To unfreeze, press the Run: Run/Stop key again. The Run/Stop key turns green again. Press the Single key to go into Single Freeze Single Waveform by the Single Trigger mode. The Single Trigger Single key turns bright white. Mode In the Single Trigger mode, the scope will be put into the pretrigger mode until the scope encounters the next trigger point. After the scope has triggered, it will remain in Stop mode, until the Single key is pressed again or the Run/Stop key is pressed. Waveform The waveform can be moved or scaled in both Run and Stop mode, but in different manners. For Operation details, see page 63 (Horizontal position/scale) and page 69 (Vertical position/scale).

2-1-4. Horizontal Position/Scale

For more detailed configuration, see page 63.

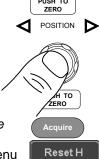
Set Horizontal Position

The horizontal position knob moves the waveform left and right.



Set Horizontal Position to 0

Pressing the horizontal position knob will reset the horizontal position to 0.



Alternatively, pressing the *Acquire* kev and then pressing Reset H Position to 0s from the bottom menu will also reset the horizontal position.



As the waveform moves, the display bar on the top of the display indicates the portion of the waveform currently shown on the display and the position of the horizontal marker on the waveform.



Position Indicator

The horizontal position is shown at the bottom of the display grid to the right of the H icon.



Select

To select the timebase, turn the Horizontal Scale horizontal SCALE knob; left (slow) or right (fast).



5ns/div ~ 100s/div, 1-2-5 increments Range The scale is displayed to the left of the H icon at the bottom of the screen.

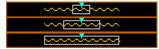


Display bar The display bar indicates how much

of the waveform is displayed on the screen at any given time. Changes to timebase will be reflected on the

display bar.

Fast Medium Slow



Stop mode

In the Stop mode, the waveform size changes according to the scale.





The Sample rate changes according to the timebase and record length. See page 49.

2-1-5. Vertical Position/Scale

For more detailed configuration, see page 69.

Set Vertical Position To move the waveform up or down, turn the *vertical position knob* for each channel.



7FR0

Push the *vertical position knob* to reset the position to 0. As the waveform moves, the vertical position of the cursor appears on the display.



Position = 1.84mV

Run/Stop mode

The waveform can be moved vertically in both Run and Stop mode.

Select Vertical Scale To change the vertical scale, turn the vertical VOLTS/DIV knob; left (down) or right (up).



Range

1mV/div ~ 10V/div 1-2-5 increments The vertical scale indicator for each channel on the bottom of the display changes accordingly.



2-2. Automatic Measurement

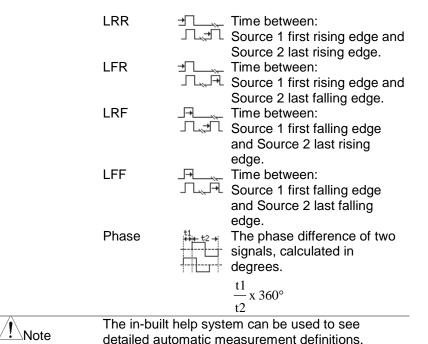
The automatic measurement function measures and updates major items for Voltage/Current, Time, and Delay type measurements.

2-2-1. Measurement Items

	V/I Meas	urements	Time Mea	as.	Delay Meas.	
Overview	Pk-Pk		Frequency	扫几	FRR +	
	Max		Period		FRF J	
	Min		RiseTime		FFR →nñ	
	Amplitude		FallTime		FFF F	
	High	ŢŢŢŢ	+Width	+ +	LRR +	
	Low	*/		→ <u></u>		
	Mean	1	-Width	₩_	LRF	
	Cycle Mean	± No	Dutycycle	<u>_</u>	LFR	
	RMS	ĪVV	+Pulses			
	Cycle RMS	Ì ⁴♥\∪	-Pulses		Phase ##+ t2 +	
	Area		+Edges	123 1		
	Cycle Area		Luges	1 2 1	:	
	ROVShoot		-Edges	1 2 n		
	FOVShoot	* /				
	RPREShoot	~~~\				
	FPREShoot					
Voltage/Current	Pk-Pk	<u>† </u>	Differe	nce bet	ween positive	
Measurement	(peak to	and negative peak.				
	peak)	(=max - min)				
	Max		Positiv	e peak.		
	Min	<u>_</u>	Negati	ve peak		

Amplitude		Difference between the global high value and the global low value, measured over the entire waveform or
High	TIT	gated region. (=high - low) Global high voltage. See
Low	֡֓֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	page 30 for details. Global low voltage. See page
Mean	f V	30 for details. The arithmetic mean value is calculated for all data samples as specified by the
Cycle Mean	ŧ₩\	Gating option. The arithmetic mean value is calculated for all data samples within the first cycle found in the gated region.
RMS		The root mean square of all data samples specified by
Cycle RMS	Ĭ₩V	the Gating option. The root mean square value is calculated for all data samples within the first cycle
Area	a _g a _g	found in the gated region. Measures the positive area of the waveform and subtracts it from the negative area. The ground level
Cycle Area	7 0	determines the division between positive and negative areas. The Summation based on all data samples within the first cycle found in the gated
ROVShoot	# 	region. Rise overshoot
FOVShoot		Fall overshoot
RPRE-	.¥	Rise preshoot
Shoot FPRE- Shoot	~~\ - - -	Fall preshoot

Time Measurement	Frequency	扣几	Frequency of the waveform.
Measurement	Period	ij	Waveform cycle time. (=1/Freq)
	RiseTime	£ →	The time required for the leading edge of the first pulse to rise from the low reference value to the high reference value.
	FallTime	++-	The time required for the falling edge of the first pulse to fall from the high reference value to the low reference value.
	+Width	Ţ	Positive pulse width.
	–Width	T	Negative pulse width.
	Duty Cycle		Ratio of signal pulse compared with whole cycle. =100x (Pulse Width/Cycle)
	+Pulses		Measures the number of positive pulses.
	-Pulses		Measures the number of negative pulses.
	+Edges		Measures the number of positive edges.
	-Edges		Measures the number of negative edges.
Delay Measurement	FRR	→ 1///	Time between: Source 1 first rising edge and Source 2 first rising edge.
	FRF	→ T	Time between:
	FFR	→ 1,,,	Time between: Source 1 first falling edge and Source 2 first rising edge.
	FFF	. ₱Ĺॣ	Time between: Source 1 first falling edge and Source 2 first falling edge.

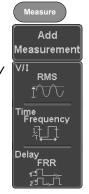


2-2-2. Add Measurement

The *Add Measurement* function allows you to add up to eight automatic measurement items on the bottom of the screen from any channel source.

Add Measurement Item

- 1. Press the Measure key.
- 2. Press *Add Measurement* from the bottom menu.
- Choose either a V/I, Time or Delay measurement from the side menu and choose the type of measurement you wish to add.



V/I Pk-Pk, Max, Min, Amplitude, High, (Voltage/ Low, Mean, Cycle Mean, RMS, Current) Cycle RMS, Area, Cycle Area,

ROVShoot, FOVShoot, RPREShoot, FPREShoot

Time Frequency, Period, RiseTime,

FallTime, +Width, -Width, Duty Cycle, +Pulses, -Pulses, +Edges, -

Edges

Delay FRR, FRF, FFR, FFF, LRR, LRF,

LFR. LFF. Phase

4. All of the chosen automatic measurements will be displayed in a window on the bottom of the screen. The channel number and channel color indicate the measurement source. For the analog inputs: yellow = CH1,

blue = CH2, pink = CH3, green = CH4.



Choose a Source

The channel source for measurement items can be set either before or when selecting a measurement item.

5. To set the source, press either the Source1 or Source2 key from the side menu and choose the source. Source 2 is only applicable for delay measurements.



CH1~ CH4, Math Range

2-2-3. Remove Measurement

Individual measurements can be removed at any time using the Remove Measurement function.

Remove Measurement Item

- 1. Press the Measure key.
- 2. Press Remove Measurement from the bottom menu.
- 3. Press Select Measurement and select the item that you want to remove from the measurement list.



Remove All

Press *Remove All* to remove all the measurement items.



2-2-4. Gated mode

Some automatic measurements can be limited to a "gated" area between cursors. Gating is useful for measuring a magnified waveform or when using a fast time base. The Gated mode has three possible configurations: Off (Full Record), Screen and Between Cursors.

Set Gating Mode 1. Press the Measure key.

- 2. Press *Gating* from the bottom menu.
- 3. Choose one of the gating modes from the side menu: Off (full record), Screen, Between Cursors.



Cursors On Screen If *Between Cursors* is selected, the cursor positions can be edited by using the cursor menu.

Page 34

2-2-5. Display All mode

Display All mode shows and updates all items from Voltage and Time type measurements.

View Measurement Results

- 1. Press the *Measure* key.
- 2. Press *Display All* from the bottom menu.
- Press Source from the side menu and choose a measurement source.

Range CH1~CH4, Math

4. The results of Voltage and Time type measurements appear on the display.





Remove Measurements To remove the measurement results, press *OFF*.

OFF

Delay Measurements Delay type measurements are not available in this mode as only one channel is used as the source. Use the individual measurement mode (page 27) instead.

2-2-6. High Low Function

Background

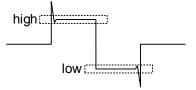
The High-Low function is used to select the method for determining the value of the High-Low measurement values.

Auto

Automatically chooses the best high-low setting for each waveform when measuring.

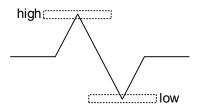
Histogram

Uses histograms to determine the high-low values. This mode ignores any preshoot and overshoot values. This mode is particularly useful for pulse-type waveforms



Min-max

Sets the high-low values as the minimum or maximum measured values.

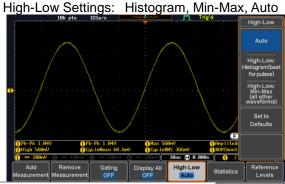


Set High-Low

- 1. Press the Measure key.
- 2. Press *High-Low* from the bottom menu.



Select the type of High-Low settings from the side menu.



Restore Default High-Low Settings To return to the default High-Low settings, press Set to Defaults.



2-2-7. Statistics

Background

The Statistics function can be used to view a number of statistics for the selected automatic measurements. The following information is displayed with the Statistics function:

Value

Currently measured value

Mean	The mean value is calculated from a number of automatic measurement results. The number
	of samples used to determine the mean can be user-defined.
Min	The minimum value observed from a series of measured results for the selected automatic measurement items.
Max	The maximum value observed from a series of measured results for the selected automatic measurement items.
Standard Deviation	The variance of the currently measured value from the mean. The standard deviation equals the squared root of the variance value. Measuring the standard deviation can, for example, determine the severity of jitter in a signal. The number of samples used to determine the standard deviation can be user-defined.

Panel Operation 1. Press the Measure key.

Measure Page 27

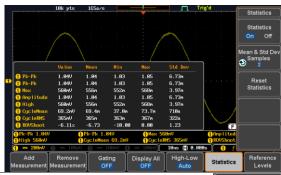
- 2. Select at least one automatic measurement.
- 3. Press Statistics from the bottom menu.
- 4. Set the number of samples to be used in the mean and standard deviation calculations. Samples: 2~1000
- 5. Press Statistics and turn Statistics on.



Off

Statistics

6. The statistics for each automatic measurement will appear at the bottom of the display in a table.



Reset Statistics

To reset the standard deviation calculations, press Reset Statistics.

Reset Statistics

2-2-8. Reference Levels

Background

The reference level settings determine the measurement threshold levels for some measurements like the Rise Time measurement.



High Ref: Sets the high reference level.

Mid Ref: Sets the middle reference for the first and second waveforms.



Low Ref: Sets the low reference level.

- Panel Operation 1. Press the Measure key.
 - Press Reference Levels from the bottom menu.

Reference Levels

Measure

Set the reference levels from the side menu. Ensure the reference levels do not cross over. 0.0% ~ 100% High Ref

Mid Ref(1) 0.0% ~ 100% Mid Ref(2) 0.0% ~ 100% 0.0% ~ 100% Low Ref

Default Settings 4. Press Set to Defaults to set the reference levels back to the default settings.

Set to Defaults

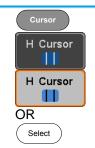
2-3. Cursor Measurement

Horizontal or vertical cursors are used to show the position and values of waveform measurements and math operation results. These results cover voltage, time, frequency and other math operations. When the cursors (horizontal, vertical or both) are activated, they will be shown on the main display unless turned off.

2-3-1. Use Horizontal Cursors

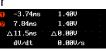
Panel Operation 1. Press the *Cursor* key once.

- 2. Press *H Cursor* from the bottom menu if it is not already selected.
- When the H Cursor is selected, repeatedly pressing the H Cursor key or the Select key will toggle which cursor is selected.



Range Description
Left cursor (1) movable, right
cursor position fixed
Right cursor (2) movable, left
cursor position fixed
Left and right cursor (1+2)
movable together

The cursor position information appears on the top left hand side of the screen



5. Use the *Variable* knob to move the movable cursor(s) left or right.



Select Units

6. To change the units of the horizontal position, press *H Unit*.



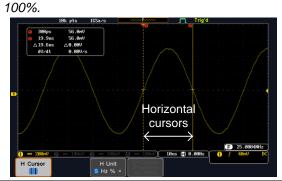
Units S, Hz, % (ratio), °(phase)

Phase or Ratio Reference

 To set the 0% and 100% ratio or the 0° and 360° phase references for the current cursor positions, press Set Cursor Positions As



Example



FFT

FFT cursors can use different units. For FFT details, see page 41.

□ 01.0175GHz 21.2dB ○ 22.2700GHz -51.4dB △1.2525GHz △72.6dB

Cursor 2

Hor. position, dB/Voltage Hor. Position, dB/Voltage

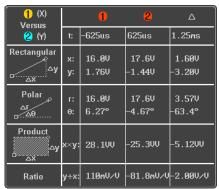
 \triangle Delta (difference between cursors) dV/dt or d/dt

Example



XY Mode

XY mode cursors measure a number of X by Y measurements.



Cursor Time, rectangular, polar coordinates, product, ratio.

Cursor **2** Time, rectangular, polar coordinates, product, ratio.

Delta (difference between cursors)
Horizontal

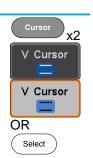


2-3-2. Use Vertical Cursors

Example

Panel Operation/ 1. Press the *Cursor* key twice. Range

- 2. Press *V Cursor* from the bottom menu if it is not already selected.
- When the V Cursor is selected, repeatedly pressing the V Cursor key or the Select key will toggle which vertical cursor is selected.



Range

Upper cursor movable, lower cursor position fixed

Lower cursor movable, upper

cursor position fixed

Upper and lower cursor movable together

4. The cursor position information appears on the top left hand side of the

25.100MHz 1-7.20dB 50.100MHz 2-62.0dB \$\triangle 25.000MHz \triangle 54.8dB

screen. \square

Time: cursor 1, cursor 2

Voltage/Current: cursor1, cursor2 0.2 Delta (difference between cursors)

Base (source wave units), %

dV/dt or dI/dt

5. Use the Variable knob to move the cursor(s) up or down.

VARIABLE

Select Units

6. To change the units of the vertical position, press V Unit.



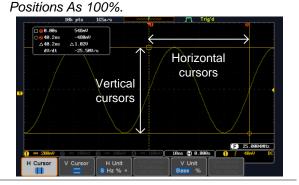
Base or Ratio

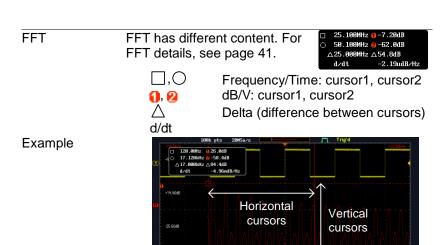
Units (ratio) 7. To set the 0% and 100% ratio references for the current cursor position, press Set Cursor

Set Cursor Positions As 100%

Example

Reference



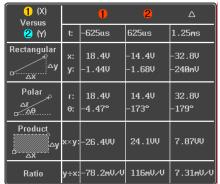


XY Mode

XY mode cursors measure a number of X by Y measurements.

F 1.88882kHz

V Unit



Cursor • Rectangular, polar co-ordinates, product, ratio.

Cursor Rectangular, polar co-ordinates, product, ratio.

 \triangle Delta (difference between cursors)

Example



2-4. Math Operation

2-4-1. Basic Math Overview & Operators

Background	The Math function performs basic math functions (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division) on the input signals or the reference waveforms. The resultant waveform will be shown on the screen in real-time.		
Addition (+)	Adds the ampli	tude of two signals.	
	Source	CH1~4, Ref1~4	
Subtraction (–)	Extracts the amplitude difference between two		
	signals.		
	Source	CH1~4, Ref1~4	
Multiplication (x)	Multiplies the amplitude of two signals.		
	Source	CH1~4, Ref1~4	
Division (÷)	Divides the amplitude of two signals.		
	Source	CH1~4, Ref1~4	
2-4-1-1. Addition/Subtraction/Multiplication/Division			

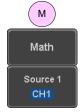
Panel Operation 1. Press the Math key.

- 2. Press the *Math* key on the lower bezel.
- 3. Select Source 1 from the side menu

Range CH1~4, Ref1~4

4. Press *Operator* to choose the math operation.

Range +, -, x, ÷



MATH



5. Select *Source* 2 from the side menu.



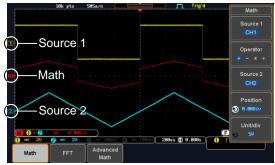
Range CH1~4, Ref1~4

6. The math measurement result appears on the display. The vertical scale of the math waveform appears at the bottom of the screen.



From left: Math function, source1, operator, source2, Unit/div

Example



Position and Unit

To move the math waveform vertically, press the *Position* key from the side menu and use the *Variable* knob to set the position.



Range –12.00 Div ~ +12.00 Div

To change the unit/div settings, press *Unit/div*, then use the *Variable* knob to change the unit/div.



The units that are displayed depend on which operator has been selected, and whether the probe for the selected channel has been set to voltage or current.

Operator:	Unit/div:
Multiplication	VV, AA or W
Division	V/V, A/A
Addition/Subtraction	V or A

Turn Off Math

To turn off the Math result from the display, press the *Math* key again.



2-4-2. FFT Overview & Window Functions

_ 1 _ 1 1 1 0 10	Trion a trinadir i and	20010	
Background	The FFT Math function performs a Fast Fourier Transform on one of the input signals or the reference waveforms. The resultant spectrum will be shown on the screen in real-time. Four types of FFT windows are available: Hanning, Hamming, Rectangular, and Blackman, as described below.		
Hanning FFT	Frequency resolution	·	
Window	Amplitude resolution	Not good	
	Suitable for	Frequency measurement on	
		periodic waveforms	
Hamming FFT	Frequency resolution	Good	
Window	Amplitude resolution	Not good	
	Suitable for	Frequency measurement on	
		periodic waveforms	
•	Frequency resolution	Very good	
Window	Amplitude resolution	Bad	
	Suitable for	Single-shot phenomenon	
		(this mode is the same as	
		having no window at all)	
Blackman FFT	Frequency resolution	Bad	
Window	Amplitude resolution	Very good	
	Suitable for	Amplitude measurement on	
		periodic waveforms	

2-4-2-1. FFT Operation

Panel Operation 1. Press the Math key.



- 2. Press FFT from the bottom menu.
- 3. Select the *Source* from the side menu.

Range CH1~4, Ref~4

4. Press the *Vertical Units* key from the side menu to select the vertical units used.

Vertical Units

Source 1

Range Linear RMS, dBV RMS

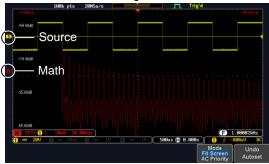
5. Press the *Window* key from the side menu and select the window type.



Range Han

Hanning, Hamming, Rectangular, and Blackman.

6. The FFT result appears. For FFT, the horizontal scale changes from time to frequency, and the vertical scale from voltage/current to dB/RMS.



Position and Scale

To move the FFT waveform vertically, press *Vertical* until the *Div* parameter is highlighted and then use the Variable knob.



Range

-12.00 Div ~ +12.00 Div

To select the vertical scale of the FFT waveform, press *Vertical* until the *dB* or *voltage* parameters are highlighted and then use the Variable knob.



Range

2mV~1kV RMS, 1~20 dB



To move the FFT waveform horizontally, press *Horizontal* until the *Frequency* parameter is highlighted and then use the Variable knob.



Range 0Hz ~ 2.5MHz
To select the horizontal scale of the FFT waveform, press *Horizontal* repeatedly until the *Hz/div* parameter is highlighted and then use the Variable knob.



Range

10kHz/Div ~ 250kHz/Div

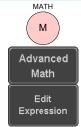
2-4-3. Advanced Math Overview

2- 1 -3. Advance	ed Math Overvie	• • •	
Background	The advanced math function allows complex math expressions to be created based on the input sources, reference waveforms or even the automatic measurements available from the <i>Measure</i> menu (see page 24). An overview of each of the major parameters that can be used in the advanced math function are shown below:		
Expression	Displays the fu	nction expression as it is created.	
Source	Selects the sou	urce signal. CH1~4, Ref1~4	
Function	Adds a mather Function	natical function to the expression. Intg, Diff, log, Ln, Exp, Sqrt, Abs, Rad, Deg, Sin, Cos, Tan, Asin, Acos, Atan	
Variable	Adds a user-sp Source	pecified variable to the expression. CH1~4, Ref1~4	
Operator	Adds an opera expression. Operator	tor or parenthesis to the function +, -, *, /, (,), !(, <, >, <=, >=, ==, !=, , &&	
Figure	Adds a value to Figure	the expression. Integers, floating point, or floating point with exponent values.	
Measurement	Adds automatic measurements to the expression. Not all automatic measurements are supported. Measurement Pk-Pk, Max, Min, Amp, High, Low, Mean, CycleMean, RMS, CycleRMS, Area, CycleArea, ROVShoot, FOVShoot, Freq, Period, Rise, Fall, PosWidth, NegWidth, Dutycycle, FRR, FRF, FFR, FFF, LRR, LRF, LFF, Phase, RPRFShoot, FPREShoot, +Pulses, -Pulses, +Edges, -Edges		

2-4-4. Advanced Math Operation

Panel Operation 1. Press the *Math* key.

- 2. Press Advanced Math from the bottom menu.
- 3. Press Edit Expression.



4. The Edit f(x) screen appears. CH1 + CH2 is shown in the expression box as an example at startup.



- 5. Press *Clear* to clear the expression entry area.
- 6. Use the *Variable* knob and *Select* key to create an expression. Use the Variable knob to highlight a source, function, variable, operator, figure or measurement in orange.

Press the Select key to make the selection.

If a particular parameter is grayed out, it indicates that that particular parameter is not available at that

- time. 1. To delete the last parameter press
- 2. When the expression is complete, press OK Accept.



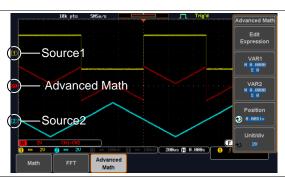
Clear

Back Space

Back Space oĸ Accept

Back Space.

Example: CH1 + CH2



Set the VAR1 & VAR2

- 1. Press VAR1 or VAR2 to set VAR1/VAR2 if they were used in the expression created previously.
- 2. Press Mantissa. Use the Left and Right arrow keys to select a digit and use the variable knob to set the value of the selected digit.
- 3. Press Exponent. Use the Variable knob to set the exponent of the variable.
- 4. Press Go Back to finish editing VAR1 or VAR2.



VAR1

0.0000 E 0

and Scale

- Vertical Position 1. Press *Unit/div* and use the Variable knob to set the vertical scale of the math waveform.
 - 2. Press Position and use the Variable knob to set the vertical position of the math waveform on the display.



Unit/div

2V

Clear Advanced Math

To clear the advanced math result from the display, press the Math key again.



3. CONFIGURATION

3-1. Acquisition

The Acquisition process samples the analog input signals and converts them into digital format for internal processing.

3-1-1. Select Acquisition Mode

Background		The acquisition mode determines how the samples are used to reconstruct a waveform.	
	Sample	This is the default acquisition	
	-	mode. Every sample from each	
		acquisition is used.	
	Peak detect	Only the minimum and maximum	
		value pairs for each acquisition	
		interval (bucket) are used. This	
		mode is useful for catching	
		abnormal glitches in the signal.	
	Average	Multiple acquired data is	
		averaged. This mode is useful for	
		drawing a noise-free waveform. To	
		select the average number, use	
		the Variable knob.	
		Average number: 2, 4, 8, 16, 32,	
		64, 128, 256	

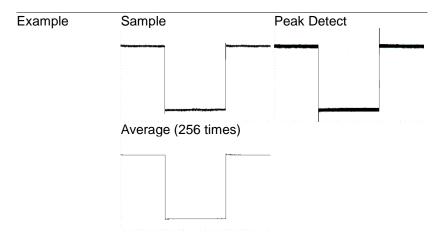
Panel Operation 1. Press the Acquire key.

2. To set the Acquisition mode, press *Mode* on the bottom menu.

- 3. Select an acquisition mode from the side menu.
- 4. If *Average* was chosen, set the number of samples to be used for the average function.

Mode Sample, Peak
Detect, Average
Average 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64,
sample 128, 256





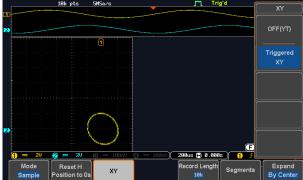
3-1-2. Show Waveform in XY Mode The XY mode maps the input of channel 1 to the Background input of channel 2. In 4 channel models, the input of channel 3 can be mapped to the input of channel 4. This mode is useful for observing the phase relationship between waveforms. Connection Connect the signals to Channel 1 (X-axis) and Channel 2 (Y-axis) or Channel 3 (X2-axis) and X2 Y2 Channel 4 (Y2-axis). 2. Make sure a channel pair is CH1 active (CH1&CH2 or CH3&CH4). Press the Channel key if necessary. A channel is active if the channel key is lit. Panel Operation 3. Press the Acquire menu key. 4. Press XY from the bottom menu. XY

5. Choose *Triggered XY* from the side menu.

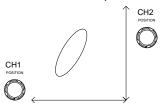


X-Y mode is split into two windows. The top window shows the signals over the full time range.

The bottom window shows XY mode.



To move the X Y waveform position, use the vertical position knob: Channel 1 knob moves the X Y waveform horizontally, Channel 2 knob moves the X Y waveform vertically. Similarly, the X2 and Y2 axis can be positioned using the channel 3 and channel 4 vertical position knobs.



The horizontal position knob and horizontal Scale knob can still be used under the XY mode.

	Kilob dali dali bo adda diladi tilo 701 illo	ao.
Turn Off XY	To turn off XY mode, choose OFF (YT)	
Mode	mode.	OFF(YT)
Cursors and XY	Cursors can be used with XY mode.	Page 33

See the Cursor chapter for details.

Mode

3-1-3. Set the Record Length

Background

The number of samples that can be stored is set by the record length. Record length is important in an oscilloscope as it allows longer waveforms to be recorded.

The maximum record length for the DCS-1000B depends on operating mode. The table below describes the record lengths that are available for each mode.

Limitations

Record Length	Normal	Zoom	FFT	FFT in Zoom Window
1k	1	X	1	Х
10k	1	1	1	1
100k	1	1	1	1
1M	1	1	1	Х
10M	1	1	X	X

Panel Operation 1. Press the *Acquire* key.

Acquire

2. Press the *Record Length* key on the bottom menu and choose the record length.

Record Length 10k

Record length 1000, 10k, 100k, 1M, 10M points



The sampling rate may also be changed when the record length is changed.

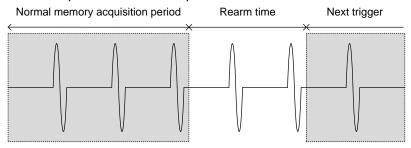
3-2. Segmented Memory Acquisition (Option)

The advanced segmented memory utility allows the scope memory to be divided into different segments. Each time the scope is triggered, it only acquires data for one segment of memory at a time. This allows you to optimize the scope memory to only perform signal acquisition during important signal events.

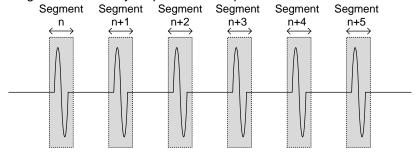
For example, for a signal with a number of pulses, normally the oscilloscope will acquire the signal until the acquisition memory of the scope is filled up and then it will re-arm the trigger and then capture again. This could result in a number of events not being captured or captured at a less-than-desired resolution (depending on the horizontal scale and sampling rate). However, the segmented memory function would effectively allow you to capture more of the

signal than you would otherwise. The diagrams below illustrate this point.

Normal acquisition mode example:



Segmented memory acquisition example:



As shown above, the memory is divided into segments to increase the number of events that can be effectively captured with the same acquisition memory. Also notice that the scope doesn't need to rearm the trigger between each segment, this makes the segmented memory function especially useful for high speed signals. The time between each segment is also recorded so that accurate signal timing can also be measured.

The segmented memory function also supports automatic measurements for each segment or statistics for all the captured segments.

3-2-1. Segments Display



Progress Indicator

Segments: 10/10



Indicates the number of segments that have to been captured relative to the set number of segments.

Run/Stop Indicator

- Stop: The segments have finished acquiring or have been stopped.
- Run: The scope is ready to acquire segments.

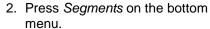
3-2-2. Set the Number of Segments

Note

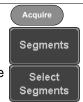
Before the Segment function can be used, set the trigger settings as appropriate for the signal you wish to use. The number of segments that can be used depends wholly on the record length. See page 49 to set the record length.

Record length	Number of segments
1000 pt.	1 ~ 29000
10k pt.	1 ~ 2900
100k pt.	1 ~ 290
1M pt.	1 ~ 20
10M pt.	1 ~ 2

Panel Operation 1. Press the Acquire key.



3. Press Select Segments and set the number of segments from the side menu.



Num of Seg 1~29000 (record length

dependant)

Set to Maximum Sets to the maximum number

Set to Minimum Sets to 1 segment

Note

The Select Segments icon is only available when when Segments = OFF or when Segments is in the STOP mode (see the section below).

3-2-3. Run Segmented Memory

Background

Before the Segmented Memory function can be used, set the trigger settings as appropriate for the signal you wish to use. See page 89 for configuring the trigger settings.

Run Segments

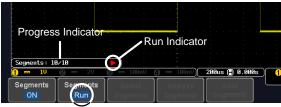
1. Toggle Segments On from the bottom menu.



2. Toggle Segments Run from the bottom menu.



- 3. The scope will automatically start acquiring segments. The progress of the segmented memory capture is shown in the Progress Indicator.
- The Run Indicator will be shown when in the Run mode and the Segments icon will also indicate that the function is in run mode.



Segment (Run)icon

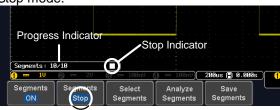
5. When the scope has finished acquiring segments, press Segments Run to toggle the mode to the Segments Stop mode.



Alternatively, the *Run/Stop* key can be pressed.

Run/Stop

The Stop Indicator will be shown when in the Stop mode.



Segment (Stop)icon

The scope is now ready to navigate or analyze the acquired segments.

Rerun Segmented Acquisition

7. To rerun the segments, press the Segments Stop key to toggle the mode back to the Segments Run mode.



Alternatively, press the *Run/Stop* key again.

Run/Stop

Repeat steps 3 and 4 in the section above when the segmented acquisition has completed.

3-2-4. Navigate Segmented Memory

Background

After the segmented memory acquisitions have been captured you can navigate through each segment one at a time.

Operation

- Press Select Segments from the bottom menu. This key will be available in the Stop mode.
- To navigate to the segment of interest, press Current Seg from the side menu and use the Variable knob to scroll to the segment of interest.

Select Segments



Alternatively, the *Set to Minimum* and *Set to Maximum* keys can be used to jump to the first and last segment respectively.

3. The position in time of the selected segment relative to the time of the first segment is shown in the Segments Time key.



3-2-5. Play Thr	ough Each Segment
Background	When all the segments have been acquired, the play/pause key can be used to play back through each segment.
Operation	 Make sure the scope is in Segments Stop mode. See page 52 for details. Press the Play/Pause key to run through the acquired segments in numerical order. Press the Play/Pause key again to pause the playback. When the scope has played through to the last segment, pressing the Play/Pause key again will play through each segment again in reverse order.

3-2-6. Segment Measurement

Background	The Segmented memory function can be used in conjunction with the automatic measurements in the Measurement menu.	
Modes	Segments Measure	This function will either perform statistics calculations on the segments or tabulate a list of the measurement results.
	Segments Info	Provides configuration information common for all the acquired memory segments.

3-2-7. Automatic Measurement

o z 11 7 tatomatio mododiomont	
Background	The Segments Measure function allows you to view automatic measurements for the segments in
	statistical bins or as a list displaying the result of
	each automatic measurement.

Statistics

This function will bin the measurement results of a single automatic measurement into a user-defined number of bins. This allows you to easily view statistics for a large number of segments. For example, the statistics function will display the number of results for each bin and the measurement range of each bin for the selected automatic measurement

List

Measurement Puts all the measurement results for a segment in a list. All the currently selected automatic measurement results are listed. A maximum of 8 automatic measurements can be used with this function.

Note

To use automatic measurements with the segmented memory, automatic measurements must first be selected from the Measure menu before the segmented memory function is run.

Setup

Press the *Measure* key and select any single source measurement from the Add Measurement menu.

Measure

See page 27 for details on how to add automatic measurements.

Operation

 Press Analyze Segments from the Segments menu.

Analyze Segments

> Segments Measure

Note: This key will only be available in the Stop mode.

- 2. Press Segments Measure.
- Select either the statistics or the measurement list from the side menu.



4. The statics table or measurement list appears on the display.

Note that the more segments that you have, the longer it will take to calculate the statics or list the measurement results.

> **FPREShoot** RPREShoot

5. For statistic measurements, press Plot Source to choose which use for the statistics calculations. The statistics for only one automatic measurement can be

automatic measurement to viewed at a time.

Source CH1

Plot Source

6. For the measurement list, press Source and select the source channel for measurement. Range CH1 ~ CH4

Statistics Results

This function will bin the measurement results of the selected automatic measurement into a userdefined number of bins.

Setup

 To select the number of bins for the statistics, press Divided by and select the number of bins with the Variable knob.

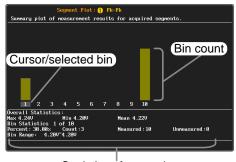


Range 1~20 bins

Press Select and use the Variable knob to view the measurement results for each bin.



Example: Statistics



Statistics of currently selected bin

Measurement List

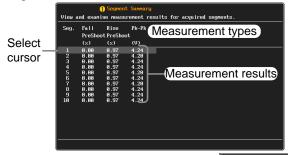
Puts all the measurement results for a segment in a list.

Setup

 Press Select and use the variable knob to scroll through each segment.



Example: Measurement List



Save

1. Press Save Meas. to File to save all measurement data to CSV file.

Save Meas. to File

3-2-8. Segment Info

Operation

1. Press *Analyze Segments* from the bottom menu.

Analyze Segments

Note: This key will only be available in the Stop mode.

2. Press Segments Info.



3. A table showing all general setting information for the segmented memory acquisitions is shown on the display.

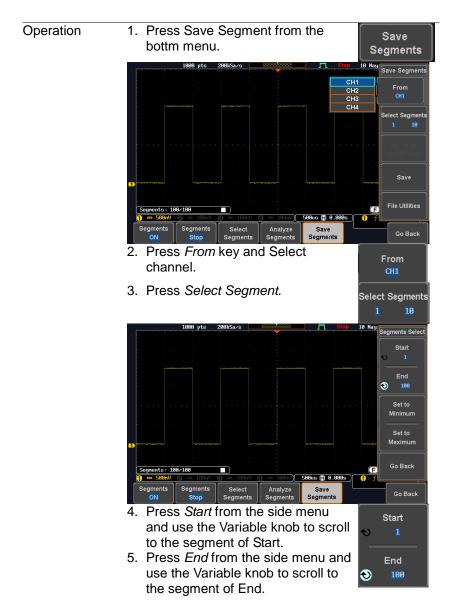
Info: Sample rate, Record length, Horizontal, Vertical



3-2-9. Save Segment

Background

Segments waveform data can be saved in CSV format by specifying a section.



- 6. Press Go Back to return to the previous menu.
- 7. Press Save to save the file.



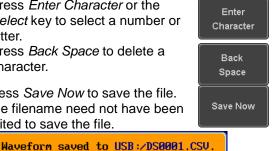
8. To edit the filename, use the Variable knob to highlight a character.



Press Enter Character or the Select key to select a number or letter.

Press Back Space to delete a character.

9. Press Save Now to save the file. The filename need not have been edited to save the file.



10. There are two types of waveform data, Fast CSV format and Detail CSV format. Please switch as necessary. (See 5-3-3.) If LSF format is selected, it is saved with Detail CSV format.

3-3. Display

The Display menu defines how the waveforms and parameters appear on the main LCD display.

3-3-1. Display Waveform as Dots or Vectors

Background When the waveform is displayed on the screen, it can be displayed as dots or vectors.

Panel Operation 1. Press the *Display* menu key.

2. Press *Dot / Vector* to toggle between Dot and Vector mode.



Range Dots Only the sampled dots are displayed. Vectors Both the sampled dots and the connecting line are displayed.

Example:





3-3-2. Set the Level of Persistence

Background

The persistence function allows the DCS-1000B to mimic the trace of a traditional analog oscilloscope. A waveform trace can be configured to "persist" for a designated amount of time.

- Panel Operation 1. Press the *Display* menu key.
 - 2. To set the persistence time, press the *Persistence* menu button on the bottom bezel.
- Persistence 240ms

Display

3. Use the Variable knob to select a persistence time.

Time 240ms

Time

16ms, 30ms, 60ms, 120ms, 240ms, 0.5s, 1s, 2s,~4s, Infinite, Off

Clear

To clear persistence, press Clear Persistence.

Clear Persistence

3-3-3. Set the Intensity Level		
Background	The intensity level of a signal can also be set to mimic the intensity of an analog oscilloscope by setting the digital intensity level.	
Panel Operation	1. Press the <i>Display</i> menu key.	
	2. Press <i>Intensity</i> from the bottom menu. Intensity	
Waveform Intensity	3. To set the waveform intensity, press <i>Waveform Intensity</i> and edit the intensity. Range 0~100%	
Graticule Intensity	4. To set the graticule intensity, press <i>Graticule Intensity</i> from the side menu and edit the intensity value.	
Example	Range 10~100% Graticule Intensity 10% Graticule Intensity 100%	

61

2~100%

the intensity value.

Range

To set the LCD backlight intensity, press Backlight Intensity from the side menu and edit

Backlight

Intensity

Backlight Auto-Dim

6. To automatically dim the backlight after a set duration, set Backlight Auto-Dim to On and then set *Time* to the appropriate time.

After the set amount of time with no panel activity, the screen will dim until a panel key is pressed again. This function will prolong the life of the LCD display.

1~180 min Range

3-3-4. Select Display Graticule

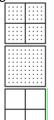
Panel Operation 1. Press the Display menu key.



2. Press Graticule from the bottom menu.



3. From the side menu choose the graticule display type.



Full: Shows the full grid: X and Y axis for each division.

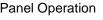
Grid: Show the full grid without the X and Y axis.

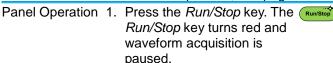
Cross Hair: Shows only the center X and Y frame.

Frame: Shows only the outer frame.

3-3-5. Freeze the Waveform (Run/Stop)

For more details about Run/Stop mode, see page 21.





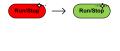




2. The waveform and the trigger freezes. The trigger indicator on the top right of the display shows Stop.

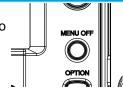


3. To unfreeze the waveform, press the Run/Stop key again. The Run/Stop key turns green again and acquisition resumes.



3-3-6. Turn Off Menu

Panel Operation 4. Press the Menu Off key below the side menu keys to reduce a menu. The menu key needs to be pressed each time to reduce one menu.



See page 14 for more information.

3-4. Horizontal View

This section describes how to set the horizontal scale, position, and waveform display mode.

3-4-1. Move Waveform Position Horizontally

Panel Operation The horizontal position knob moves the waveform left/right.

> As the waveform moves, a position indicator on the on the top of the display indicates the horizontal





Reset Horizontal 1. To reset the horizontal position, Position

press the Acquire key and then press Reset H Position to 0s from the bottom menu. Alternatively, pushing the horizontal position knob will also reset the position to zero.



Run Mode

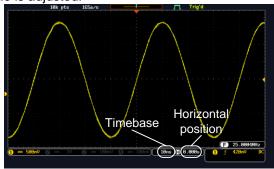
In Run mode, the memory bar keeps its relative position in the memory since the entire memory is continuously captured and updated.

3-4-2. Select Horizontal Scale

Select To select the timebase (time/div), turn Horizontal Scale the horizontal Scale knob; left (slow) or right (fast).



5ns/div ~ 100s/div, 1-2-5 increment Range The timebase indicator updates as the horizontal scale is adjusted.



Run Mode

In Run mode, the memory bar and waveform size keep their proportion. When the timebase becomes slower, roll mode is activated (if the trigger is set to Auto).

Stop Mode

In Stop mode, the waveform size changes according to the scale.



3-4-3. Select reference point of the horizontal expansion

Background

Tthe ability to change the center point of the horizontal expansion.

Panel Operation 1. press the Acquire key

Acquire

2. Press the Expand key and choose By Center or By Trigger Pos.



3-4-4 Select Waveform Undate Mode

3-4-4. Select	waveloriii opuale wode	
Background	The display update mode is switched automatically or manually according to the timebase and trigger.	
Normal	Updates the whole displayed waveform at once. Automatically selected when the timebase (sampling rate) is fast. Timebase ≤50ms/div Trigger all modes	
Roll Mode	Updates and moves the waveform gradually from the right side of the display to the left. Automatically selected when the timebase (sampling rate) is slow. Timebase ≥100ms/div Trigger all modes Roll mode	
Salact Pall	1 Press the Trigger Menukey	

Select Roll Mode Manually Press the Trigger Menu key.

Menu

2. Press Mode from the bottom menu and select Auto (Untriggered Roll) from the side menu.



3-4-5. Zoom Waveform Horizontally

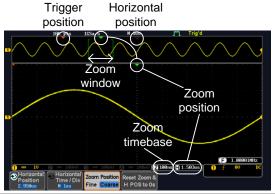
Background

When in Zoom mode, the screen is split into 2 sections. The top of the display shows the full record length, while the bottom of the screen shows the normal view.

Panel Operation 1. Press the Zoom key.

Zoom

2. The Zoom mode screen appears.



Horizontal Navigation

To scroll the waveform left or right, press *Horizontal Position* and use the *Variable Position* knob.

The horizontal position will be shown on the *Horizontal Position* icon.



VARIABLE



Horizontal Scale To change the horizontal scale, press

Horizontal Time/Div and use the Variable Position knob.

The scale will be shown on the *Horizontal Time/Div* icon.



VARIABLE



Zoom

To increase the zoom range, use the horizontal *Scale* knob.

The zoom time base (Z) at the bottom of the screen will change accordingly.





Move the Zoom Window

Use the *Horizontal Position* knob to pan the zoom window horizontally. To reset the zoom position, press the *Horizontal Position* knob.



The position of the zoom window, relative to the horizontal position is shown at the bottom of the screen next to the Zoom timebase.



Scroll Sensitivity To alter the scrolling sensitivity of the

zoom window, press the *Zoom Position* key to toggle the scrolling sensitivity.



Sensitivity Fine, Coarse

Reset the Zoom & Horizontal Position

To reset both the zoom and horizontal position, press *Reset Zoom & H POS to 0s.*



Exit

To go back to the original view, press the *Zoom* key again.



3-4-6. Play/Pause

Background

The Play/Pause key can be used to play through signals in the Zoom mode.

Note

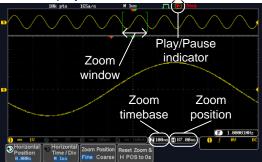
If the Segmented memory function is turned on, pressing the play pause key will play through memory segments. See page 54 for information.

Panel Operation

1. Press the *Play/Pause* menu key. ►/II

The scope will go into the Zoom Play mode and begin to scroll through the acquisition (from left to right).

The full-record length waveform will be shown at the top and the zoomed section will be shown at the bottom. The Play/Pause indicator shows the play status.



Zoom

To increase the zoom range, use the horizontal *Scale* knob.

The zoom time base (Z) at the bottom of the screen will change accordingly.





Scroll Speed

To alter the scrolling speed of the zoom window, press the *Zoom Position* key to toggle the scrolling speed.



Sensitivity Fine, Coarse Alternatively, use the horizontal position knob to control the scroll speed.

 Turning the Horizontal knob determines the speed and direction of the scrolling.



Reset the Zoom To reset both the zoom position and Position horizontal position, press Reset Zoom & H POS to 0s.



Pause	Press the <i>Play/Pause</i> key to pause or resume playing the waveform.	/ /II
Reverse Direction	Press the <i>Play/Pause</i> key when at the end of the record length to play back through the waveform in reverse.	▶/ II
Exit	To exit, press the Zoom key.	Zoom

3-5. Vertical View (Channel)

This section describes how to set the vertical scale, position, and coupling mode.

3-5-1. Move Waveform Position Vertically

Panel Operation 1. To move the waveform up or down, turn the *vertical position* knob for each channel.



As the waveform moves, the vertical position of the cursor appears at the bottom half of the display.

Position = 0.00V

View or Set the Vertical Position

- Press a channel key. The vertical position is shown in the
 ⁴Position / ⁴ £Set to 0 soft key.



CH1





Run/Stop Mode The waveform can be moved vertically in both Run and Stop mode.

3-5-2. Select Vertical Scale

Panel Operation To change the vertical scale, turn the VOLT/DIV knob; left (down) or right

(up).



The vertical scale indicator on the bottom left of the display changes accordingly for the specific channel.



Range 1mV/div ~ 10V/div. 1-2-5 increments

Stop Mode

In Stop mode, the vertical scale setting can be changed.

3-5-3. Select Coupling Mode

Panel Operation 1. Press a channel key.

CH1

2. Press Coupling repeatedly to toggle the coupling mode for the chosen channel.

Coupling DC AC GND

Range



DC coupling mode. The whole portion (AC and DC) of the signal DC AC GND appears on the display.

AC coupling mode. Only the AC portion of the signal appears on the display. This mode is useful for observing AC waveforms mixed with DC signals.

Coupling

Ground coupling mode. The display shows only the zero voltage level as DC AC GND a horizontal line.

Example

Observing the AC portion of the waveform using AC coupling





3-5-4. Input Impedance

Background

The input impedance of the DCS-1000B is fixed at $1M\Omega$. The impedance is displayed in the channel menu.

View Impedance 1. Press the *Channel* key.

CH1

2. The impedance is displayed in the bottom menu.

Impedance 1ΜΩ

3-5-5. Invert Waveform Vertically

Panel Operation 1. Press the Channel key.

CH1

2. Press *Invert* to toggle Invert On or Off.

Invert On Off

3-5-6. Limit Bandwidth

Background

Bandwidth limitation puts the input signal into a selected bandwidth filter.

This function is useful for cutting out high frequency noise to see a clear waveform shape. The bandwidth filters available are dependent on the bandwidth of the oscilloscope model.

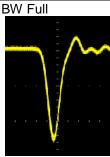
Panel Operation 1. Press the Channel key.

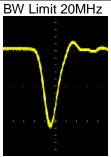
CH1

- 2. Press Bandwidth from the bottom menu
- Bandwidth Full
- Choose a bandwidth* from the side menu. *Depending on the bandwidth of the oscilloscope.

Range 70MHz models: Full, 20MHz 100MHz models: Full, 20MHz

Example





3-5-7. Expand by Ground/Center

Background

When the voltage scale is changed, the Expand function designates whether the signal expands from the center of the screen or from the signal ground level. Expand by center can be used to easily see if a signal has a voltage bias. Expand by ground is the default setting.

Panel Operation 1. Press a channel key.

CH1

2. Press Expand repeatedly to toggle between expand By Ground and Center.

Expand By Ground

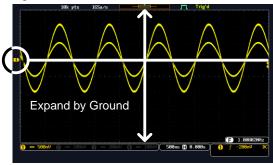
Range By Ground, By Center

Example

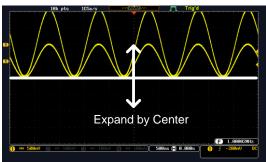
If the vertical scale is changed when the Expand function is set to ground, the signal will expand from the ground level*. The ground level does not change when the vertical scale is changed. If the vertical scale is changed when the Expand function is set to center, the signal will expand from the center of the screen. The ground level will suit to match the signal position.

*Or from the upper or lower edge of the screen if the ground level is off-screen.

Expand by Ground



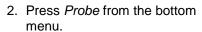
Expand by Center



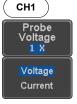
3-5-8. Select Probe Type

Background A signal probe can be set to voltage or current.

Panel Operation 1. Press the Channel key.



 Press the Voltage/Current soft-key to toggle between voltage and current.



3-5-9. Select Probe Attenuation Level

Background

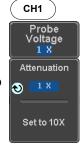
An oscilloscope probe has an attenuation switch to lower the original DUT signal level to the oscilloscope input range, if necessary. The probe attenuation selection adjusts the vertical scale so that the voltage level on the display reflects the real value on a DUT.

Panel Operation 1. Press the Channel kev.

Range

- 2. Press *Probe* from the bottom menu
- 3. Press Attenuation on the side menu and use the Variable knob to set the attenuation.

Alternatively, press Set to 10X.



1mX ~1kX (1-2-5 step)



The attenuation factor adds no influence on the real signal. It just changes the voltage/current scale on the display.

3-5-10. Set the Deskew

Background

The deskew function is used to compensate for the propagation delay between the oscilloscope and the probe.

- Panel Operation 1. Press one of the *Channel* keys.
 - 2. Press *Probe* from the bottom menu.
 - Press Deskew on the side menu. and use the Variable knob to set the deskew time.

Alternatively, press Set to 0s to reset the deskew time.



CH1

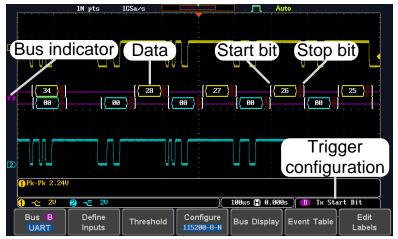
Range -50ns~50ns, 10ps increments

4. Repeat the procedure for another channel if necessary.

3-6. Bus Key Configuration

The Bus key is used to configure the Serial bus inputs. The Bus menu also features event tables to track and save your bus data. The Bus key is used in conjunction with the Bus trigger (page 102) to decode serial bus signals.

3-6-1. Bus Display



Start Bit/Start of Frame Stop Bit/End of Frame The Start bit is shown as an open bracket.

The Stop bit is shown as a closed bracket.

Data (. .Fg .

Data packets/frames can be shown in Hex or Binary. The color of the bus data indicates the type of data or the channel the data is coming from, depending on the bus type.

UART: Color of packet = Color of source

channel.

 I^2C : Color packet = SDA source channel.

SPI: Color of packet = MOSI or MISO source

channel.

CAN: Purple = Error frame, Data length control

(DLC), Overload.

Yellow = Identifier.

Cyan = Data.

Orange = CRC.

Red = Bit stuffing error

LIN: Purple = Break, Sync and Checksum

errors, Wakeup

Yellow = Identifier, Parity

Cyan = Data Red = Error type

Error Indicator/ Missing Ack If there is an error/missing acknowledge in decoding the serial data, a red error indicator will

be shown.

Bus Indicator The Bus indicator shows the bus position. The

active bus is shown with a solid color. The Variable knob can be used to horizontally position the Bus

indicator when it is active.

 Active bus (solid indicator)

B Activated bus (transparent indicator) Shows the bus trigger (B) and the Trigger On

Trigger Configuration

settings. Tx Start Bit

3-6-2. Serial Bus

The Serial Bus includes support for 5 common serial interfaces, SPI, UART, I²C, CAN and LIN. Each interface is fully configurable to accommodate variations in the basic protocols.

Each input can be displayed as binary, hexadecimal or ASCII. An event table can also be created to aid in debugging.

3-6-2-1. Serial Bus Overview

UART

Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter. The UART bus is able to accommodate a wide range of various common UART serial communications. The UART serial bus software is suitable for a

number of RS-232 protocol variants.

Tx, Rx Inputs Threshold Tx. Rx

Configuration Baud rate, Parity, Packets, End of

packets, Input polarity

Tx Start Bit, Rx Start Bit, Tx End of Trigger On

Packet, Rx End of Packet, Tx Data, Rx Data, Tx Parity Error, Rx Parity

Error

I²C

Inter Integrated Circuit is a two line serial data interface with a serial data line (SDA) and serial clock line (SCLK). The R/W bit can be configured.

Inputs SCLK, SDA

	Threshold Configuration	SCLK, SDA Addressing mode, Read/Write in address
	Trigger On	Start, Repeat Start, Stop, Missing Ack, Address, Data, Address/Data
SPI	configurable to	al Interface Peripheral) bus is fully of accommodate the wide variety of . This bus is only available on 4 els.
	Inputs	SCLK, SS, MOSI, MISO
	Threshold	SCLK, SS, MOSI, MISO
	Configuration	SCLK edge, SS logic level, Word
		size, Bit order
	Trigger On	SS Active, MOSI, MISO, MOSI&MISO
CAN	The CAN (Cor	ntroller Area Network) bus is a 2-wire,
	message-base	
	Inputs	CAN Input
	Threshold	CAN Input
	Configuration	Signal Type, Bit Rate
	Trigger On	Start of Frame, Type of Frame,
		Identifier, Data, Id & Data, End of
		Frame, Missing Ack, Bit Stuffing Err.
LIN		I Interconnect Network) bus is used
		ide range of common LIN
	configurations	
	Inputs	LIN Input
	Threshold	LIN Input
	Configuration	Bit Rate, LIN Standard, Include Parity Bits with Id
	Trigger On	Sync, Identifier, Data, Id & Data, Wakeup Frame, Sleep Frame, Error

3-6-2-2. UART Serial Bus Configuration

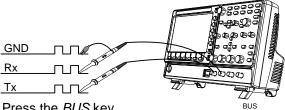
The UART bus menu is designed to decode RS-232 and other common RS-232 variants such as RS-422, RS-485. The software configuration is also flexible enough to decode the many proprietary protocols based on RS-232.

Background

Basic RS-232 protocol uses single-ended data transmissions. The signal voltage levels can be high (±15V) and employ active low signaling. High speed variants of RS-232, such as RS-422 and RS-485 use differential signaling and commonly employ low voltage differential signals with active high signaling. Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART) or RS-232 driver/receiver ICs commonly used for embedded applications typically use active high signaling with standard IC signal levels.

Operation

1. Connect each of the bus signals (Tx, Rx) to one of the oscilloscope channels. Connect the ground potential of the bus to one of the probes' ground clip.



- Press the BUS key.
- Press Bus from the bottom menu. and choose the UART serial bus on the side menu.
- **Define Inputs**
- 1. Press Define Inputs from the bottom menu.
- 2. From the side menu choose the Tx *Input* and the Rx Input source and the signal polarity.

OFF, CH1 ~ CH4 Τx Rx OFF, CH1 ~ CH4



Define Inputs

Configuration

The Configure key sets the baud rate, number of data bits and parity.

1. Press *Configure* from the bottom menu.

Configure 9600-8-N

2. From the side menu select the Baud rate, Data bits, Parity, Packets and End of Packet bits.

Baud

50, 75, 110, 134, 150, 300, 600,

Rate

1200, 1800, 2000, 2400, 3600,

4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 15200, 19200, 28800, 31250, 38400,

56000, 57600, 76800, 115200, 128000, 230400, 460800, 921600,

1382400, 1843200, 2764800

Data Bits 8 (fixed)

Parity

Odd. Even. None

Packets

On, Off

End of Packet 00(NUL), 0A(LF), 0D(CR), 20(SP), FF

(Hex)

3-6-2-3. I²C Serial Bus Interface

The I²C bus is a 2 wire interface with a serial data line (SDA) and serial clock line (SCLK). The I²C protocol supports 7 or 10 bit addressing and multiple masters. The scope will trigger on any of the following conditions: a start/stop condition, a restart, a missing acknowledge message, Address, Data or Address&Data frames. The I²C trigger can be configured for 7 or 10 bit addressing with the option to ignore the R/W bit as well as triggering on a data value or a specific address and direction (read or write or both).

Panel operation 1. Connect each of the bus signals (SCLK, SDA) to one of the oscilloscope channels. Connect the ground potential to one of the probes' ground clip.



	2. Press the <i>Bus</i> key.	BUS
	3. Press Bus from the bottom me and choose $\hat{f}'C$ from the side menu.	nu Bus B
Define Inputs	Press <i>Define Inputs</i> from the bottom menu.	Define Inputs
	 From the side menu choose th SCLK input and the SDA Input SCLK CH1 ~ CH4 SDA CH1 ~ CH4 	-
Include R/W in address	To configure whether you want R/W bit to be included in the address, press <i>Include R/W in address</i> and set to Yes or No in side menu. R/W Bit Yes. No	Yes Yes

3-6-2-4. SPI Serial Bus Interface

The serial peripheral interface (SPI) is a full duplex 4 wire synchronous serial interface. The 4 signals lines: Serial clock line (SCLK), slave select (SS), Master output/slave input (MOSI, or SIMO) and the Master input/slave output (MISO, or SOMI). The word size is configurable from 4 to 32 bits. The SPI triggers on the data pattern at the start of each framing period. Note: The SPI bus is only available for 4 channel models.

Panel operation 1. Connect each of the bus signals (*SCLK*, *SS*, *MOSI*, *MISO*) to one of the channel inputs.

Connect the ground potential of the bus to one of the probes' ground clip.



2. Press the Bus key.

3. Press Bus from the bottom menu. and choose the SPI serial bus.

Define Inputs

1. Press Define Inputs from the lower menu.



2. From the side menu choose the SCLK, SS, MOSI and MISO inputs.

CH1 ~ CH4 SCLK SS CH1 ~ CH4 MOSI OFF, CH1 ~ CH4 OFF. CH1 ~ CH4 MISO

Configuration

The Configure menu sets the data line logic level, SCLK edge polarity, word size and bit order.

 Press Configure from the bottom menu.



2. From the side menu select SCLK edge, SS logic level, word Size and Bit order.

SCLK rising edge ✓, falling edge SS Active High, Active Low

Word 4 ~ 32 bits

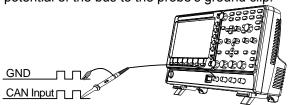
Size

Bit Order MS First, LS First

3-6-2-5. CAN Serial Bus Interface

The controller area network (CAN) bus is a half duplex 2 wire synchronous serial interface. The CAN bus is a multi-master communication system that relies on arbitration to solve contention issues. The DCS-1000B supports both CAN 2.0A and 2.0B. The CAN bus uses two wires, CAN-High and CAN-Low. These wires are voltage inverted, and as such, the DCS-1000B only needs one wire, CAN-High or CAN-Low for decoding.

Panel operation 1. Connect the bus signal (CAN Input) to one of the channel inputs. Connect the ground potential of the bus to the probe's ground clip.



2. Press the Bus key.



- 3. Press Bus from the bottom menu. and choose the CAN serial bus.
- **Define Inputs**
- 1. Press *Define Inputs* from the lower menu.
- CAN Define Inputs
- 2. From the side menu choose the CAN Input inputs and the signal type.

CAN Input CH1 ~ CH4

Signal Type CAN_H, CAN_L, Tx, Rx.

Note

The Sample Point soft-key indicates the sampling position of each bit. This parameter is fixed.

Bit Rate

The Bit Rate menu sets the bit rate of the bus. The bit rate is usually tied to the bus length.

3. Press Bit Rate from the bottom menu and set the bit rate.

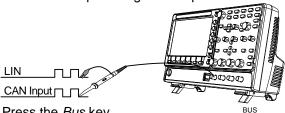
Bit Rate 1Mbps

Bit Rate 10kbps, 20kbps, 50kbps, 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps, 800kbps, 1Mbps

3-6-2-6. LIN Serial Bus Interface

The local interconnect network (LIN) bus is a single wire interface.

Panel operation 1. Connect the bus signal (LIN Input) to one of the channel inputs. Connect the ground potential of the bus to the probe's ground clip.



2. Press the Bus key.

3. Press Bus from the bottom menu and choose the LIN serial bus.

Define Inputs

1. Press Define Inputs from the lower menu.



From the side menu choose the LIN input and the polarity of the bus.

LIN Input CH1 ~ CH4

Polarity Normal (High = 1), Inverted(High = 0)

Note
Configuration

The Sample Point soft-key indicates the sampling position of each bit. This parameter is fixed.

The *Configure* menu sets the bit rate, the LIN standard and the parity options for the ld frame.

1. Press *Configure* from the bottom menu.



2. From the side menu select configuration items. Bit Rate 1.2kbps, 2.4kbps, 4.8kbps,

9.6kbps, 10.417kbps, 19.2kbps

LIN Standard V1.x, V2.x, Both Include Parity On, Off

Bits with Id

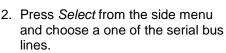
3-6-2-7. Bus Encoding

Background	The bus that is displayed on the screen or in the event tables can be set to either hex or binary	
	formats.	
Operation	Press Bus Display from the Bus menu and choose either Hex or Binary from the side menu. Bus Display	-

3-6-3. Threshold Configuration

Background	The threshold levels for the Serial buses can be
-	set to either a user-defined threshold level or to
	pre-set threshold.
Cattha	1 Dragg Throughold from the bottom

Set the Threshold Press Threshold from the bottom menu.





Threshold

UART Tx, Rx I²C SCLK, SDA

SPI SCLK, SS, MOSI, MOSI CAN CAN H, CAN L, Tx, Rx LIN LIN Input

3. Press *Choose Preset* to select a pre-set logic threshold.



Threshold
1.4V
2.5V
1.65V
1.25V
-1.3V
3.7V
0V

4. Press *Threshold* to set a user defined threshold for the currently selected group. The threshold level depends on vertical scale.



Scale	Range	Scale	Range
10V/Div	±290V	50mV/Div	±5.2V
5V/Div	±270V	20mV/Div	±580mV
2V/Div	±33V	10mV/Div	±540mV
1V/Div	±29V	5mV/Div	±520mV
500mV/Div	±27V	2mV/Div	±508mV
200mV/Div	±5.8V	1mV/Div	±504mV
100mV/Div	+5 4V		

3-6-3-1. Serial Bus Event Tables

Background

The serial bus event tables list when each data event on the bus occurred. The data is displayed as either hex or binary, depending on the bus display settings.

Event tables can be saved to disk in a CSV format. The files will be named "Event_TableXXXX.CSV", where XXXX is a number from 0000 to 9999. See page 86 for details.

Operation

- Press Event Table from the bottom menu.
- Press Event Table from the side menu to turn the event table on or off.

Event Table

Event Table

On Off

Event On, Off
Use the Variable knob to scroll through the event table.

Data Detail (I²C only)

 To view the data at a particular address in more detail, turn *Data Detail* On. This is only available for the I²C bus.



Detail On, Off

Use the Variable knob to scroll through the Data Detail event table.

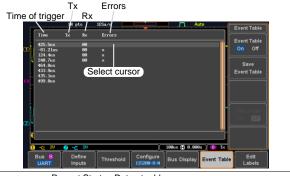
Save Event Table

 To save the event table, press Save Event Table. The Event table will be saved to the current file path in a CSV format. See page 86 for details.



Use the variable knob to scroll through the event table.

Example: UART Event table



Example: I²C Event table



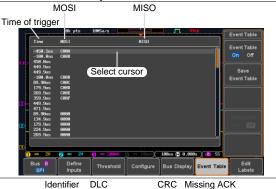




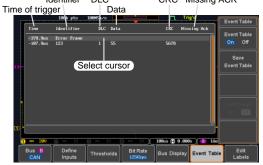
Note

Data Detail is only available with the 1²C bus.

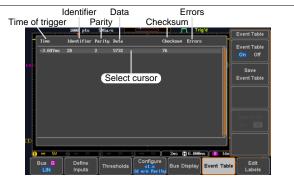
Example: SPI Event table



Example: CAN Event table



Example: LIN Event table



3-6-3-2. Event Tables Format

Each bus type (UART, I²C, SPI, CAN, LIN) can have an event table saved containing each bus event as a .CSV file. For serial buses, an event is defined as the data on the bus when a Stop or End of Packet (UART) is encountered. The data associated with each event and the time of each event is recorded.

		_			
-1	le	- 1	١/١	n	\sim
	_	- 1	V	u	ᆫ

Each event table is saved as

Event_TableXXXX.CSV into the designated file path. Each event table is numbered sequentially from 0000 to 9999. For example the first event table will be saved as Event_Table0000.CSV, the second as Event Table0001.CSV, and so on.

Event Table Data

Each event table saves a timestamp of each event relative to the trigger as well as the data in each frame/packet at the time of an event. The frame/packet data is saved in HEX format. The table below lists in order the data saved for each event table.

UART Time, Tx frame data, Rx frame data, Errors.

I²C Time, Repeat Start, Address, Data, Missing Ack.

SPI Time, MISO frame data, MOSI frame data.

CAN Time, Identifier, DLC, Data, CRC, Missing Ack.

LIN Time, Identifier, Parity, Data, Checksum, Errors.

Example

Below shows the data associated with an SPI event table in a spreadsheet.

Time	MOSI	MISO
-11.60us	0D87	0D87
-10.16us	06C0	06C0
-8.720us	8343	343
-7.282us	243	243
-5.840us	0C88	0C88

3-6-3-3. Adding a Label to the Serial Bus

Background

A Label can be added to the serial buses. This label will appear next to the bus indicator on the left hand-side of the display.

- Panel Operation 1. To add a label to the bus, press Edit Labels from the Bus menu.
 - 2. To choose a preset label, Press User Preset from the side menu and choose a label.

Labels

ACK, ADO, ADDR, ANALOG, BIT, CAS. CLK. CLOCK. CLR. COUNT. DATA, DTACK, ENABLE, HALT, INT, IN, IRQ, LATCH, LOAD, NMI

Edit Label

1. Press Edit Character to edit the current label.

Edit Character

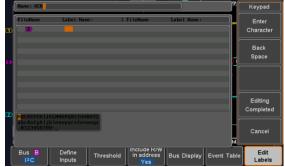
Edit

Labels

User Preset

ACK

2. The Edit Label window appears.



3. Use the Variable knob to highlight a character.



Press Enter Character to select a number or letter.

Press Back Space to delete a character.

Press Editing Completed to create the new label and return to the previous menu.

Note: this key must be pressed to save the label, even for the preset labels.

Press Cancel to cancel the editing and return to the Edit Label menu.

Enter Character Back Space **Editing** Completed



4. The label will appear next to the bus indicator. Below, the label "ACK" was created for the bus.



Remove Label

Press Label Display to toggle the label on or off.



3-6-3-4. Using Cursors with the Serial Bus

The cursors can be used to read bus values at any Background position.

Note

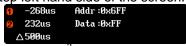
Ensure that one of the serial buses has been selected and is activated.

- Panel Operation 1. Press the *Cursor* key. Horizontal cursors appear on the display.
 - 2. Press the *H Cursor* soft-key and select which cursor(s) you wish to position.



Range Description
Left cursor (1) movable, right
cursor position fixed
Right cursor (2) movable, left
cursor position fixed
Left and right cursor (1+2)
movable together

3. The cursor position information appears on the top left hand side of the screen.



Example: I²C cursors.

Cursor Hor. position, Bus value(s)
Cursor Hor. position, Bus value(s)
Ise the Variable knot to move

4. Use the *Variable knob* to move the movable cursor(s) left or right.

3-7. Trigger

The trigger configures the conditions for when the DCS-1000B captures a waveform.

3-7-1. Trigger Type Overview

Edge

The edge trigger is the simplest trigger type. An edge trigger triggers when the signal crosses an amplitude threshold with either a positive or negative slope.

Rising edge trigger

Falling edge trigger

Delay The Delay trigger works in tandem with the edge trigger, by waiting for a specified time (duration) or number of events before the delay trigger starts. This method allows pinpointing a location in a long series of trigger events. Note: when using the delay trigger, the edge trigger source can be any one of the channel inputs, the EXT* input or the AC line. *EXT only available on 2 channel models. Delay trigger example (by event) Edge trigger В Delay Source (C Delay event count First triggering point D trigger example (by time) Edge trigger В Delay Source (C) С Delay time length First triggering point (B) Triggers when the pulse width of the signal is less Pulse Width than, equal, not equal or greater than a specified pulse width. Pulse width Video Extracts a sync pulse from a video format signal, and triggers on a specific line or field. Pulse and Runt Triggers on a "runt". A runt is a pulse that passes a specified threshold but fails to pass a second threshold. Both positive and negative runts can be detected. Pulse Α (C) В Runt High threshold B (D)Low threshold Rise and Fall Trigger on rising and or falling edges, below or over a specified rate. The threshold can also be (Slope) specified. Thresholds (A) В Rate (time)

Timeout Triggers when the signal stays high, low or either for a designated amount of time. The trigger level determines when a signal is high or low. Trigger level threshold (A)Timer В Triggering point **◄**(B)**→**

Bus(Option) Triggers on SPI, UART, I2C, CAN or LIN bus.

3-7-2. Trigger F	Parameter O	verview
	All the following parameters are common for all the trigger types unless stated otherwise.	
Trigger Source	CH1 ~ 4 EXT	Channel 1 ~ 4 input signals External trigger input EXT TRIG signal
	AC Line Alternate	AC mains signal Alternate between channel sources for the trigger source.
	EXT Probe	Probe trigger source. Set the probe as either current or voltage.
Source Bus	UART I ² C SPI CAN LIN	UART bus Inter-Integrated Circuit Serial Peripheral Bus Controller Area Network bus Local Interconnect Network
Trigger Mode	Auto (un- triggered roll)	The DCS-1000B generates an internal trigger if there is no trigger event, to make sure waveforms are constantly updated regardless of trigger events. Select this mode especially when viewing rolling waveforms at slower timebases.
	Normal	The DCS-1000B acquires a waveform only when a trigger event occurs.

	Single	The DCS-1000B acquires a waveform once when a trigger event occurs, then stops acquiring. Press the Single key to acquire a waveform again.
Coupling (Edge, Delay, Timeout)	DC AC HF reject LF reject Reject noise	DC coupling. AC coupling. Blocks DC components from the trigger circuits. High frequency filter above 70kHz Low frequency filter below 70kHz DC coupling with low sensitivity to reject noise.
Slope (Edge, Delay, Rise & Fall)	ž	Trigger on a rising edge. Trigger on a falling edge. Either. (either rising or falling edge) (Edge, Delay, Rise & Fall trigger type only)
Trigger Level (Edge, Delay)	Level	Adjusts the trigger manually using the Trigger LEVEL knob. PUSH TO ZERO
	1.4V Set to ECL -1.3V	Sets the trigger level to 1.4V, suitable for triggering on TTL signals. Sets the trigger to -1.3V. This is suitable for ECL circuits. Sets the trigger level to 50% of the waveform amplitude.
Holdoff	Holdoff Set to Minimum	Sets the holdoff time. Set the holdoff time to the minimum.
Delay (Delay)	Time	Sets the delay time (4ns ~ 10s) between the trigger event and the real trigger timing. Sets the number of events (1 ~ 65535) passed after the trigger event, until the real trigger timing.
	Set to Minimum	Sets the source trigger to the minimum time.

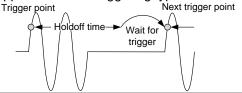
When	Soto the pu	lse width (4ns ~ 10s) and the triggering
(Pulse Width)	condition.	ise width (4115 ~ 105) and the triggening
(Fuise Width)		onger than = Equal to
		horter than ≠ Not equal to
Threshold		nplitude threshold level for the pulse
(Pulse Width)	widths.	ipilitude tillesiloid level for tile puise
(i dise vvidili)	Threshold	-XXV ~ +XXV, user-set level
	Set to TTL	1.4V
	Set to ECL	
		Sets the threshold to 50%
Standard	NTSC	National Television System Committee
(Video)	PAL	Phase Alternate by Line
(1100)	SECAM	SEquential Couleur A Memoire
	EDTV	Enhanced Definition Television
	HDTV	high-definition television
Polarity		Positive polarity (triggered on the high
(Pulse Width,		to low transition)
Video)	٦Г	Negative polarity (triggered on the low
	_	to high transition)
Polarity	ŢŢŢ	Positive polarity (positive runt)
(Pulse Runt)	֓֓֞֟֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	Negative polarity (negative runt)
		Either (either negative or positive runt)
Trigger On	Selects the	trigger point in the video signal.
(Video)	Odd Field	NTSC: 1 ~ 263
		PAL/SECAM: 1 ~ 313
		EDTV: 1~525(480P), 1~625(576P)
		HDTV: 1~750(720P), 1~563(1080i),
		1~1125(1080P)
	Even Field	NTSC: 1 ~ 262,
		PAL/SECAM: 1 ~ 312
		HDTV: 1~562(1080i)
	All Fields	Triggers on all fields.
	All Lines	Triggers on all lines.
Trigger On		conditions for the bus triggers.
(Bus)	UART Bus	Tx Start Bit, Rx Start Bit, Tx End of
		Packet, Rx End of Packet, Tx Data, Rx
	120	Data, Tx Parity Error, Rx Parity Error
	I ² C	Start, Repeat Start, Stop, Missing Ack,
	CDI	Address, Data, Address/Data
	SPI	SS Active, MOSI, MISO, MOSI&MISO

	CAN	Start of Frame, Type of Frame, Identifier, Data, Id & Data, End of Frame, Missing Ack, Bit Stuffing Err Sync, Identifier, Data, Id & Data, Wakeup Frame, Sleep Frame, Error
Threshold		Sets the upper threshold limit.
(Pulse Runt)	ᆙ	Sets the lower threshold limit.
Threshold	/ High	Sets the High threshold.
(Rise & Fall)	Low	Sets the Low threshold.
Trigger When (Timeout)	Stays High	Triggers when the input signal stays
		high for a designated amount of time.
	Stays Low	Triggers when the input signal stays
		low for a designated amount of time.
	Either	Triggers when the input signal stays
		high or low for a designated amount of
		time.
Timer (Timeout)	4nS~10.0S	Sets the amount of time that a signal must stay high or low for the timeout trigger.

3-7-3. Setup Holdoff Level

Background

The holdoff function defines the waiting period before the DCS-1000B starts triggering again after a trigger point. The holdoff function ensures a stable display if there are a number of points in a periodic waveform that can be triggered. Holdoff applies to all the triggering types.



Panel Operation 1. Press the trigger Menu key.

- 2. To set the Holdoff time, press the Holdoff (or Mode/Holdoff) menu button on the bottom bezel.
- 3. Use the side menu to set the Holdoff time.

Range 4ns~10s



Pressing Set to Minimum sets the Holdoff time to the minimum, 4ns.

Set to Minimum



Note: The holdoff function is automatically disabled when the waveform update mode is in roll mode (page65).

3-7-4. Setup Trigger Mode

Background

The trigger mode can be set to Normal or Auto (untriggered roll). The triggering mode applies to all the trigger types. See page 65.

- Panel Operation 1. Press the Trigger menu kev.
 - 2. Press Mode from the bottom menu to change the triggering mode.



Menu

3. Use the side panel to select *Auto* or Normal triggering modes. Auto, Normal Range

3-7-5. Using the Edge Trigger

Panel Operation 1. Press the trigger Menu key.

2. Press *Type* from the lower bezel menu.

Menu Type Edge Edge

Select Edge from the side menu. The edge trigger indicator appears at the bottom of the display.



From left: trigger source, slope, trigger level, coupling

4. Press Source to change the trigger source.

Source CH1

5. Use the side menu to select the trigger source type.

Range Channel 1 ~ 4 (Alternate On/Off), EXT (Ext Probe: Volt/Current,

Attenuation: 1mX~1kX, CH2 models

only), AC Line

6. Press *Coupling* from the bottom bezel menu to select the trigger coupling or frequency filter settings.

Coupling DC.

95

Choose the coupling from the side menu. Range DC, AC, HF Reject, LF Reject

7. Toggle *Noise Rejection* On or Off from the side menu.

Noise Reject On Off

Range On, Off

8. From the bottom menu press *Slope* to toggle the slope type.



Level

40mV

Range Rising edge, falling edge, either

- To set the external trigger level, select *Level* from the bottom bezel menu (Not applicable for AC line source).
 - **♦** 48mV

10. Set the external trigger level using the side menu.

Range

00.0V~ 5 screen divisions

Set to TTL 1.4V Set to ECL -1.3V Set to 50%

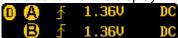
3-7-6. Using Advanced Delay Trigger

Panel Operation 1. Set the edge trigger source. This will set the initializing trigger for the delay source.

Page 95

- 2. Press the trigger *Menu* key.
- 3. Press *Type* from the lower bezel menu.
- 4. Select *Delay* from the side menu. The delay trigger indicator appears at the bottom of the display.





From left: Delay trigger indicator (D), edge trigger (A), edge slope, edge level, edge coupling, delay trigger (B), delay slope, delay trigger level, delay coupling.

5. To set the delay source, press Source and select a source from the side menu.



Source CH1 ~ CH4, AC Line, EXT* *2 channel models only.

Press Coupling from the bottom bezel menu to select the trigger coupling or frequency filter settings.



Choose the coupling from the side menu. Range DC, AC, HF Reject, LF Reject

7. To set the delay press *Delay* from the bottom bezel.



8. To Delay by Time (Duration), press *Time* from the side menu and set the delay time.

Range 4ns ~ 10s (by time) Set to minimum

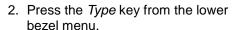
9. To Delay by Event, press *Event* from the side menu and set the number of events.

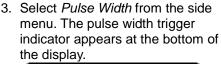
Range 1 ~ 65535 events Set to Minimum

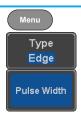


3-7-7. Using Pulse Width Trigger

Panel Operation 1. Press the trigger Menu key.









From left: source, polarity, when, coupling

4. Press Source from the lower bezel.



5. Use the side menu to select the pulse width trigger source.

Range Channel 1 ~ 4 (Alternate On/Off), EXT (Ext Probe: Volt/Current, Attenuation: 1mX~1kX), AC Line

6. Press *Polarity* to toggle the polarity type.



Range Positive (high to low transition) Negative (low to high transition)

7. Press When from the lower bezel.

When > 4.000ns

Then use the side menu to select the pulse width condition and width.

Condition >, <, =, \neq 4ns ~ 10s Width

8. Press *Threshold* from the lower bezel to edit the pulse width threshold.

Threshold 40mV

Use the side menu to set the threshold.

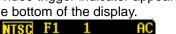
-XXV~XXV Range

Set to TTL 1.4V Set to ECL -1.3V Set to 50%

3-7-8. Using Video Trigger

Panel Operation 1. Press the trigger Menu key.

- 2. Press the *Type* key from the lower bezel menu.
- 3. Select Video from the side menu. The video trigger indicator appears at the bottom of the display.



From left: source, video standard, field, line, coupling

4. Press Source from the lower bezel.

Source CH1

Menu

Type

Edge

Video

5. Use the side menu to select the video trigger source.

Range Channel 1 ~ 4

6. Press Standard on the bottom bezel.

Standard NTSC

Use the side menu to select the video standard. NTSC, PAL, SECAM, EDTV(480P, Range 576P), HDTV(720P, 1080i, 1080P)

7. Press *Trigger On* to edit the video field and line.

Trigger On Odd

Use the side menu to select the field and line.

Odd Field NTSC: 1 ~ 263

PAL/SECAM: 1 ~ 313

EDTV: 1~525(480P), 1~625(576P) HDTV: 1~750(720P), 1~563(1080i),

1~1125(1080P)

Even NTSC: 1 ~ 262

Field PAL/SECAM: 1 ~ 312

HDTV: 1~562(1080i)

All Fields Triggers on all fields.
All Lines Triggers on all lines.

8. Press *Polarity* to toggle the polarity type.

positive, negative



Menu

Type

3-7-9. Pulse Runt trigger

Panel Operation 1. Press the trigger *Menu* key.

Range

- 2. Press the *Type* key from the lower bezel menu.
- Select Others → Pulse Runt from the side menu. The Pulse and Runt indicator appears at the bottom of the display.





From left: polarity, source, high/low threshold, threshold level, coupling

4. Press Source from the lower menu.



Use the side menu to select a source.

Range Channel 1 ~ 4(Alternate On/Off)

5. Press *Polarity* to toggle the polarity.



Range Rising edge, falling edge, either.

6. Press When from the lower menu.



Then use the side menu to select the condition and width.

Condition >, <, =, \neq

Width 4ns ~ 10s

- 7. Press *Threshold* from the lower bezel to edit the threshold for the upper and lower threshold.
- Threshold 40mV -100mV

8. Use the side menu to set the upper threshold.



Range -XXV~XXV

9. Use the side menu to set the lower threshold.



-XXV~XXV Range

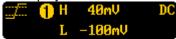
3-7-10. Using Rise and Fall Trigger

Panel Operation 1. Press the trigger Menu key.



- 2. Press the *Type* key from the lower bezel menu.
- Select Others → Rise and Fall from the side menu. The Rise and Fall indicator appears at the bottom of the display.





From left: slope, source, high/low threshold, threshold level, coupling

4. Press Source from the lower menu.



Use the side menu to select a source. Channel 1 ~ 4(Alternate On/Off)

5. Press Slope from the bottom menu to toggle the slope.



Rising edge, falling edge, either Range

6. Press *When* from the lower menu.



Then use the side menu to select the logic conditions and true or false status.

Condition >, <, =, \neq Width 4ns ~ 10s

 Press Threshold from the lower bezel to edit the High and Low threshold. Threshold 40mV -100mV

Range High: -XXV~XXV

Low: -XXV~XXV

3-7-11. Using the Timeout Trigger

Panel Operation 1. Press the trigger Menu key.

2. Press the *Type* key from the lower bezel menu.



 Select Others → Timeout from the side menu. The Timeout indicator appears at the bottom of the display.





From left: Source, Trigger type, threshold level, coupling

4. Press Source from the lower menu.



Use the side menu to select a source.

Range Channel 1 ~ 4, EXT (Ext Probe: Volt/Current, Attenuation:

1mX~1kX), AC Line

 Press Coupling from the bottom bezel menu to select the trigger coupling or frequency filter settings.



Choose the coupling from the side menu. Range DC, AC, HF Reject, LF Reject

6. Toggle *Noise Rejection* On or Off from the Coupling side menu.



Range On, Off

7. Press *Trigger When* from the lower menu.



Then use the side menu to select trigger conditions.

Condition Stays High, Stays Low, Either

8. Press *Level* from the lower bezel to set the trigger level.

Level <mark>40mU</mark>

Range -XXV~XXV

Set to TTL 1.4V Set to ECL -1.3V Set to 50%

9. Press *Timer* from the lower bezel to set the timer time.

Timer 4.000ns

Range 4ns~10.0S

3-7-12. Using the Bus Trigger

The Bus trigger is used to trigger and decode UART, I2C, SPI, CAN and LIN serial bus signals.

3-7-12-1. UART BUS Trigger Settings

The UART bus trigger conditions can be set at any time after the bus settings have been set to *UART*.

Panel Operation 1. Set the Bus to UART in the bus menu.

Page 77

Menu

- 2. Press the Trigger Menu key.
- 3. Press *Type* from the bottom menu.

Type Edge

4. Press *Others* from the side menu and select *Bus*.



Pulse Runt

The Trigger on settings will be reflected on the Trigger Configuration icon.

B Tx Data

From left: Bus trigger, Trigger source

5. Press *Trigger On* and select the triggering condition for the UART bus.

Trigger On Tx Start Bit

Trigger On Tx Start Bit, Rx Start Bit, Tx End of Packet, Rx End of Packet, Tx Data, Rx Data, Tx Parity Error, Rx Parity Error

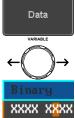
Trigger On – Tx If Tx Data or Rx Data was configured for the Data, Rx Data Trigger On setting, then the number of bytes and data can also be configured.

- 1. Press Data from the bottom menu.
- Press Number of Bytes from the side menu and choose the number of bytes for the data.

UART 1~10 Bytes

 Press Data from the side menu to edit the triggering data.
 To edit the data, use the Variable knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press Select. Use the Variable knob to choose a value for the digit and press Select to confirm.





Binary 0,1,X (don't care) Hex 0~F, X (don't care)

ASCII ASCII characters for the equivalent

Hex characters 00 to FF

3-7-12-2. I²C Bus Trigger Settings

The I²C bus trigger conditions can be set at any time after the bus settings has been set to 1²C.

Panel Operation 1. Set the Bus to I²C in the bus menu. Page 78

2. Press the *Trigger Menu* key.

3. Press *Type* from the bottom menu.



Menu

4. Press *Others* from the side menu and select *Bus*.



The Trigger on settings will be reflected on the Trigger Configuration icon.



From left: Bus trigger, Trigger source

Press *Trigger On* and select the triggering condition for the selected bus.



Trigger Start, Repeat Start, Stop, Missing On Ack, Address, Data, Address/Data

Trigger On -Data

Trigger On -

Address

If Data or Address/Data was configured for the Trigger On setting, then the number of bytes, data and addressing mode (I²C) can be configured.

- 1. Press Data from the bottom menu.
- 2. Press *Number of Bytes* from the side menu and choose the number of bytes for the data.

I²C 1~5 Bytes

- 3. Press Addressing Mode to toggle between 7 and 10 bit addressing modes.
- 4. Press Data from the side menu to edit the triggering data. To edit the data, use the Variable knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press Select. Use the Variable knob to choose a value for the digit and press Select to confirm.

Binary 0,1,X (don't care) Hex 0~F, X (don't care)

If Address or Address/Data was configured for

the Trigger On setting, then the triggering

1. Press Address on the bottom menu.

2. Press Addressing Mode to toggle between 7 and 10 bit addressing modes.

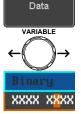
address must be configured.

3. To choose a preset address as the default address, press Choose Preset and select a preset address.

> Address Description 0 000 0000 General Call 0000 000 1 START Byte 0000 1XX X Hs-mode 1010 XXX X **EEPROM** 0000 001 X **CBUS**











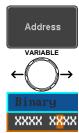
Press Apply Preset to set the default address to the preset.



Note

- Presets are not available for Trigger On Address/Data.
- 4. Press Address from the side menu to manually edit the triggering address.

To edit the address, use the Variable knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press Select. Use the Variable knob to choose a value for the digit and press Select to confirm.



Binary 0,1, X (don't care) Hex 0~F. X (don't care)

Direction

1. Press *Direction* on the bottom menu and choose the direction from the side menu.



Direction Write, Read, Read or Write

3-7-12-3. SPI Bus Trigger Settings

The SPI bus trigger conditions can be set at any time after the bus setting has been set to SPI.

- Panel Operation 1. Set the Bus to SPI in the bus menu.
- Page 79

Menu

- 2. Press the Trigger Menu key.
- 3. Press *Type* from the bottom menu.

Type Edge

4. Press Others from the side menu and select Bus.



The Trigger on settings will be reflected on the Trigger Configuration icon.



From left: Bus trigger, Trigger source

5. Press Trigger On and select the triggering condition for the SPI bus.

SS Active

Trigger On

SPI SS Active, MOSI, MISO, MOSI&MISO

Trigger On -Data

If MOSI, MISO or MISO/MOSI was configured for the Trigger On setting, then the number of words and the data can be configured.

1. Press Data from the bottom menu.

2. Press Number of Words from the side menu and choose the number of words for the data.

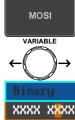
1~32 Words SPL

3. Press MOSI or MISO from the side menu to edit the triggering data. To edit the data, use the Variable knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press Select. Use the Variable knob to choose a value for the digit and press Select to confirm.

Binary 0,1,X (don't care) Hex 0~F, X (don't care)



Data



3-7-12-4. CAN Bus Trigger

The CAN bus trigger conditions can be set at any time after the bus setting has been set to CAN.

- Panel Operation 1. Set the Bus to CAN in the bus menu.
 - 2. Press the *Trigger Menu* key.
 - 3. Press *Type* from the bottom menu.

Page 80



Others

4. Select Others → Bus from the side menu. The Bus indicator appears at the bottom of the display.

Bus

Rise & Fall

Timeout

The Trigger on settings will be reflected on the Trigger Configuration icon.

Id & Data

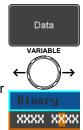
From left: Bus trigger, Trigger source

5. Press Trigger On and select the triggering condition for the selected bus.



		Trigger On	Start of Frame, Type of Frame, Identifier, Data, Id & Data, End of Frame, Missing Ack, Bit Stuffing Err
Trigger On – Type of Frame	1.	On setting	Frame was configured for the Trigger, then the type of frame can be from the side menu. Data Frame, Remote Frame, Error Frame, Overload Frame
Trigger On – Identifier	1.		
		Press Ider to set the i To edit the Variable ki or hex digithe Variab value for the confirm. Binary Hex	0,1,X (don't care) 0~F, X (don't care)
	3.		select the CAN Direction Write Write, Read, Read or Write
Trigger On - Data		Trigger O	and Data was configured for the n setting, then the triggering data configured.
	1.	Press Data	a on the bottom menu.
	2.		nber of Bytes from the and choose the number of Bytes 1 r the data. 1~8 Bytes

3. Press Data from the side menu to edit the triggering data. To edit the data, use the Variable knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press Select. Use the Variable knob to choose a value for the digit and press Select to



confirm. Binary 0,1,X (don't care) Hex 0~F, X (don't care)



4. Press *Trigger When* from the side menu to choose the triggering condition for the data.

> When =, ≠, <, >, ≤, ≥

5. The bus will now trigger when the specified data matches the Trigger When conditions.

3-7-12-5. LIN Bus Trigger

The LIN bus trigger conditions can be set at any time after the bus setting has been set to LIN.

Panel Operation 1. Set the Bus to LIN in the bus menu.

Page 81

Menu

- 2. Press the *Trigger Menu* key.
- 3. Press *Type* from the bottom menu.



 Select Others → Bus from the side menu. The Bus indicator appears at the bottom of the display.





From left: Bus trigger, Trigger source

5. Press *Trigger On* and select the triggering condition for the selected bus.



Trigger Sync, Identifier, Data, Id and Data, On Wakeup Frame, Sleep Frame, Error.

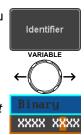
Trigger On -Identifier

1. If Identifier or Id & Data was configured for the Trigger On setting, press Identifier from the bottom menu.



2. Press *Identifier* from the side menu to set the identifier data.

To edit the identifier, use the *Variable* knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press *Select*. Use the *Variable* knob to choose a value for the digit and press *Select* to confirm.



Binary 0,1,X (don't care) Hex 0~F, X (don't care)

Trigger On -Data If Data/Id and Data was configured for the Trigger On setting, then the triggering data must be configured.

1. Press Data on the bottom menu.

 Press Number of Bytes from the side menu and choose the number of bytes for the data.
 Bytes 1~8 Bytes

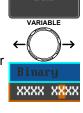


 Press Data from the side menu to edit the triggering data.
 To edit the data, use the Variable knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press Select. Use the Variable knob to choose a value for the digit and press Select to confirm

confirm.

Binary 0,1,X (don't care)

Hex 0~F, X (don't care)



Data

 Press *Trigger When* from the side menu to choose the triggering condition for the data.

When $=, \neq, <, >, \leq, \geq$

5. The bus will now trigger when the specified data matches the *Trigger When* conditions.

3-7-13. Bus Trigger Mode

Trigger Mode

 Like the other trigger configurations, the Bus Trigger mode can be set to Auto (Untriggered Roll) and Normal. Press Mode from the bottom menu to change the triggering mode.

Mode Auto

Use the side panel to select *Auto* or *Normal* triggering modes.
 Range Auto, Normal

3-8. Search (Option)

The search feature can be used to search for events on the analog input channels. The events that can be searched for are similar to the events that are used for the trigger system. The only difference is that the search feature uses the measurement threshold levels rather than the trigger level to determine events.

3-8-1. Configuring Search Events

Background

Similar to configuring the trigger system, the Search events must first be configured before they can be found.

Luckily the trigger system configuration settings can also be used for the search events. The types of searches are listed below. Please note that a full description of the events can be found in the Trigger section on page 89.

Display

Number of search events Trigger point



Search Event Types

Edge, Pulse Width, Pulse Runt, Rise and Fall Times, FFT Peak*, Bus

*The FFT Peak search event doesn't have a trigger equivalent.

Panel Operation 1. Press the Search menu key.

Search

Press Search from the bottom menu and turn the Search function on.

Search ON

3. Press Search Type from the bottom menu and select the type of search. The search events are configured in the same fashion as the trigger events.

Search Type Edge

Please see the trigger configuration settings for details:

Event Edge, Pulse Width, Pulse Runt, Types: Rise/Fall Time, FFT Peak*, Bus

*No trigger equivalent.

 To set the threshold levels for the search events (instead of the trigger level that is used for trigger events), use the threshold soft-key from the bottom menu.

Threshold



The search function can support up to 10,000 events, however only 1,000 events can be displayed on screen at once.

3-8-2. Copying Search Event To/From Trigger Events

Background

As the trigger system and search feature have similar settings, their settings can be used interchangeably by using the Copy functions.

Interchangeable Edge, Pulse Width, Pulse Runt, Rise and Fall Settings Times, Bus (FFT Peak has no trigger equivalent)

Panel Operation

1. Press *Search* from the lower bezel menu.

Search ON

 To copy the settings of the selected search type to the trigger settings, select Copy Search Settings to Trigger.

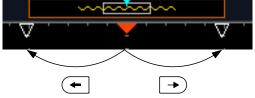
Copy Search Settings To Trigger

 To copy over the current trigger settings to the search settings, press Copy Trigger Settings To Search. Copy Trigger Settings To Search

!\Note

If the settings cannot be copied or if the there are no trigger settings configured (so that you cannot copy from the trigger settings), then those particular options will not be available.

3-8-3. Search Event Navigation			
When using the search feature, each event can be searched for according to the event settings.			
 Turn Search on and set the Page110 appropriate search type. 			
Search events are marked by hollow white triangles at the top of the graticule.			
Use the search arrow keys to move between each search event.			
Search events can be navigated in both stop and run mode.			



When using the arrow keys to navigate to each event, the "current event" will always be centered on the display.

3-8-4 Save Search Marks

3-8-4. Save Se	archiviarks		
Background	The search events can be saved to the graticule display, allowing you to superimpose new search events. Search events are saved over the entire record length, with a maximum of 1000 marks.		
Save Marks	1. Press Search from the lower bezel menu. Search ON		
	2. Press the Save All Marks soft-key. Save All Marks		
	3. The search event markers will become solid white triangles to indicate that they have been saved. ▼ ▼ ▼		
Clear All Marks	To clear all the saved marks, press Clear All Marks from the side menu. Clear All Marks		
Note	Each time the Save All Marks function is used, the previously saved marks will also be retained, unless cleared.		

3-8-5. Setting/Clearing Single Search Events

Background

In addition to searching for search events based on Search Type settings, custom search marks can be created with the Set/Clear key.

Set Search Event4. Navigate to a point of interest using ◀ the horizontal position knob or some other method.

Set/Clear

Press the Set/Clear key.

- A marker will be saved at the center of the display.
 - This marker can be navigated to/from in the same way that a normally saved search marker can.

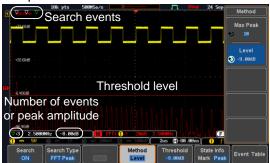
Clear Search Event

To clear a set search event, use the Set/Clear search arrows to navigate to the event of interest and press the Set/Clear kev. The marker will be deleted from the display.

3-8-6. FFT Peak

Background

The FFT Peak search type can be used to mark all FFT peaks that are above a certain threshold.



Note

The search function can support up to 10,000 events, however only 1,000 events can be displayed on screen at once.

Panel Operation 1. Turn the FFT math function on.

Page 41

- 2. Press the Search menu key.
- 3. Press *Search* from the bottom menu and turn the Search function on.
- Press Search Type from the bottom menu and select FFT Peak from the side menu.
- Note that the Math source is automatically selected.
- 6. Next, select the event search method by pressing Method from the bottom menu. Select Max Peak to search by a selected number of "max" peaks. Select Level to set the threshold level for the search events. Any peaks above the threshold level will be seen as a search event. The threshold level will be mirrored

Max Peak 1 ~ 10 Level -100db ~ 100dB

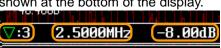
in the Threshold key.

View Number of Peak Events To view the number of peak events, set *State Info* to Mark. The number of search events will be shown at the bottom of the screen.



View Amplitude of Peak Search Event

To view the position and amplitude of a selected event, set *State Info* to Peak. This information will be shown at the bottom of the display.



Peak Event Table

The Event Table function tabulates the amplitude and frequency of each peak event in real time. The event table can also be saved to a USB disk drive. File names are saved as a PeakEventTbXXXX.csv, where XXXX is a number starting from 0001 and is incremented each time the event table is saved.







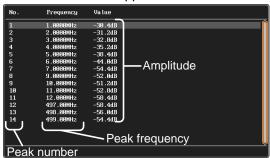
State Info

Mark Peak

State Info Mark Peak Press Event Table from the bottom menu and turn the Event Table function on.



The event table will appear on the screen.



Save Event Table

 To save the event table, insert a USB memory drive into the front panel USB-A port.



 Press Save Event Table. The event table will be saved as PeakEventTbXXXX.csv.



Event Table CSV Format

The format for the CSV file is the same as the event table displayed on the DCS-1000B screen; No., Frequency, and Value.

For example:

No.	Frequency	Value
1	1.0000MHz	-29.6dB
2	2.0000MHz	-30.4dB
3	3.0000MHz	-32.0dB

Center Peak
Results on
Screen

To shift the peak events to the center of the screen, press Selected Peak To Center from the event table side menu.



3-9. System Settings and Miscellaneous Settings This section describes how to set the interface, language, probe compensation signal, erase the internal memory.

3-9-1. Select Menu Language

Description The DCS-1000B has a number of different languages to choose from.

Panel Operation 1. Press the Utility key.

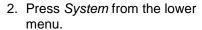
Press Language on the lower menu.

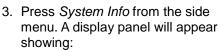


 Select the language* from the side menu.
 *Language selection may differ based on region, and as such are not listed here.

3-9-2. View System Information

Panel Operation 1. Press the *Utility* key.







- Manufacturer name
 Model name
- Serial number
- Firmware version

Manufacturer URL



3-9-3. Erase Memory

The Erase Memory function will erase all internal Background waveforms, setup files and labels from internal memory. Erased Items Waveform 1~20, Setting memory 1~20, Reference 1~4. Labels Panel Operation 1. Press the Utility key. 2. Press System from the lower System menu.

3. Press Erase Memory from the side menu.

Erase Memory

A message will prompt you to press Erase Memory again to confirm the process. Pressing any other key will cancel erasing the memory.

4. Press Erase Memory again.

Erase Memory

3-9-4. Probe Compensation Frequency

Background	ou 1k 20	ne probe compensation at the transfer of trans		npensation output 2v Л
Panel Operation/ Parameter		Press the <i>Utility</i> key. Press <i>Probe Comp.</i> on the lower menu.	r	Probe Comp. 1KHz
	3.	Press <i>Frequency</i> and change the frequency of the probe compensation signal.	е	Frequency 1KHz
Default Frequency	4.	Press Default to set the frequence of the probe compensation signs to 1kHz default.	•	Default 1KHz

4. Applications

4-1. Overview

Background	The APP function allows different software applications to be run. The DCS-1000B comes pre-installed with a number of apps.		
Included Applications	Go/No-Go	The Go/No-Go application can be used to set threshold boundaries for input signals. Go/No-Go tests to see if a waveform will fit inside a user-specified maximum and minimum amplitude boundary (template).	
	Mount Remote Disk	This app allows the scope to mount a network share drive.	
Optional Apps	DVM	The DVM application displays a digital voltage meter readout that floats on the top left-hand side of the screen.	
	Data Log	The Data Log app will log waveform data and/or screenshots at set intervals for set duration of time.	
	Digital Filter	Adds a digital low or high filter to any of the input channels. Each filter can have a user-defined cutoff frequency set.	
	Optional app n	nust be installed, Please See Page	

4-2. Running Applications

Background The APP f

The APP function can host a number of different applications that can be downloaded from the GW Instek website.

Panel Operation 1. Press the APP key.

2. Press APP from the bottom menu.



3. Scroll through each application using the *Variable* knob.



4. Select an application by pressing the *Select* key *twice*.

Select x2

4-3. Using Go-NoGo

Background

The Go-NoGo test checks if a waveform fits inside a user-specified maximum and minimum boundary. Boundary templates are automatically created from a source channel. Boundary tolerances and violation conditions can be set.

Trig'd 19 Aug 2014 19:11:16

Choose the Go_NoGo application from the APP menu. See page 118.

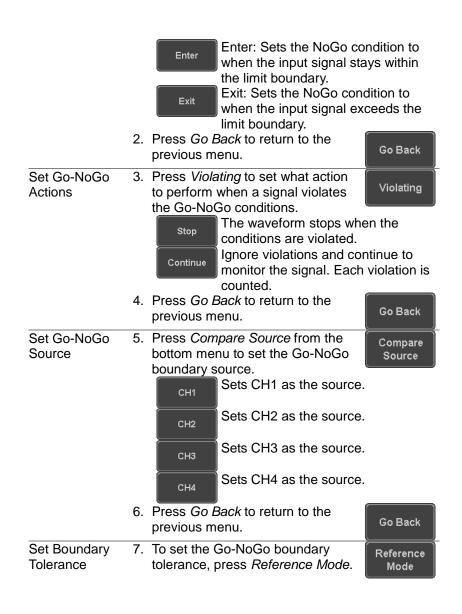


Set Go-NoGo Conditions

Select the Go-NoGo conditions (NG When) and actions when a Go-NoGo condition has been met (Violating).

 Press NG When from the bottom menu and select the NoGo conditions:





Auto Tolerance

8. To set the boundary tolerance as a percentage offset from the source waveform, press *Auto Tolerance* and use the Variable knob.

Auto Tolerance VARIABLE



Maximum and Minimum Position

Offset 0.4% ~ 40% (.4% steps)

 To manually set the template tolerance, press *Minimum Position* or *Maximum Position* and use the Variable knob to set the absolute minimum or maximum position. Minimum Position

or

Maximum Position

Save Boundary Template Range Voltage division range 10.Press *Save Operation* to save the tolerance boundaries.

Save Operation

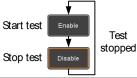
- 11. The Maximum Position tolerance will be saved to reference waveform R1, and the Minimum Position tolerance to R2.
- 12. Press *Go Back* to return to the previous menu.

Go Back

Start Go-NoGo

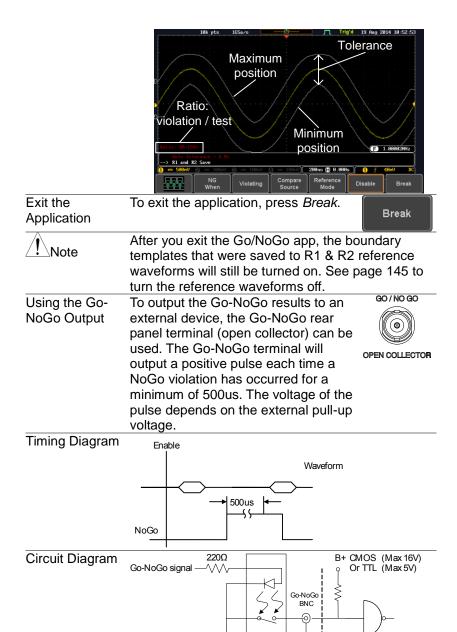
Press *Enable* to start the Go-NoGo test. The Enable button will change to Disable. Pressing *Disable* will stop the Go-NoGo test and toggle the button back to Enable.

If the Violating setting was set to Stop, press Enable to restart the test after it has stopped.



Results

When Go-NoGo is running, the violation/test ratio is displayed in the bottom left-hand corner. The first digit represents the number of violations, and the right hand digit represents the number of tests.



4-4. Using the DVM (Option)

Background

The DVM app is a digital voltage meter or digital current meter readout that floats on the top left-hand side of the screen. However, please note that if the cursors (refer to page 34) are turned on, the DVM readout will be replaced by the cursor readout.

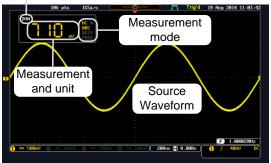
The DVM app allows you to measure the AC RMS, DC, DC RMS, Duty and frequency of an input signal. This software is especially useful for those measurement applications that require both a DSO and a basic DVM to be used at the same time.

Basic Features:

- 3 digit resolution for voltage measurements
- 5 digit resolution for frequency
- Input channel selection

Example

DVM function indicator



Panel Operation Choose the DVM application from the APP menu. See page 118.



Set Source

 Press Source and select the source channel for the DVM. The probe type setting (voltage or current) determines whether the function acts as a digital volt meter or as a digital current meter for the selected source. See page 72 to

Source CH1

set the probe type.

Source CH1 ~ CH4

The Mode setting determines the measurement mode for the meter.

2. Press Mode and select the mode.

Mode DC

Mode AC RMS, DC, DC RMS, Duty, Frequency

Turn On/Off

Mode

Press DVM and toggle DVM on.
 The DVM app will remain running in the background even if other functions are turned on.



4-5. Using the Data Logger (Option)

Background

The Data Log app will log the current waveform data or screenshot at set intervals for a set duration of time.

Basic Features:

- Log up to 100 hours of images or waveform data.
- Interval times of up to 2 seconds (waveform) or 5 seconds (images).

Example



Panel Operation Choose the Data Log application from the APP menu. See page 118. 1. Press Setup. Setup 2. Press Log to from the side menu Log to and select what type of data to log. Image waveform data or screenshots. Image, Waveform Log to 3. Press Source from the side menu Source and select a source channel to log CH1 if waveforms are to be logged. CH1 ~ CH4, All Displayed Source 4. Press *Interval* and set the logging nterval interval time. 2 secs Interval Data: 2secs ~ 2mins Image: 5secs ~ 2mins 5. Press Duration and select the Duration logging duration time. 5 mins 5mins ~ 100hrs. Duration 6. From the bottom menu, press *File* File Utilities and set the save file path. Utilities See the File Utilities chapter r Page 147 details. Turn On/Off 7. Press Data Logging from the Data Logging bottom menu and toggle Data ON Logging on. The data/images will be saved to the designated file path when Data Logging is turned on. The Data Logging app will remain running in the background even if other functions are turned on. 8. Press File Utilities to set the file Set File Path Page 147 path. NOTE: The DCS-1000B does not have a built-in clock, so the date and time are not recorded.

4-6. Using the Digital Filter (Option)

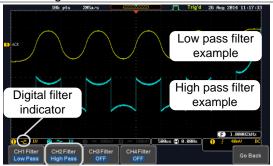
Background

The Digital Filter app is a digital high or low pass filter with a selectable cutoff frequency. The digital filter and be applied to each channel individually or together using the tracking functionality.

Basic Features:

- · High pass or low pass filtering of analog channels.
- Selectable cutoff frequencies.
- Tracking function

Example



Digital filter type or status

CH1 input: 2Vpp 1kHz square wave, low pass

filter with 1kHz cutoff frequency.

CH2 input: 2Vpp 1kHz square wave, high pass filter with 1kHz cutoff frequency.

Panel Operation Choose the Digital filter application from the APP menu. See page 118.

Set Source

- Select a source channel by pressing CH1Filter, CH2 Filter, CH3 Filter or CH4 Filter.
- 2. From the side menu press Filtering and turn on.
- 3. Press Filter Type and select low or high pass filter.





Low Pass, High Pass Type

4. If Low Pass was selected, press *Upper Limit* to set the low pass cutoff frequency. Likewise if High Pass was selected, press *Lower Limit* to set the high pass cutoff frequency. Only one option will be available at a time.



Upper Limit 1Hz ~ 500MHz Lower Limit 1Hz ~ 500MHz

Tracking

 Press *Tracking* if you want the settings of the digital filter on each channel to be the same. When a setting is changed on one channel, it is reflected on the other channels.



Note

The digital filter settings will still apply to the relevant input signals after leaving the app, unless turned off.

4-7. Remote Disk

Background

The Remote Disk app allows the scope to mount a network share drive.

Basic Features:

- Save and load files from the network share drive.
- Ability to automatically mount the network share drive at startup.

Example



Panel Operation 1. Press the APP key.

2. Press *Mount Remote Disk* from the bottom menu.



APP

- 3. A form will appear (above) prompting you to enter the IP Address, Path Name, User Name and Password.
 - IP Address refers to the IP address of the network share drive.
 - Path Name refers to name of the shared directory of the network drive. This path must be in the root directory of the boot drive of the network disk. No sub-directories are allowed in the path name. For example a path name of "DSO" would be equivalent to C:/DSO.
 - User Name refers to a username with permission to access the share drive.
 - · Password refers to the password for the username above.
 - Use the Up and Down soft-keys navigate to each item in the form.
 - Use the Variable knob and Back Space softkey to enter characters for each item in the form.

Mount/Unmount 4. To mount the network share driver. press *Mount* from the side menu. Press again to unmount. When the drive is successfully mounted, "Complete!" will be shown on the display.

Mount

Auto Mount

5. Press Auto Mount to automatically mount the network share drive at startup.

Auto Mount On Off

Set File Path

6. When accessing the file utilities, the network share drive is shown as "Z" drive. Files can be saved to or recalled from the network share drive in the same manner as the internal memory or a USB flash disk. See the File Utilities chapter for usage details.

Page 147

Example



5. SAVE/RECALL

5-1. File Format/Utility 5-1-1. Image File Format

Format	*.bmp or *.png
Default	DSxxxx.bmp/png
Filename	
Contents	The display image is 800 by 480 pixels. The
	background color can be inverted (Ink saver
	function). Each image file is saved to the current
	file path as a bitmap or PNG file.

5-1-2 Waveform File Format

5-1-2. Waveforr	n File Form	at	
Format	DSxxxx.lsf, CH1~CH4.lsf The LSF file format efficiently stores waveforms. This is the file format used for storing and recalling all waveforms that are used with the DCS-1000B series.		
Filename	DSxxxx.lsf,	CH1 ~ CH4.lsf	
Waveform Type	CH1 ~ 4 REF Math	Input channel signal Reference waveform Math operation result (page 39)	
Storage Location	Wave1 ~ Wave20	Waveform files stored to the internal memory. Stored waveforms can be transferred to Ref. 1 ~ 4 to be viewed on the display. (W1 ~ W20 waveforms cannot be directly recalled on the display).	
	Ref 1~4	Reference waveforms stored in the internal memory, separate from W1 ~ W20. Reference waveforms (Ref 1 ~ 4) can be displayed directly onto the display with amplitude and frequency information. Ref 1~4 are useful for reference purposes. Other waveforms (LSF and W1~20) must be recalled to R1~4 before being displayed.	
Contents: Waveform Data	The waveform data can be used for detailed analysis. It consists of the horizontal and vertical data used by the waveform.		

5-1-3. Spreadsheet File Format

Format

*.csv (Comma-separated values format, can be opened in spreadsheet applications such as Microsoft Excel).

CSV-formatted files can be stored in either a shortmemory format or a long-memory format: Detail CSV, Fast CSV. The number of points that are saved depends on the record length settings.

Detail CSV will record both the horizontal and vertical sample points of the waveform. All the points are recorded in scientific notation for analog data.

Fast CSV will only record the vertical amplitude of the sample points. Fast CSV also contains data that enables the horizontal data points to be reconstructed, such as trigger position, etc. Data is recorded as integers.

Note, however, that only fast CSV can be recalled to the internal memory. Detailed CSV cannot be recalled.

File	-ı	aı	110	

DSxxxx.csv

Waveform Type

CH1 ~ 4 Input channel signal
Ref1~4 Reference waveform
Math Math operation result (page 39)
All All the waveforms on the display.
Displayed

Contents: Detail CSV

Detail CSV waveform data contains channel information such as vertical and horizontal position of a signal for all the recorded points. The following information is included in Detail CSV,

- Format (scope type)
- Trigger Level

where applicable:

- Label
- Vertical units
- Vertical position
- Horizontal scale
- Memory length
- Source
- Probe ratio
- Vertical scale
- Horizontal units
- Horizontal position

- Horizontal mode
- Firmware
- Vertical data
- Sampling period
- Mode
- Horizontal data

Memory length

Contents: Fast CSV

The following information is included in the Fast CSV waveform files, where applicable:

- Format (scope type)
- IntpDistance
- Trigger address (input trigger distance)
- Trigger level
- Vertical units
- Vertical units extend div
- Probe type
- Vertical scale
- Horizontal units
- Horizontal position SincET mode (sampling mode)
- · Horizontal old scale

Raw vertical waveform

Firmware

data

- Source
- · Vertical units div
- Label
- Probe ratio
- Vertical position
- Horizontal scale
- Horizontal mode Sampling period
- Horizontal old position
 - Mode

5-1-4. Setup File Format

Format		set (proprietary forn p file saves or reca	
Contents	Acquire	ModeSample rateXY	Sample modeRecord Length
	Display	ModePersistenceWaveform intensityGraticule intensity	Backlight intensityGraticuleBacklightAuto-dim

Channel •	Scale Channel Coupling Impedance Invert Bandwidth	•	Expand Position Probe Probe attenuation Deskew
Cursor •	Horizontal cursor H Unit	•	Vertical cursor V Unit
Measure • •	Source Gating Statistics	•	Display High-Low Reference levels
Horizontal • Math •	Scale Source1 Operator Source2	•	Position Unit/Div Math Off
FFT Math •	Source Vertical Units Window	•	Vertical position Horizontal position
Advanced • Math •	Expression VAR1 VAR2	•	Position Unit/Div
Trigger •	Type Source Coupling Alternate Rejection Noise Rejection	•	Slope Level Mode Trigger When Timer Holdoff
Utility •	Language Hardcopy key File Format	•	Ink Saver Assign Save Probe Comp.
Save/ • recall	Image file format	•	Data file format

5-2. Create/Edit Labels

Overview

Reference files, Setup files and the analog input channels can have individual file labels set. For the analog channels and reference waveforms, the file label can be displayed next to the channel/reference indicator.

The file labels are also used to easily identify reference files, setup files or channels when saving or recalling waveforms and setups.

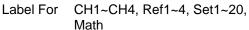
Example



In the example above, the file label for channel 1 is displayed next to the channel indicator and is also displayed in the *Edit Label* menu. The Ref_1 file label is shown next to the reference indicator.

Panel Operation

- 1. Press the *Save/Recall* key from the front panel.
- 2. Press *Edit File Label* from the bottom menu.
- Press Label For and select the item that you want to create the label for.



4. To choose a preset label, Press *User Preset* from the side menu and choose a label.



Save/Recall

Edit

File Label

Label For

(ACK)

Labels

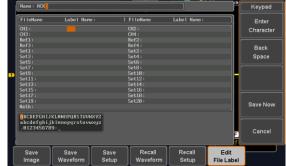
ACK, ADO, ANALOG, BIT, CAS, CLK, CLOCK, CLR, COUNT, DATA, DTACK, ENABLE, HALT, INT, IN, IRQ, LATCH, LOAD, NMI

Edit Label

1. Press *Edit Character* to edit the current label.



2. The Edit Label window appears.



Use the Variable knob to highlight a character.



Press *Enter Character* to select a number or letter.

Press *Back Space* to delete a character.

Press *Save Now* to save the label and return to the previous menu.

To cancel the editing the label and return to the previous menu, press *Cancel*.



Display Label

To display the currently selected file label on the screen next to its respective indicator, toggle *Label Display* to On.

Conversely, if you want to remove the currently selected file label from the display, toggle *Label Display* to Off.



5-3. Save

5-3-1. File Type/Source/Destination

<u> </u>				
Item	Source	Destination		
Panel Setup (DSxxxx.set)	 Front panel settings 	 Internal memory: Set1 ~ 20 File system: Disk, USB 		
Waveform Data (DSxxxx.csv) (DSxxxx.lsf) (CH1~CH4.lsf, Ref1~Ref4.lsf, Math.lsf)* ALLxxxx.csv	 Channel 1 ~ 4 Math operation result Reference waveform Ref1~4 All displayed waveforms 	 Internal memory: Reference waveform Ref1~4, Wave1 ~ 20 File system: Disk, USB 		
Display Image (DSxxxx.bmp/png) (Axxx1.bmp/png)**	Display image	File system: Disk, USB		

^{*}Stored in ALLXXXX directories when All Displayed waveforms are saved.

Note: By default all filenames/directories are named

DSxxxx/ALLxxxx where xxxx is a number starting from 0001 and is incremented by one after each save.

The DCS-1000B does not have a built-in clock, so the date and time are not recorded.

5-3-2. Save Image

Images can be saved either using the Save/Recall key or by using the Hardcopy key. To save images using the Hardcopy key, see the hardcopy section on page152.

Panel Operation 1. To save to USB, connect a USB Front Panel drive to the front panel USB port.

If a USB drive is not connected, images can still be saved to the internal memory.

2. Press the Save/Recall key from the front panel.

3. Press *Save Image* from the bottom menu.



^{**}Stored in ALLXXXX directories when the Hardcopy key is assigned to save Waveform, Setup or All.

4. Press *File Format* to choose PNG or BMP file types.

File Format Bmp

Range DSxxxx.bmp, DSxxxx.png

5. Press *Ink Saver* to toggle Ink Saver On or Off.



Ink Saver On

Ink Saver Off

6. Press Save from the side menu to save the display as an image file.

Save

- You will automatically be taken to a file utility where you will be able to edit the name of the file.
- 8. To edit the file name, use the *Variable* knob to highlight a character.



Press Enter Character or the Select key to select a number or letter.

Press *Back Space* to delete a character.

9. Press *Save Now* to save the file. The file name need not have been edited to save the file.

Note: Pressing *Cancel* will cancel the save operation and return you to the Save/Recall menu.

Character

Back
Space

Save Now

Cancel

Enter

After Save Now has been pressed the file will be saved.

Image saved to USB:/DS0197.BMP.



The file will not be saved if the power is turned off or the USB drive is taken out before the message ends.

File Utility

To edit the internal memory or the USB flash drive contents (create/ delete/rename files and folders) or to edit the default file path, press File Utilities from the side menu. See page 147 for details.



5-3-3. Save Waveform

Panel Operation 1. To save to an external USB flash drive, connect the drive to the front panel USB port. If a USB drive is not connected, files can still be saved to the internal memory.



Front Panel

- 2. Press the Save/Recall key from the Save/Recall front panel.
- 3. Press Save Waveform from the bottom menu.
- 4. Choose the From waveform on the side menu.



Source CH1~4, Math, Ref1~4, All Displayed

5. Press To (internal memory) or To File and choose a destination to save.



Tο Ref1~4, Wave1~20 To File Format: LSF, Detail CSV, Fast CSV

6. Press Save to save the file.



7. If you are saving to a file, a file utility appears where you will be able to edit the name of the file from the default "DSXXX" filename.

8. To edit the filename, use the *Variable* knob to highlight a character.



Press Enter Character or the Select key to select a number or letter.

Press Back Space to delete a character.

9. Press Save Now to save the file. The filename need not have been edited to save the file.

Note: Pressing Cancel will cancel the save operation and return you to the Save/Recall menu.

After Save Now has been pressed the file will be saved.

Waveform saved to USB:/DS0001.CSV.

Note

The file will not be saved if the power is turned off or the USB drive is taken out before the message ends.

File Utility

To edit the internal memory or the USB flash drive contents (create/ delete/rename files and folders), press File Utilities. For details, see page147.

File Utilities

Enter

Character

Back

Space

Save Now

Cancel

5-3-4. Save Setup

Panel Operation 1. To saving to an external USB flash drive connect the drive to the front or rear panel USB port. If a USB drive is not connected, files can be saved to the internal memory.

2. Press the Save/Recall key from the Save/Recall front panel.







- 3. Press Save Setup from the bottom menu.
- Press To (internal memory) or To File and choose a destination to save to.



To Set1~Set20 To File DSxxxx.set

 Press Save to confirm saving. When completed, a message appears at the bottom of the display.



- If you are saving to a file, a file utility appears where you will be able to edit the name of the file from the default "DSxxxx" filename.
- 7. To edit the filename, use the *Variable* knob to highlight a character.



Press Enter Character or the Select key to select a number or letter.

Press *Back Space* to delete a character.

8. Press *Save Now* to save the file.

The filename need not have been edited to save the file.

Note: Pressing Consequeil sangel.

Note: Pressing *Cancel* will cancel the save operation and return you to the Save/Recall menu.

After Save Now has been pressed the file will be saved.

Setup saved to USB:/DS0001.SET.



/•	\
∕!	Note

The file will not be saved if the power is turned off or the USB drive is taken out before the message ends.

	enas.	
File Utility	To edit the internal memory or the USB flash drive contents (create/delete/rename files and folders) or to set the file path, press <i>File Utilities</i> . For details, see 147.	File Utilities
Edit Label	To edit labels for Setup files, press Edit Label. For more details on editing labels, see page 134.	Edit Label

5-4. Recall

5-4-1. File Type/Source/Destination

Item	Source	Destination
Default Panel Setup	Factory installed setting	Current front panel
Reference Waveform	 Internal memory: Ref1~4 	Current front panel
Panel Setup (DSxxxx.set)	 Internal memory: S1 ~ 20 File system: Disk, USB 	Current front panel
Waveform Data (DSxxxx.lsf, DSxxxx.csv**) (CH1~CH4.lsf, Ref1~Ref4.lsf, Math.lsf)*	 Internal memory: Wave 1 ~ 20 File system: Disk, USB 	 Reference waveform Ref1 ~ 4

^{*}Recalled from ALLXXX directories. Note that Allxxxx.csv cannot be recalled to the oscilloscope.

5-4-2. Recall Default Panel Setting

0 4 2. Reddi Belddit i dhei Getting			
Panel Operation	1. Press the <i>Default</i> key.	Default	
	The screen will update settings.	e with the default panel	
Setting Contents	The following is the defau	Ilt (factory) setting	
Ü	contents.	` ,,	
Acquire	Mode: Sample	XY: OFF	
•	Record Length: 10k	Expand: By Center	

^{**}Detail CSV files cannot be recalled to the oscilloscope.

Display Mode: Vector Persistence: 240ms

Waveform intensity: 50% Graticule intensity: 50% Backlight Intensity: 80% Backlight Auto-dim: On

Time: 10min Graticule: full

Channel Scale: 100mV/Div CH1: On

Coupling: DCImpedance: 1MΩInvert: OffBandwidth: fullExpand: By GroundPosition: 0.00V

Probe: Voltage Probe attenuation: 1x

Deskew: 0s

Cursor Horizontal cursor: Off Vertical Cursor: Off Measure Source: CH1 Gating: Screen

Display All: Off High-Low: Auto Statistics: Off Mean & Std Dev

Samples: 2

High Ref: 90.0% Mid Ref: 50.0%

Low Ref: 10.0%

Horizontal Scale: 10us/Div Position: 0.000s Math Source1: CH1 Operator: +

Source2: CH2 Position: 0.00 Div

Unit/Div: 200mV Math Off

FFT Source: CH1 Vertical Units: dBV RMS

Window: Hanning Vertical: 20dB

Horizontal:5MHz/div

Advanced Math Expression: CH1+CH2 VAR1: 0

VAR2: 1 Position: 0.00Div

Unit/div: 500mV

APP App: Go-NoGo, DVM, Datalog, Mount Remote

Disk

Trigger Type: Edge Source: CH1

Coupling: DC Alternate: Off
Noise Rejection: Off Slope: Positive
Level: 0.00V Mode: Auto

Holdoff: 10.0ns

Utility Hardcopy: Save Ink Saver: Off

Assign Save To: Image File Format: Bmp

Probe Comp.: 1kHz

5-4-3. Recall Waveform

Panel Operation 1. For recalling from an external USB flash drive, connect the drive to the front or rear panel USB port.

Front Panel



- 2. The waveform must be stored in advance. See page 138 for waveform store details.
- 3. Press the Save/Recall key.
- 4. Press Recall Waveform from the bottom menu. The Recall menu appears.
- 5. Press From (internal memory) or From File and choose a source to recall from.





From Wave1~20

From File* File format: Lsf, Fast Csv *Only files in the current file path will be available, this includes files saved in the ALLxxxx directories.

Allxxxx.csv files cannot be recalled to the oscilloscope.

Only the "Fast CSV", "LSF" files can be recalled to the oscilloscope.

6. Press To and select the reference waveform to recall to.



Tο

Ref1~4

7. Press Recall Now to recall the waveform. The reference waveform will appear on the screen when successful.



File Utility

To edit USB flash drive contents (create/ delete/ rename files and folders) or to set the file path, press File Utilities. For details, see page 147.



5-4-4. Recall Setup

Panel Operation 1. (For recalling from an external USB flash drive) Connect the drive to the front or rear panel USB port.



- 2. Press the Save/Recall key.
- Press Recall Setup from the bottom menu.
- 4. Press *From* (internal memory) or From File and choose a source to recall from.



From Set1~20 From File DSxxxx.set (USB, Disk)* * Only files in the current file path will be available.

5. Press Recall Now to confirm recalling. When completed, a message appears at the bottom of the display.



Setup recalled from Set1.



The file will not be recalled if the power is turned off or the USB drive is taken out before the message

appears. File Utility To edit the internal memory or the File Utilities USB flash drive contents (create/ delete/ rename files and folders) or to set the file path, press File Utilities. For details, see page 147.

Edit Label

To edit labels for Setup files, press Edit label. For more details on editing labels, see page 134.

Edit Label

5-5. Reference Waveforms

5-5-1. Recall and Display Reference Waveforms

Panel Operation A reference waveform must be stored in advance. See page 138 to store waveforms as reference waveforms.

- 1. Press the *REF* key on the front panel.
- Pressing R1~R4 repeatedly will toggle the corresponding reference waveform OFF/ON. Turning R1~R4 ON will open the corresponding reference menu.
- 3. If a reference waveform is ON but not active, its reference menu can be opened by pressing the corresponding *R1~R4* key from the bottom menu.



Vertical Navigation Press *Vertical* repeatedly from the side menu to choose to edit the vertical position or Unit/Div. Use the Variable knob to edit the values.



RFF

R

R1 OFF 19-Aug-14

11:54:14

RII ON

19-Aug-14 11 :54 :14

R1 ON 19-Aug-14 11:54:14

RII ON

Horizontal Navigation

Press Horizontal repeatedly from the side menu to choose to edit the Time/Div or the horizontal position. Use the Variable knob to edit the value.



View Reference Waveform Details	Pressing <i>Ref Details</i> will display the reference waveform details.	Ref Details
	Details: Sample Rate, Record Le	ength, Date
	Sample Rate: 1GSPS Record Length: 10000 points Date: 19-Aug-14 11:54:14	
Edit Labels	To edit labels for Setup files, press Edit Labels. For more details on editing labels, see page 134.	
Save Reference Waveforms	To save reference waveforms, press Save to File. For more details on saving waveforms, see page 138.	

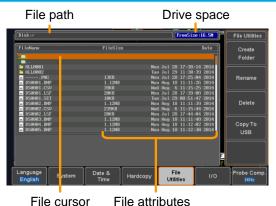
6. FILE UTILITIES

The file utilities are used each time files need to be saved to internal or external memory. The file utilities can create directories, delete directories, rename files as well as copy files from internal memory to USB. The File Utilities menu also sets the file path for saving and recalling files from the Save/Recall menu.

6-1-1. File Navigation

The File Utilities menu can be used to choose files or to set the file path for saving/recalling files.





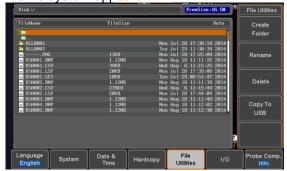
Panel Operation 1. Press the Utility key.



2. Press *File Utilities* from the bottom menu.



3. The file system appears.



4. Use the Variable knob to move the file cursor up and down. Use the Select key to choose a file or directory or to set the file path.





When a USB flash drive is used, the file path is remembered each time the USB flash drive is used. This saves you the hassle of setting the USB file path each time the USB flash drive is inserted into the scope.

6-1-2. Create Folder

Panel Operation 1. Press the Utility key.

File Utilities

- 2. Press *File Utilities* from the bottom menu.
- 3. Use the Variable knob and Select key to navigate the file system.



Create Folder

- 4. Press Create Folder to make a new directory at the selected location.
- 5. Use the Variable knob to highlight a character.



Press Enter Character or the Select key to select a number or letter.

Press *Back Space* to delete a character.

6. Press Save Now to create the folder.

Enter Character Back Space

Cancel

Press Cancel to cancel the operation.



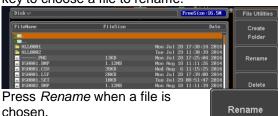
6-1-3. Rename File

Panel Operation 1. Press the Utility key.



2. Press *File Utilities* from the bottom menu.

3. Use the Variable knob and select key to choose a file to rename.



5. Use the *Variable* knob to highlight a character.



Press *Enter Character* or the *Select* key to select a number or letter.

Press *Back Space* to delete a character.



6. Press *Save Now* to rename the folder or file.



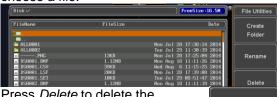
File

Utilities

6-1-4. Delete File or Folder

Panel Operation 1. Press the Utility key.

- 2. Press *File Utilities* from the bottom menu.
- 3. Use the Variable knob and select key to navigate the file system to choose a file.



- Press *Delete* to delete the selected file.
- 5. Press *Delete* again to confirm the deletion.

Delete Delete

6-1-5. Copy File to USB

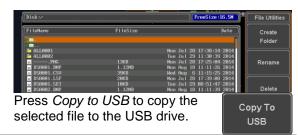
Panel Operation 1. Connect a USB drive to the front panel USB port.



- 2. Press the Utility key.
- 3. Press *File Utilities* from the bottom menu.



4. Use the *Variable* knob and *Select* key to navigate the file system to choose a file from internal memory.



!\Note

If the same file name already exists on the USB drive, it will be copied over.

6-1-6. Installing Optional Apps and Functions

Overview The DCS-1000B Series has the optional apps or the optional functions

Panel Operation 1. After copy the option's file to the Front Panel USB drive, Connect the USB drive to the front panel USB

port.

2. Press the Utility key.

3. Press *File Utilities* from the bottom menu.

File Utilities

Utility

Select

 Use the Variable knob and Select key to navigate the file system to choose a file.



5. Press *Copy to USB* to copy the selected file to the USB drive.

 When the installation has completed you will be prompted to restart the oscilloscope.

Option Name File Nmae
Data log function :DataLog_1KB.gz
Digital Filter function :DVM_1KB.gz

DVM_1KB.gz

7. HARDCOPY

The Hardcopy key is used as quick-save or quick-print key. The Hardcopy key can be assigned either to printout screenshots or to save files.

When assigned to "Print" the screen image can be printed to a PictBridge compatible printer using the USB device port. To reduce the amount of printer ink used for each print, images can be printed using the Ink Saver function.

When assigned to "Save", pressing the Hardcopy key can be used to save a screen shot, a waveform, or the current setup, depending on the configuration.

7-1-1. Printer I/O Configuration

Panel Operation 1. Connect a PictBridge printer to the USB device port on the rear panel.



- 2. Press the Utility key.
- 3. Press I/O from the bottom menu.
- 4. Press USB *Device Port* from the side menu and select *Printer*.



7-1-2. Print Output

Ensure the USB port has been configured for the printer and the printer is connected to the scope before trying to print.

Panel Operation 1. Press the Utility key.

- 2. Press *Hardcopy* from the bottom menu.
- 3. On the side menu, press *Function* and select *Print*.
- 4. Press the *Hardcopy* key to print. The display image is printed out.





Ink Saver

To have a white background on the printed display image, set *Ink Saver* to On.

Ink Saver



7-1-3. Save - Hardcopy Key

Background

When the Hardcopy key is assigned to "Save", pressing the Hardcopy key can be used to save a screen shot, a waveform, or the current setup. depending on the configuration.

Panel Operation 1. If you wish to save to USB, connect a USB drive to the front panel USB port, otherwise the file will save to internal memory.



Hardcopy

Function

Print Save

Assign Save Тο

Image

HARDCOPY

- 2. Press the *Utility* key.
- 3. Press *Hardcopy* from the bottom menu.
- 4. On the side menu, press Function to select Save.
- 5. Press Assign Save To and select which type of file will be saved when the Hardcopy key is pressed. File Type: Image, Waveform, Setup, All

6. Press the Hardcopy key to save the file*.

A message will appear when the save is successful.

Image saved to USB:/DS0197.BMP.

Image File Format

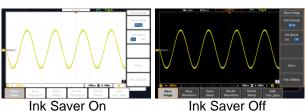
1. For image files the file format can be selected with the File Format key.

File Format Bmp

Ink Saver

Format: BMP, PNG
2. To have a white background for image files, set *Ink Saver* to On.





! Note

*Each time the Hardcopy key is used to save waveforms or setup files, the files are saved into a new directory each time. The save directory is labeled ALLXXXX, where XXXX is a number that is incremented with each save. This directory is created in either the internal memory or to a USB flash drive.

8. REMOTE CONTROL

This chapter describes basic configuration for remote control. For a command list, refer to the programming manual.

8-1-1. Configure USB Interface

USB	PC side	Type A, host
Configuration	connector	
	DCS-1000B side	Type B, device
	connector	
	Speed	1.1/2.0
	USB Class	USB-CDC
	OS	Windows7 or higher (32bit/64bit)
	USB Driver	TEXIO_CDC*.inf
Panel Operation	1. Press the Util	ity key.
	2. Press I/O from	n the bottom menu.
		evice Port from the d select Computer.

4. Connect the USB cable to the rear panel device port.



- When the PC asks for the USB driver or 'Unknown device' listed in Device Manager, install TEXIO-CDC*.inf attached CD.
- If the computer can not recognize the new hardware due to the security, please go to update the driver from the "Other devices" in the Device Manager.



You must have administrator account to install driver.

8-1-2. Configure the Ethernet Interface

Ethernet	MAC Address	Domain Name
Configuration	Instrument Name	DNS IP Address
_	User Password	Gateway IP Address
	Instrument IP	Subnet Mask
	Address	HTTP Port 80 (fixed,stopped)
Background	The Ethernet interface is used for remote control	
	using a socket server connection. For details, please see the Socket Server section on page 157	

Panel Operation 1. Connect the Ethernet cable to the LAN port on the rear panel.

- 2. Press the Utility key.
- 3. Press I/O from the bottom menu.
- Press Ethernet from the side menu.
- Set DHCP/BOOTP to On or Off from the side menu.





IP addresses will automatically be assigned with DHCP/BOOTP set to on. For Static IP Addresses, DHCP/BOOTP should be set to off.

```
00:08:21:21:72:73
MAC Address:
Instrument Name:
                          Steve
User Password:
                          dso
Instrument IP Address:
                          172.16.5.56
Domain Name:
DNS IP Address:
Gateway IP Address:
                          172.16.0.254
Subnet Mask:
                          255.255.0.0
HTTP Port:
 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
 abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
 .0123456789-_

    Use the variable knob to select a character.

2. Press Select to enter the character.
```

Use the *Up* and *Down* arrows on the side menu to navigate to each Ethernet configuration item.

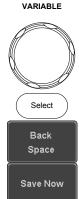


Items

MAC Address, Instrument Name, User Password, Instrument IP Address, Domain Name, DNS IP Address, Gateway IP Address, Subnet Mask

Note: HTTP Port is fixed at 80.

7. Use the *Variable* knob to highlight a character and use the *Select* key to choose a character.



Press *Backspace* to delete a character.

Press Save Now to save the configuration. Complete will be displayed when successful.

8-1-3. Configure Socket Server

The DCS-1000B supports socket server functionality for direct twoway communication with a client PC or device over LAN. By default, the Socket Server is off.

Configure Socket Server

- 1. Configure the IP address for the DCS-1000B.
- 2. Press the *Utility* key.
- 3. Press I/O from the bottom menu.
- 4. Press Socket Server from the side menu.
- Press Select Port and choose the port number with the Variable knob.
 - Range 1024~65535
- 6. Press *Set Port* to confirm the port number.
- 7. The Current Port icon will update to the new port number.
- 8. Press *Server* and turn the socket server On.



Server

On Off

Page 155

Utility

1/0

8-1-4. USB Functionality Check

Terminal Application

Invoke a terminal application such as RealTerm. Set the COM port, baud rate, stop bit, data bit, and parity accordingly. Set the delimiter and the local echo as necessary.

To check the COM port number and associated port settings, see the Device Manager in the PC. For Windows 7:

Control panel → Hardware and Sound→ Device Manager

Example: Configuring RealTerm:



Functionality Check

Key in this query command via the terminal application.

*idn?

This should return the Manufacturer, Model number, Serial number, and Firmware version in the following format.

TEXIO,DCS-1102B,PXXXXXX,V1.00



For further details about remote control and remote commands, please see the DCS-1000B programming manual.

8-1-5. Socket Server Functionality Check

and Automation Explorer

NI Measurement To test the socket server functionality, National Instruments MAX (Measurement and Automation Explorer) can be used. This program is available on the NI website, www.ni.com.

> The following display and operation will differ depending on the version of MAX, Please use in accordance with the display for your MAX.

Operation

- 1. Configure the IP address for the DCS-1000B.
- Configure the socket port. Page 157
- Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program. Using Windows, press:

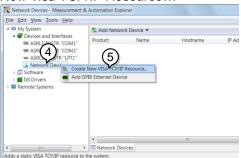


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Start>All Programs>National Instruments>Measurement & Automation



- From the Configuration panel access;
 My System>Devices and Interfaces>Network
 Devices
- 5. Right click *Network Devices* and select *Create New Visa TCP/IP Resource...*



- Select Manual Entry of Raw Socket from the popup window.
- 7. Click Next.



- 8. Enter the DCS-1000B's IP address and socket port number.
- 9. Click Validate.
- 10.A popup will appear to tell you if a VISA socket session was successfully created.
- 11.Click Next.



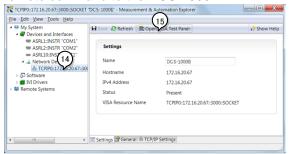
- 12. Choose an alias for the socket connection if you like
- 13.Click Finish to finish the configuration.



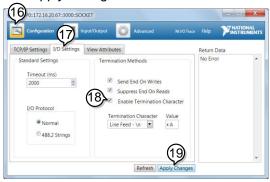
14.The DCS-1000B will now appear under Network Devices in the Configuration Panel.

Functionality Check

15.Click the *Open Visa Test Panel* to send a remote command to the DCS-1000B.

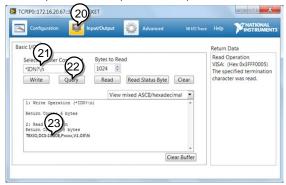


- 16. Click on the Configuration icon.
- 17. Select the I/O Settings tab.
- 18. Mark the *Enable Termination Character* checkbox. Make sure the termination character is a line feed (/n, value: xA).
- 19. Click Apply Changes.



- 20. Click the Input/Output icon.
- 21. Make sure the *IDN? query is selected in the Select or Enter Command drop box.
- 22.Click on Query.
- 23. The manufacturer, model number, serial number and firmware version will be displayed in the buffer. For example:

TEXIO, DCS-1202E, PXXXXXX, V1.00





For further details about remote control and remote commands, please see the DCS-1000B programming manual.

9. MAINTENANCE

Three types of maintenance operations are available:

Signal Path Compensation (SPC) calibrate vertical accuracy compensate the probe.

Run these operations when using the DCS-1000B in a new environment.

9-1-1. How to use SPC function

Background

Signal Path Compensation (SPC) is used to compensate the internal signal path due to ambient temperature. SPC is able to optimize the accuracy of the oscilloscope with respect to the ambient temperature.

Panel Operation 1. Press the Utility key.

- 2. Press *System* from the bottom menu.
- Press SPC from the side menu. A message showing a brief introduction to SPC appears on the screen.





Disconnect all probes and cables from all channels before calibrating.

The DSO needs to be warmed up for at least 30 minutes before using the SPC function.

4. Press *Start* on the side menu to start SPC calibration.



5. The SPC Calibration will proceed one channel at a time, from channel 1 to channel 4.

9-1-2. Vertical Accuracy Calibration

Panel Operation 1. Press the *Utility* key.

- 2. Press *System* from the bottom menu
- 3. Press *more 1 of 3* from the side menu.
- Press Self Cal on the side menu.



5. Press Vertical on the side menu.

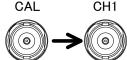


6. A message appears to "Now performing vertical calibration...

CH1

Connect the CAL output to channel, then press the Vertical key".

 Connect the calibration signal from the rear panel to the Channel 1 input with a BNC cable. It will use very low level signal, please use the cable with the high shield effect and short.



 Press Vertical again after connecting CAL to the channel 1 input.



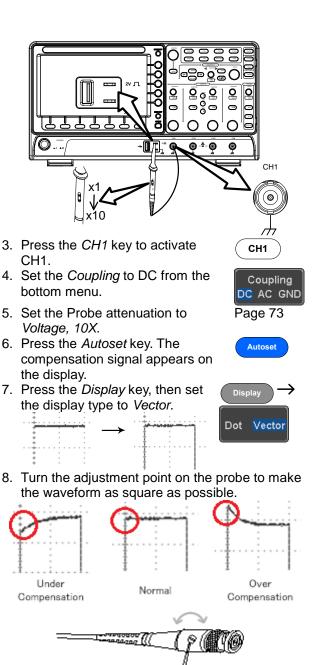
The calibration for Channel 1 starts and ends automatically, in less than 5 minutes. A message is displayed when the calibration procedure has ended.

- 9. Repeat the above step for Channel 2, 3* and 4* when prompted.
 - *4 channel models only.
- When the calibration for all channels has completed, the display goes back to the default state.

9-1-3. Probe Compensation

Panel Operation 1. Connect the probe between the Channel 1 input and the probe compensation output (default set as 2Vp-p, 1kHz square wave) on the front panel. Set the probe attenuation to x10.

Alternatively, the probe compensation frequency can be changed. See page 117 for details.



10. APPENDIX

10-1. FAQ

- I connected the signal but it does not appear on the display.
- I want to remove the (Measurement result / FFT result / Help contents) from the display.
- The waveform does not update (frozen).
- The probe waveform is distorted.
- Autoset does not catch the signal well.
- The display image printout is too dark on the background.
- The accuracy does not match the specification.
- I connected the signal but it does not appear on the display.
 Make sure you have activated the channel by pressing the Channel key (the channel key lights up).

I want to remove the (Measurement result / FFT result / Help contents) from the display.

To clear automatic measurement results, press the Measure key, select Remove Measurement and choose Remove All. See page 28.

To clear individual measurements from the screen, press the Measure key, select Display All and choose Off. See page 29. To clear the FFT result, press the Math key twice. See page 39 for details.

To clear Help result, press the Help key again. See page 18 for details.

The waveform does not update (frozen).

Press the Run/Stop key to unfreeze the waveform. See page 21 for details.

If this does not help, the trigger mode might be set to Single. Press the Single key to exit Single mode. See page 21 for Single trigger details.

The probe waveform is distorted.

You might need to compensate the probe.

· Autoset does not catch the signal well.

The Autoset function cannot catch signals under 30mV or 20Hz. Please use the manual operation. See page 20 for Autoset details.

The display image printout is too dark on the background.
 Use the Ink Saver function which reverses the background color.
 For details, see page 152.

The accuracy does not match the specification.

Make sure the device is powered On for at least 30 minutes, within +20°C~+30°C. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specification.

For more information, contact your local dealer or TEXIO TECHNOLOGY at www.texio.co.jp / info@texio.co.jp.

10-2. Updating the Firmware

Background

New firmware can be downloaded from the TEXIO website in the DSO products section.

Place a copy of the firmware onto the root directory of a USB memory stick.

Panel Operation 1. Put the USB drive that contains the firmware into the front panel USB port.



File

Utilities

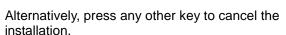
Select

- 1. Press the *Utility* key.
- 2. Press File Utilities from the bottom menu.
- 3. Use the *Variable* knob to highlight the upgrade



- 4. Press the Select key to begin the Select installation of the upgrade file.
- 5. A message will appear asking you to confirm this process.

Press the Select key again to confirm the installation of the firmware.



6. Wait for the installation process to complete. When the installation has completed you will be prompted to restart the oscilloscope.

10-3. SPECIFICATIONS

10-3-1. Model Specifications

DCS-1054B	Channels Bandwidth Rise Time Bandwidth Limit	4 DC ~ 50MHz (–3dB) 7ns 20MHz
DCS-1072B	Channels Bandwidth Rise Time Bandwidth Limit	2 + Ext DC ~ 70MHz (-3dB) 5ns 20MHz
DCS-1074B	Channels Bandwidth Rise Time Bandwidth Limit	4 DC ~ 70MHz (–3dB) 5ns 20MHz
DCS-1102B	Channels Bandwidth Rise Time Bandwidth Limit	2 + Ext DC ~ 100MHz (-3dB) 3.5ns 20MHz
DCS-1104B	Channels Bandwidth Rise Time Bandwidth Limit	4 DC ~ 100MHz (-3dB) 3.5ns 20MHz

10-3-2. Common Specifications

Vertical	Resolution	8 bit: 1mV~10V/div
Sensitivity	Input Coupling	AC, DC, GND
	Input Impedance	1MΩ// 16pF approx.
	DC Gain Accuracy	1mV: ±4% full scale >2mV: ±3% full scale
	Polarity	Normal & Invert
	Maximum Input Voltage	300Vrms, CAT I
	Offset Position Range	1mV/div : ±1.25V 2mV/div ~ 100mV/div : ±2.5V 200mV/div ~ 10V/div : ±125V
	Waveform Signal	+, -, x, ÷, FFT, FFTrms, User Defined Expression
	Process	FFT: Spectral magnitude. Set FFT Vertical Scale to Linear RMS or dBV RMS, and FFT Window to Rectangular, Hamming, Hanning, or Blackman-Harris
Trigger	Source	CH1, CH2, CH3*, CH4*, Line, EXT** *four channel models only. **two channel models only.

	Trigger Mode	Auto (supports Roll Mode for 100 ms/div and slower), Normal, Single Sequence
	Trigger Type	Edge, Pulse Width(Glitch), Video, Pulse Runt, Rise & Fall(Slope), Timeout, Alternate, Event-Delay(1~65535 events), Time- Delay(Duration, 4nS~10S), Bus
	Holdoff range	4ns to 10s
	Coupling	AC, DC, LF rej., Hf rej., Noise rej.
	Sensitivity	1div
External	Range	±15V
Trigger	Sensitivity	DC ~ 100MHz Approx. 100mV
	Input	1MΩ±3%~16pF
	Impedance	5 / 1" 400 / 1" / 4 0 5 ;
Horizontal	Timebase	5ns/div ~ 100s/div (1-2-5 increments)
	Range	ROLL: 100ms/div ~ 100s/div
	Pre-trigger	10 div maximum
	Post-trigger	2,000,000 div maximum
	Timebase	±50 ppm over any ≥ 1 ms time interval
	Accuracy Real Time	1GSa/s max.
	Sample Rate	100a/s max.
	Record	Max. 10Mpts
	Length	wax. rowpts
	Acquisition Mode	Normal, Average, Peak Detect, Single
	Peak Detection	2nS (typical)
	Average	selectable from 2 to 256
X-Y Mode	X-Axis Input	Channel 1; Channel 3*
		*four channel models only
	Y-Axis Input	Channel 2; Channel 4*
		*four channel models only
	Phase Shift	±3° at 100kHz
Cursors and	Cursors	Amplitude, Time, Gating available; Unit:
Measurement		Seconds(s), Hz(1/s), Phase(degree),
		Ration(%)
	Automatic	36 sets: Pk-Pk, Max, Min, Amplitude, High,
	Measurement	Low, Mean, Cycle Mean, RMS, Cycle RMS, Area, Cycle Area, ROVShoot, FOVShoot, RPREShoot, FPREShoot, Frequency, Period, RiseTime, FallTime, +Width, -Width, Duty Cycle, +Pulses, -Pulses, +Edges, -Edges, FRR, FRF, FFR, FFF, LRR, LRF, LFR, Phase
	Cursors	Voltage difference between cursors (ΔV)
	measurement	Time difference between cursors (ΔT)

	Auto counter	6 digits, range from 2Hz minimum to the rated bandwidth
Control Panel Function	Autoset	Single-button, automatic setup of all channels for vertical, horizontal and trigger systems, with undo Autoset
	Save Setup	20set
	Save Waveform	24set
Display	TFT LCD Type	7" TFT WVGA color display
	Display Resolution	800 horizontal x 480 vertical pixels (WVGA)
	Interpolation	Sin(x)/x
	Waveform Display	Dots, vectors, variable persistence (16ms~4s), infinite persistence
	Waveform Update Rate	50,000 waveforms per second, maximum
	Display Graticule	8 x 10 divisions
	Display Mode	YT, XY
Interface	USB Port	USB 2.0 High-speed host port X1, USB High- speed 2.0 device port X1
	Ethernet Port (LAN)	RJ-45 connector, 10/100Mbps with HP Auto- MDIX (4ch Model Only)
	Go-NoGo BNC	5V Max/10mA TTL open collector output
	Kensington Style Lock	Rear-panel security slot connects to standard Kensington-style lock
Power Source	Line Voltage	100V~240V AC, 50Hz~60Hz
	Power Consumption	30W, 45VA maximum
Miscellaneous	Menu	Multi-language manu Available
	Operation	Temperature: 0°C to 50°C. Relative Humidity
	Environment	≤ 80% at 40°C or below;
		≤ 45% at 41°C ~ 50°C
	On-line help	Available
	Dimensions	384mmX208mmX127.3mm
	Weight	2.8kg

10-3-3. Probe Specifications 10-3-3-1. For DCS-1054B/1072B/1074B

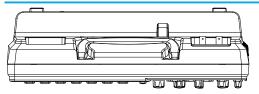
Model		GTP-070B-4
Position x10	Attenuation Ratio	10:1
	Bandwidth	DC ~ 70MHz
	Input Resistance	$10M\Omega$ when used with oscilloscopes with $1M\Omega$ input.
	Input Capacitance	14.5pF~17.5pF
	Compensation Range	10pF ~ 35pF
	Max. Input Voltage	≤600V DC + ACpk
Position x1	Attenuation Ratio	1:1
	Bandwidth	DC ~ 10MHz
	Input Resistance	1MΩ when used with $1MΩ$ input
	Input Capacitance	85pF~115pF
	Max. Input Voltage	≤200V DC + ACpk
Operating	Temperature	–10°C ~ 50°C
Cond.	Relative Humidity	≤85%

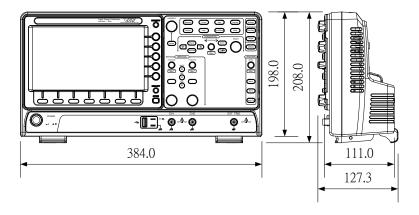
10-3-3-2. For DCS-1102B/1104B

Model		GTP-100B-4
Position X10	Attenuation Ratio	10:1
	Bandwidth	DC ~ 100MHz
	Input Resistance	$10M\Omega$ when used with oscilloscopes with $1M\Omega$ input.
	Input Capacitance	14.5pF~17.5pF
	Compensation Range	5 ∼ 30pF
	Max. Input Voltage	≤600V DC + ACpk
Position X1	Attenuation Ratio	1:1
	Bandwidth	DC ~ 10MHz
	Input Resistance	1MΩ (Oscilloscope Input)
	Input Capacitance	85pF~115pF
	Max. Input Voltage	≤200V DC + ACpk
Operating	Temperature	–10°C ~ 50°C
Cond.	Relative Humidity	≤85%

Note:We reserves the right to change the probe model type at anytime without notice for probe model types of similar specification.

10-4. DIMENSIONS







TEXIO TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION 7F Towa Fudosan Shin Yokohama Bldg., 2-18-13, Shin Yokohama, Kohoku-ku,

Yokohama, Kanagawa, 222-0033, Japan. http://www.texio.co.jp/