

## **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

# LSG-H SERIES LSG-175H LSG-350H LSG-1050H LSG-2100SH



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#### ■ Preface

To use the product safely, read this instruction manual to the end. Before using this product, understand how to correctly use it.

If you read this manual but you do not understand how to use it, ask us or your local dealer. After you read this manual, save it so that you can read it anytime as required.

### ■ Notes on reading this instruction manual

◆ The contents of this instruction manual include technical terms in part of their explanation. If you do not understand those terms, do not hesitate to ask us or your local dealer.

### ■ Pictorial indication and warning character indication

This instruction manual and product show the warning and caution items required to safely use the product. The following pictorial indication and warning character indication are provided.

<pictorial indication=""></pictorial>	
$\bigwedge$	Some part of this product or the instruction manual may show This pictorial indication. In this case, if the product is
	incorrectly used in that part, a serious danger may be brought about on the user's body or the product.
	To use the part with this pictorial indication, be sure to
	refer to this instruction manual.
<warning character<="" th=""><th></th></warning>	
Indication>	If you use the product, ignoring this indication, you
lack	may get killed or seriously injured. This indication
✓!\ WARNING	shows that the warning item to avoid the danger is
	provided.
⚠ CAUTION	
Z-A CAUTION	If you incorrectly use the product, ignoring this
	indication, you may get slightly injured or the product
	may be damaged. This indication shows that the
	caution item to avoid the danger is provided.



#### ■ Do not remove the product's covers and panels

Never remove the product's covers and panels for any purpose. Otherwise, the user's electric shock or a fire may be incurred.

#### ■ Warning on using the product

The warning items given below are to avoid danger to the user's body and life and avoid the damage and deterioration of the product.  $\dot{}$ 

Use the product, observing the following warning and caution items.

## ■ Warning items on power supply

- Power supply voltage
   As the rated power supply voltage of the product, the range from 100 to 240 VAC can be used without being switched.
- Power cord
   Important: The attached power cord set can be used for this device only.
- Protection fuse

If an input protection fuse is blown, the product does not operate. When the fuse is blown, the user can replace it. However, replace it correctly, observing the warning and caution items that are provided in the section of the instruction manual where the fuse replacement is explained. If the fuse is incorrectly replaced, a fire may occur.

• Changing the power supply voltage

The rated power supply voltage cannot be changed. Use the product only at the rated power supply voltage indicated on the product. Otherwise, a fire may occur. The product's rated power supply voltage is from 100 to 240 VAC. Use the product in this range. (For use at a voltage higher than 125 VAC, Please confirm the voltage ratings of the power cord.)

## ■ Warning item on grounding

The product has the GND terminal on the panel surface to protect the user from electric shock and protect the product. Be sure to ground the product to safely use it.



#### ■ Warning item on installation environment

#### Operating temperature

Use the product within the operating temperature indicated in the rating column. If the product is used with the vents of the product blocked or in high ambient temperatures, a fire may occur.

#### Operating humidity

Use the product within the operating humidity indicated in the rating column. Watch out for condensation by a sharp humidity change such as transfer to a room with a different humidity. Also, do not operate the product with wet hands. Otherwise, an electric shock or fire may occur.

#### • Use in a gas

Use in and around a place where an inflammable or explosive gas or steam is generated or stored may result in an explosion and fire. Do not operate the product in such an environment.

Also, use in and around a place where a corrosive gas is generated or spreading causes a serious damage to the product. Do not use the product in such an environment.

#### • Do not let foreign matter in

Do not insert metal and flammable materials into the product from its vent and spill water on it. Otherwise, an electric shock and fire may occur.

## ■ Warning item on abnormality while in use

If smoke or fire is generated from the product while in use, stop using the product, turn off the switch, and remove the power cord plug from the outlet. After confirming that no other devices catch fire, call the company or each sales office.

#### ■ Front Panel

Please do not lift up the product, while touching the front grille.



#### ■ Input/output terminal

Maximum input to the input terminals is specified to prevent the product from being damaged. Do not supply input, exceeding the specifications that are indicated in the "Rating" or "Caution on use" column in the instruction manual of the product. Otherwise, a product failure is caused. Also, do not supply power to the output terminals from the outside. Otherwise, a product failure is caused.

## ■ When the product is left unused for a long time

Be sure to remove the power plug from the outlet.

#### (Calibration)

Although the performance and specifications of the product are checked under strict quality control during shipment from the factory, they may aging rate because of aging rate in its parts. It is recommended to periodically calibrate the product so that it is used with its performance and specifications stable. For consultation about the product calibration, call the dealer or the company or each sales office where you bought the product.

#### (Daily maintenance)

When you clean off the dirt of the product covers, panels, and knobs, avoid solvents such as thinner and benzene. Otherwise, paint may peel off or the resin surface may be affected.

To wipe off the covers, panels, and knobs, use a soft cloth with neutral detergent in it. During cleaning, be careful that water, detergents, and other foreign matters do not get into the product.

If a liquid or metal gets into the product, an electric shock and fire are caused. During cleaning, remove the power cord plug from the outlet.

Use the product correctly and safely, observing the above warning and caution items. Because the instruction manual indicates caution items even in individual items, observe those caution items to correctly use the product.

If you have questions or comments about the content of the instruction manual, ask us or E-Mail us.

#### 1. GETTING STARTED

This chapter provides a brief overview of the LSG-H Series, the package contents, instructions for first time use and an introduction to the front panel, rear panel and GUI.



#### 1-1. LSG-H Series Introduction

The LSG-H Series is a family of high-performance DC electronic loads positioned to test a wide range of different power sources. The DC electronic loads are fully programmable to simulate anything from basic static loads to complex dynamic loads. With the ability to operate independently or in parallel, the LSG-H Series is extremely robust and capable of molding to any test environment.

Please note that throughout this manual the term "LSG-H Series" refers to any one of the models in the series lineup, unless specifically stated otherwise.

## 1-1-1. Model Line Up

There are a total of 3 DC electronic load models and 1 booster pack model.

Model	Operating Voltage (DC)	Current	Power
LSG-175H	5V~800V	8.75A	175W
LSG-350H	5V~800V	17.5A	350W
LSG-1050H	5V~800V	52.5A	1050W

Booster Model	Operating Voltage (DC)	Current	Power
LSG-2100SH	5V~800V	105A	2100W

## 1-1-2. Main Features

1-1-2. Mail 1 Calules	
Performance	High voltage input (800V) High capacity when used in parallel / booster: 875W,43.75A(LSG-175H x 5) 1750W,87.5A(LSG-350H x 5) 5250W, 262.5A (LSG-1050H x 5) 9450W, 472.5A (LSG-1050H + LSG-2100SH x 4) High resolution – 16 bit
Features	7 operating modes: CC, CV, CR, CP, CC+CV, CR+CV, CP+CV Independent and parallel operation Fully programmable with normal and fast sequences Soft start Dynamic mode OCP, OVP and other protection features Remote sense Integrated meter Rack-mountable
Interface	USB, RS-232C and GP-IB External voltage or resistance control Front panel trigger out BNC Front panel voltage/current monitoring BNC Rea panel voltage/current monitoring Analog external control

## 1-2. Accessories

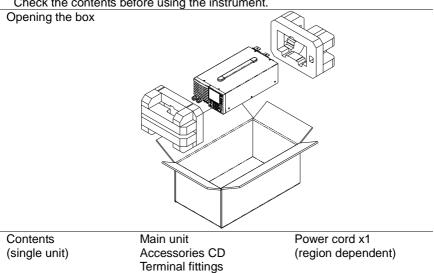
## 1-2-1. Accessories

Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
	Accessories CD-ROM	Instruction manual Programming manual USB driver
	Region dependent	Power cord
	PEL-011	Load input terminal Cover x1 M3 Screw x1  M3  M3  screw
	PEL-012	Terminal fittings: 2 sets of bolts/ nuts /springs /washers (type: M8) Terminal cover x2  —M8 x 20 —Spring washer —Flat washer —M8 nut
	61SF-062104N1	Front terminal washers. (M6) x2
	PEL-013 (LSG-2100SH only)	Flexible terminal cover:  Velcro fasteners x4  Rubber sheeting x2
	PEL-014	Frame control connector with strain relief x2.  Strain relief  Connector
	GTL-255 (LSG-2100SH only)	Frame Link Cable

Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	3813-030D0501 GRA-413	CR123A 3V lithium battery for clock. Rack mount bracket for booster LSG- 2100SH for EIA/JIS
	GRA-414-E	Rack mount frame for LSG-175H, LSG-350H, LSG-1050H /EIA
	GRA-414-J	Rack mount frame for LSG-175H, LSG-350H, LSG-1050H /JIS
	GTL-248	GP-IB cable, 2.0m
	GTL-246	USB cable, Type A - Type B
	PEL-010	Dust Filter
	PEL-004	GPIB option
Options	Part number	Description
	PEL-005	Connect Cu Plate
	PEL-006	Connect Cu Plate
	PEL-007	Connect Cu Plate
	PEL-008	Connect Cu Plate

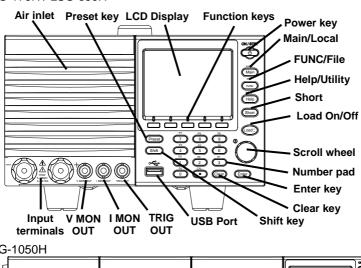
## 1-2-2. Package Contents

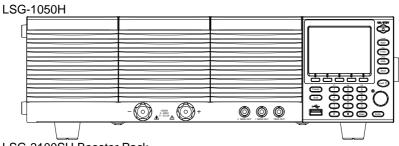
Check the contents before using the instrument.



### 1-3. Appearance

## 1-3-1. Front Panel LSG-175H / LSG-350H





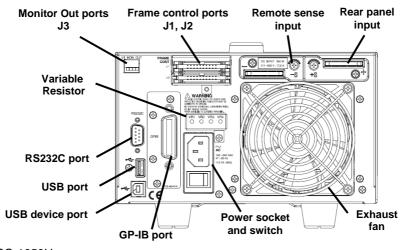
LSG-2100SH Booster Pack

Name explanation			
Air Inlet (Front grille)	The air inlet has a removable dust filter. Please do not lift up the product, while touching the front		
LCD display	grille.		
Function	3.5-inch LCD display		
keys	The function keys directly correspond to the soft menus at the bottom of the display.		
ON/STBY	ON/STBY	Turns the unit on or puts the unit into standby mode. Use the power switch on the rear panel to turn the unit off.	
Main/Local	Main Shift >	Main: Sets the operating mode: CC, CV, CR, CP mode.  Local Local (Shift > Main): Puts the instrument back into local mode from remote mode.	
FUNC/File	FUNC Shift > (	FUNC: Sets the program function, sequence function or other special functions.  File File (Shift > FUNC):  FUNC Accesses the file system.	
Help/Utility	Help Shift >	Help: Access the help menu.  Utility Utility (Shift > Help): Access the utility menu.	
Short	Short	Pressing the Short key will simulate shorting the input terminals. The Short key will be lit when active.	
Load on/off	Load On/	Turns the load on or off. The Load On/Off key will be lit when active.	
Scroll wheel		Use the scroll wheel to navigate the menu system.  Pushing the scroll wheel will toggle between coarse and fine adjustment, or Select digit.	
Enter	Enter	Press the Enter key to select highlighted menu items.	

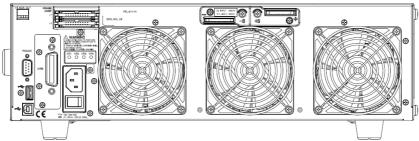
Clear/Lock	11-	Class. Class the average management
Clear/Lock	Lock	Clear: Clears the current parameter values.
	Clear	1 0.1 0.2 0.1
		Lock (Shift + Clear): Locks the front
		panel keys and selector knob.
Number pad	P7 P8	P9
	7 8	9
	P4 P5	P6
	4 5	6
	P1 P2	P3
	1 2	3
	P0 CAL.	Lock
	0	Clear
	Number pad: Use	d to enter numerical values.
	P0~P9 (Preset + I	
	Loads one of 10 p	
Shift	Shift	Shift: Used in conjunction with other
	Silit	keys to select secondary functions.
Preset	Preset	Used in conjunction with the number
	Fleset	pad to save or load preset settings P0
		to P9.
USB Port	<b>~</b>	USB A port. Used for save and recall
		functions.
Front panel	A	A (F)
input terminals	-	+
	$\mathcal{U}(\mathbf{A})$	$\wedge \mathcal{M}( \bullet ) $
	()( • )()	175W
	\	- ''
	$\sim$	5 - 800V
	Negative terminal	0 – 8.75A

IMON Out	I MON OUT	Current monitor BNC terminal: Output connector used to monitor the current by outputting a voltage.  An output voltage of 10V corresponds to the full scale current for the H and L ranges. 1V corresponds to the full scale current in the M range.
VMON Out	V MON OUT	Voltage monitor BNC terminal: Output connector used to monitor the voltage by outputting a voltage. An output voltage of 8V corresponds to the full scale voltage.
TRIG OUT	TRIG OUT	Trigger out BNC terminal: Outputs a pulse signal during sequence or dynamic operation. The trigger signal has a 4.5V output with a pulse width of a least 2us and an impedance of 500Ω.
LINK/STBY Indicator (LSG-2100H)	LINK STBY	The LINK and STBY indicators indicate when the booster pack is properly connected and when the power has been turned on, respectively.

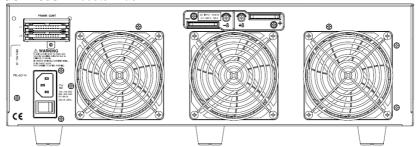
1-3-2. Rear Panel LSG-175H / LSG-350H

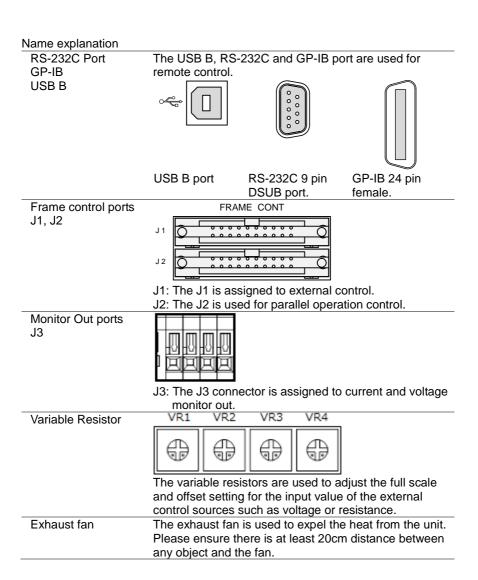


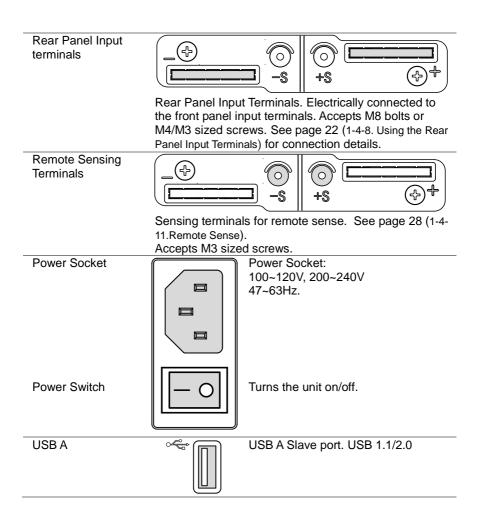
## LSG-1050H



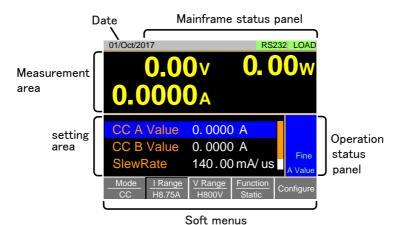
## LSG-2100SH Booster Pack







## 1-3-3. Display



Setting area	The setting area is used to display and edit the settings for the current mode / function.	
Measurement	Displays the voltage, current and power values.	
area		
Date	Displays the date	
Mainframe	The mainframe status panel displays the status of the	
status panel	load, remote control and short function.	
	When an icon is green it indicates that the function is off.	
	When the icon is orange, the function is on.	
Operation Status	This status panel is used to display the status of the	
Panel	current mode.	
Soft menus	The soft menus are used to select different functions or	
	parameters.	

#### 1-4. First Time Use Instructions

Use the procedures below when first using the LSG-H Series to install the rack mount kit, power up the instrument, set the internal clock, restore the factory default settings and check the firmware version. Lastly, the Conventions section will introduce you to the basic operating conventions used throughout the user manual.

#### 1-4-1. Rack Mount Kits

#### Description

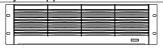
The LSG-H Series has a number of rack mount options for installation. The GRA-413 rack mounts are suitable for the LSG-2100SH booster pack. The GRA-414 rack mounts are capable of holding 1x LSG-1050H or 2x LSG-175H/LSG-350H units.

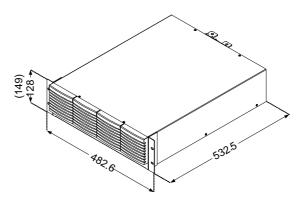
For installation details, please see the GRA-413 and GRA-414 Rack Mount Assembly Manual.

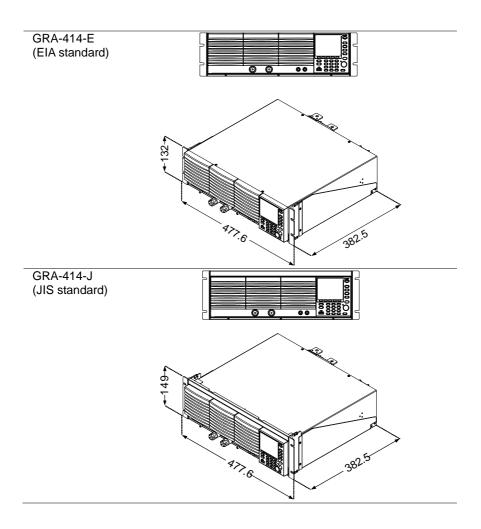
Please see your distributor for which rack mount is suitable for your application.

GRA-413(For LSG-2100SH)

EIA rack:128 mm JIS rack:149 mm







### 1-4-2. Power Up and Self-Test

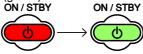
#### Operation

- 1. Insert the AC power cord into the power socket.
- Turn the external power switch on.
   (O → —)



3. If the unit doesn't turn on, press the On/Standby key for a second.

The ON/STBY key will go from standby (red) to on (green).



- 4. The unit will show the splash screen and then load the settings from when the unit was last powered down.
- To turn off the power, press the ON/STBY key again for a second.



If the LSG-H Series fails to start up properly or does not turn on, please see your local distributor.

#### 1-4-3. Load Default Settings

Description

When first using the LSG-H Series, recall the factory default settings to ensure the unit is in a known state. See page 163 (7-3. LSG-H Series Default Settings) for a list of the default settings.

Operation

Press Shift > FUNC in order,

press Media/Default [F1] or Factory Default [F2] to set.



### 1-4-4. Setting the Date and Time

Description The date and time settings are used to time-stamp files when saving files. The date and time is shown on top of the LCD display. Operation Press Shift > Time Set [F4] in order, and set the date and time. Month, Day, Year, Hour, Minute Settings: 01/Oct/2017 RS232 LOAD Date Date/Time 10 Day 2017 Hour 9

Minute

Interface

System Info

0

Other

Time Set

#### 1-4-5. Load Wiring

Wire Gauge considerations

Before connecting the unit to a power source, the wire gauge must be taken into account. Load wires must be large enough to resist overheating when a short-circuit condition occurs as well as to maintain a good regulation. The size, polarity and length of a wire are all factors in determining if a wire will withstand short circuiting. Wires that are selected must be large enough to withstand a short circuit and limit voltage drops to no more than 2V per wire. Use the table below to help make a suitable selection.

selection.			
AWG	Conduct or	Ohms / km	Max amps for
Gauge	Diameter mm		chassis wiring
0000	11.684	0.16072	380
000	10.4038	0.2027	328
00	9.26592	0.25551	283
0	8.25246	0.32242	245
1	7.34822	0.40639	211
2	6.54304	0.51266	181
3	5.82676	0.64616	158
4	5.18922	0.81508	135
5	4.62026	1.02762	118
6	4.1148	1.29593	101
7	3.66522	1.6341	89
8	3.2639	2.0605	73
9	2.90576	2.59809	64
10	2.58826	3.27639	55
11	2.30378	4.1328	47
12	2.05232	5.20864	41
13	1.8288	6.56984	35
14	1.62814	8.282	32
15	1.45034	10.44352	28
16	1.29032	13.17248	22
17	1.15062	16.60992	19
18	1.02362	20.9428	16
19	0.91186	26.40728	14
20	0.8128	33.292	11
21	0.7239	41.984	9

#### Load Line Inductance Considerations

When using the LSG-H Series load generator, voltage drop and voltage generated due to load line inductance and current change must be taken into account. Extreme changes in voltage may exceed the minimum or maximum voltage limits. Exceeding the maximum voltage limit may damage the LSG-H Series.

To determine the voltage generated, the following equation can be used.

 $E = L \times (\Delta I / \Delta T)$ 

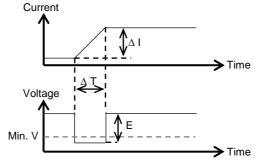
E= voltage generated

L=load line inductance

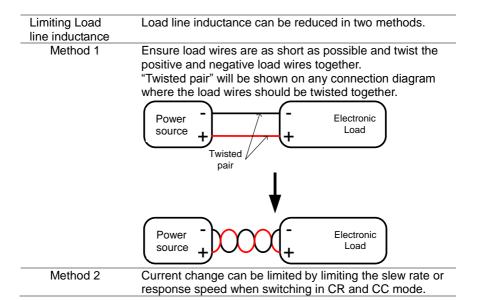
 $\Delta$  I= change of current (A)

 $\Delta$  T= time (us)

Load line inductance (L) can be approximated as 1uH per 1 meter of wire. ( $\Delta$  I /  $\Delta$  T) is the slew rate in A/us.



The diagram above shows how changes in current can affect voltage.



#### 1-4-6. Load Wire Connections

1-4-6. Load Wife	Connections		
Description	The LSG-H Series has input terminals on both the front and rear panels.		
	Follow the procedures below for all load connections.		
	Please adhere to the following precautions to ensure your		
	safety and to protect the unit from damage.		
Connection	When connecting the LSG-H Series to the power source, make sure that the polarity of the connection between the DUT and the unit matches.  Ensure that the maximum input voltage is not exceeded.		
	The maximum input voltage is 800 volts.		
	Power source - Electronic Load		
Caution	If the polarity to the input terminals is reversed, the reverse voltage protection function is tripped. The reverse voltage protection function is tripped when reverse voltages greater than about -0.3V are detected.		
Warning	Do not touch any of the input terminals when the voltage is applied to an input terminal.		
Warning	Connecting the input terminals to the wrong polarity can damage the power source or the LSG-H Series.		
Warning	The front panel and rear panel input terminals are physically connected. Any voltage that is input to one set of terminals will also appear on the other set of terminals.		

## 1-4-7. Using the Front Panel Input Terminals

Description

Caution

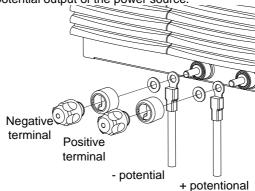
The front panel input terminals feature polarity-distinct caps and accept M6 sized crimped terminals.

The front panel input terminals on the LSG-H Series are physically connected to the rear panel terminals.

Step

- Turn the power off from the rear panel or put the unit into standby mode.
- 2. Turn the power off from the power source.
- Connect the load wires to the input terminals:
   Connect the positive (+) input terminal on the load generator to the high potential output of the power source.

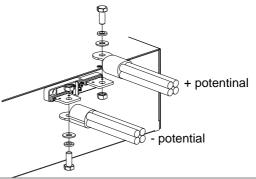
Connect the negative (-) input terminal to the low potential output of the power source.



source.

1-4-8. Using the Rear Panel Input Terminals			
Description	The rear panel input terminals accept up to M8-sized		
		crimped terminals. The rear terminals come with a load	
	input terminal cover for safety.		
$\wedge$	The front panel input terminals on the LSG-H Series are		
Caution	physically connected to the rear panel terminals.		
Steps	1.	Turn the power off from the rear panel or put the unit	
		into standby mode.	
	2.	Turn the power off from the power source.	
	3.	Connect the load wires to the input terminals:	
		Connect the positive (+) input terminal on the load	
		generator to the high potential output of the power	

Connect the negative (-) input terminal to the low potential output of the power source.



#### 1-4-9. Using the Terminal Cover (PEL -011)

#### Description

The rear panel terminal cover should be used to prevent electric shock. The rear panel terminal covers should always be used when connecting a load to the rear panel terminals. As the front panel and rear panel terminals are physically connected, the terminal cover should also be used as a safety measure when a power source is connected to the front terminals

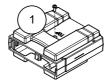


Ensure the power is off before making any connections to the LSG-H Series.

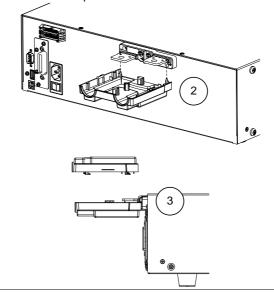
Note: In the following diagrams, the cable wiring is not shown for clarity.

#### Steps(1/2)

 Remove the screw holding the top cover to the bottom cover.

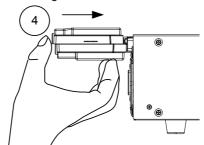


- Line-up the bottom covers with the notches in the output terminals.
- 3. Place the top terminal cover over the bottom cover.

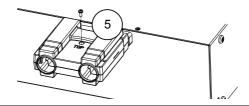


## Steps(2/2)

4. Use your thumb to slide the terminal covers shut, as shown in the diagram below.



5. When the top and bottom covers are flush, reinsert the screw that was removed in step 1.



#### 1-4-10. Using the Terminal Cover (PEL -013)

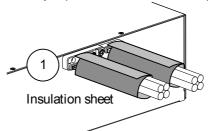
#### Description

The flexible rear panel terminal cover should be used when the load wiring becomes too thick to be used with the PEL-011 terminal cover. This is especially true when using the load generators in parallel. Like the PEL-013 terminal cover, the PEL-011 is used to prevent electric shock. The rear panel terminal covers should always be used when connecting a load to the rear panel terminals. Ensure the power is off before making any connections to the booster pack.

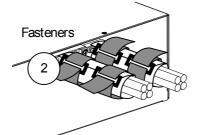


Steps

1. Wrap the insulation sheets around the terminals and load cables, as shown below. Make sure the terminals and any exposed wires are covered by the sheets.



2. Secure the insulation sheets using the supplied velcro fasteners. 2 fasteners should be used for each sheet.



1-4-11	Using	the	<b>Terminal</b>	Cover
1-7-11.	USILIG	uic	i Cillilliai	COVE

1-4-11. Using the	e Terminal Cover		
Description	After connection is finished, please lock terminal cover to avoid electric shock when using the frame control terminal.		
Caution	Ensure the power is off, before making any connections to the booster pack.		
Steps	Install the terminal cover as shown in the picture below.		

1-4-12. Using the Monitor out Cover

	the Monitor out Gover
Description	After connection is finished, please lock monitor out cover to avoid electric shock when not using the monitor out ports.
Steps	Install the monitor out cover as shown in the picture below.

#### 1-4-13. Remote Sense

## Description

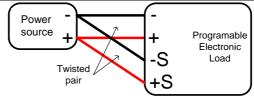
Remote sense can be used to help compensate for long cable length. The longer the cable, the higher the potential resistance and inductance, therefore a short cable is best. Twisting the cable can help reduce induced inductance and using the remote sensing terminals compensates the voltage drop seen across the load leads, especially leads with higher resistance. This is useful when used in CV, CR or CP mode.

#### Steps

- Turn the power off from the rear panel or put the unit into standby mode.
- 2. Turn the power off from the power source.
- 3. Connect the sense wires to the remote sensing terminals:

Connect the positive sense (+S) terminal to the high potential output of the power source.

Connect the negative sense (-S) terminal to the low potential output of the power source.



#### 1-4-14. Firmware Update

#### Description

The LSG-H Series allows the firmware to be updated by end-users. Before using the LSG-H Series, please check the TEXIO TECHNOLOGY website or ask your local distributor for the latest firmware.



Before updating the firmware, please check the firmware version.

## Operation System version

1. Press Shift > Help in order.

- 2. Select System/Info [F1].
- The System information is listed on the LCD display. Model: Model number of the LSG-H. Serial Number: Serial number of the LSG-H. Firmware Ver: Firmware version of the LSG-H. http: Texio website address.
- To view other system information, press System [F1] and select Memo.



#### Operation Update Firmware

- Insert a USB drive into the USB port. Ensure the USB drive has the firmware file located in the root directory.
- 2. Press Shift > Help in order.
- 3. Select USB with the Media [F1] soft-key.
- 4. Press the *File Utility* [F5] soft-key.
- Select the \*.UPG upgrade file and press Select [F1] twice. Once to select the file and once to confirm.
- Wait for the update to complete and reset the power when prompted.



Do not turn the load generator off or remove the USB drive when the firmware is being read or upgraded.

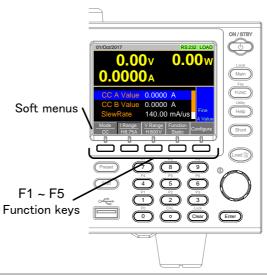
#### 1-4-15. Conventions

The following conventions are used throughout the user manual.

Read the conventions below for a basic grasp of how to operate the LSG-H Series menu system using the front panel keys.

Soft Menus

The F1 to F5 function keys at the bottom of the LCD display correspond directly to the soft menus on top.

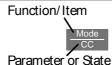


Select Sub Menu



Pressing this type of soft menu will enter a submenu.

Toggle Parameter or State



This type of soft-menu icon has the function /item on the top of the label and the selected setting or mode on the bottom of the label.

Repeatedly press the associated function key (F1~F5) to cycle through each setting. For example, repeatedly pressing the F1 key will cycle through the CC, CR, CV and CP modes.



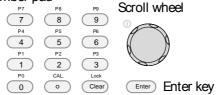
For some parameters, a popup window will also appear. Selection of the setting is the same. Repeatedly pressing the relevant function key (F1~F5) will cycle through each setting. The selection on the popup window will also be reflected on the label.



# Parameter Input

The scroll wheel, Enter key and number pad can be used to edit parameter values.

#### Number pad



 Use the scroll wheel to move the cursor to the desired parameter.

A scroll bar is shown when there are additional parameters off-screen.



2. Press the Enter key to select the parameter. The parameter will become highlighted in white.



3. Then use the number pad\* or scroll wheel\*\* to edit the parameter value.



The parameter value is canceled when press the Clear key.

4. Press the Enter key again to finish editing the parameter value.

Using the
Scroll Wheel to
Edit a
Parameter**

\*\*To edit a parameter using the scroll wheel, simply turn the scroll wheel. Clockwise increases the value, counterclockwise decrease the value. Pressing the scroll wheel when a parameter is highlighted allows you to change the step resolution. There are two

different step resolution methods: Step Mode and Cursor Mode.

#### Step Mode

This is the default step resolution method and will only be available to use when it is applicable (Indicated by Fine or Coarse in the Operation Status panel).

When a parameter is highlighted (step 3 above) pressing the scroll wheel will toggle the step resolution between fine and course. For details on how to set the step resolution



#### Cursor Mode

This method must first be enabled before it can be used. Pressing the scroll wheel when a parameter is highlighted allows you to set the step resolution by a digit value. An orange line will appear under the currently selected digit value. Repeatedly pressing the scroll wheel moves to the next digit.

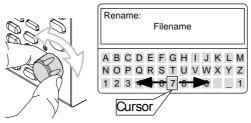


#### Entering Alphanumeric Characters

When renaming files, creating memos or notes, you will be required to enter alphanumeric characters when the character entry screen appears.

Only alphanumeric characters as well as space [], underscore [\_] and minus [-] characters allowed.

 Use the scroll wheel to move the cursor to the desired character.



2. Press the Enter key or Enter Character [F1] to select a character.



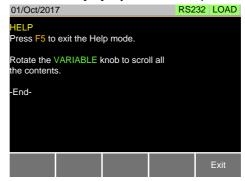
- 3. To delete a character, press Back Space [F2].
- 4. To save the file name or memo, press Save [F3].

## 1-4-16. Help Menu

When any function key has been pressed or when a menu has been opened, the HELP key can be used to display a detailed description.

## Help Menu

- 1. Press any function key or soft-menu key.
- 2. Press Help to see the help contents on that particular function key or menu.
- 3. Use the scroll to navigate the help contents.
- 4. Press the Exit [F5] key to exit the help menu.



## 2. OPERATION

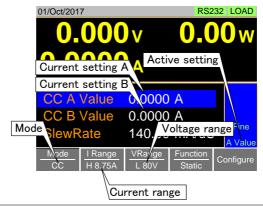
## 2-1. Basic Operation

The LSG-H Series supports 7 main operating modes: CC, CC+CV, CR, CR+CV, CV, CP, CP+CV

## 2-1-1. CC Mode

2-1-1. CC Mode			
Description	In Constant Current Mode the load units will sink the amount of current programmed.		
	Regardless of the voltage, the current will stay the same.		
	For more details on CC mode,		
		ease see the appendix on page 171 (7-5-1. CC Mode).	
Warning		you change the mode or the range when the load is ready on, the load will be turned off automatically.	
Operation	1.	Make sure the load is off.	
	2.	Press Main .	
	3. 4.	Select CC mode with the <i>Mode</i> [F1] soft-key.	
	4.	Select the current range with the I Range [F2] soft-	
		key.	
		I Range: High, Middle, Low	
	5.	Select the voltage range with the V Range [F3] soft-	
		key.	
		V Range: High, Low	
	6.	Set the current level parameters using the scroll wheel and number pad.	
		For Static mode, set CC A Value and /or CC B Value.	
		For Dynamic mode, set Level1 and Level2.	
		The maximum and minimum current levels depend on	
		the selected ranges.	
	7.	To add CV mode to CC mode (CC+CV),	
		see page 42 (2-1-6. +CV Mode).	
	8.	Set the remaining basic configuration settings such as	
		the slew rate, and switching function settings.	
		See page 47 (2-2. Basic Configuration) for details.	

## Display





Basic CC mode configuration is complete. See page 47 (2-2. Basic Configuration) for more configuration options. The current range and voltage range applies to all the operating modes.

#### 2-1-2. CR Mode

#### Description

In Constant Resistance Mode, the unit will maintain a constant resistive load by varying the current. CR mode uses  $\Omega$  (resistance) or S (conductance) for the setting units.

For more details on CR mode.

please see the appendix on page 172 (7-5-2.CR Mode). If you change the mode or the range when the load is already on, the load will be turned off automatically.



Make sure the load is off. Main

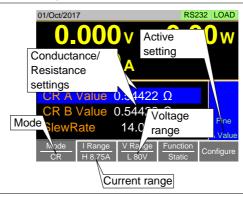
1.

Press(

2.

- 3. Select CR mode with the Mode [F1] soft-key.
- Select the current range with the I Range [F2] softkey.
  - I Range: High, Middle, Low
- 5. Select the voltage range with the V Range [F3] softkev.
  - V Range: High, Low
- 6. Set the resistance or conductance level parameters using the scroll wheel and number pad. For Static mode, set CR A Value and/or CR B Value. For Dynamic mode, set Level1 and Level2. The maximum and minimum conductance/ resistance levels depend on the selected current range.
- 7. To add CV mode to CR mode (CR+CV), see page 42 (2-1-6. +CV Mode).
- 8. Set the remaining basic configuration settings such as the slew rate, and switching function settings. See page 47 (2-2. Basic Configuration) for details.

#### Display



Note	Basic CR mode configuration is complete. See page 47 (2-2. Basic Configuration) for more configuration options. The current range and voltage range applies to all the operating modes.	
2-1-3. CR Units		
Description	The CR setting units can be set to $\Omega$ (resistance) or mS (conductance).	
Operation	<ol> <li>Make sure the load is off.</li> </ol>	
	2. Press Main > Configure [F5] > Other [F2] in order,	
	and set the <i>CR Unit</i> setting.  CR Unit: $\Omega$ or mS for the setting units.	

2-1-4. CV Mode		
Description	In Constant Voltage Mode, the unit will maintain a constant voltage. In CV mode you set the constant voltage level. For more details on CV mode, see the appendix on page 174 (7-5-4.CV Mode).	
Warning	If you change the mode or the range when the load is already on, the load will be turned off automatically.	
Operation	Make sure the load is off.	
	2. Press Main.	
	3. Select CV mode with the <i>Mode</i> [F1] soft-key.	
	<ol> <li>Select the current range with the I Range [F2] soft- key.</li> </ol>	
	I Range: High, Middle, Low	
	<ol> <li>Select the voltage range with the V Range [F3] soft- key.</li> <li>V Range: High, Low</li> </ol>	
	6. Set the voltage level parameters using the scroll	
	wheel and number pad.	
	Set CV A Value and/or CV B Value.	
	The maximum and minimum voltage levels depend on the selected voltage range.	
	7. Set the remaining basic configuration settings such as	
	the response settings.	
Display	See page 47 (2-2. Basic Configuration) for details.	
Display	01/Oct/2017 RS232 LOAD	
	<b>0.000 V</b> Active <b>0 W</b>	
	setting	
	Voltage	
	settings	
	CV A Value 8\.000 V	
	CV B Value 80.0 Voltage	
	range	
	Mode CV H 8.75A V Ra ge Slow Configure	
	Current range	

Note

Basic CV mode configuration is complete. See page 47 (2-2. Basic Configuration) for more configuration options. The current range and voltage range applies to all the operating modes.

#### 2-1-5. CP Mode

#### Description

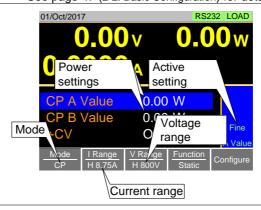


In Constant Power Mode, the unit will maintain a constant power by varying the current. For more details on CP mode, see the appendix on page 173 (7-5-3.CP Mode).

If you change the mode or the range when the load is already on, the load will be turned off automatically.

- Make sure the load is off.
- 2. Press Main
- 3. Select CP mode with the *Mode* [F1] soft-key.
- 4. Select the current range with the *I Range* [F2] soft-key.
  - I Range: High, Middle, Low
- Select the voltage range with the V Range [F3] softkey.
   V Range: High, Low
- 6. Set the power level parameters using the scroll wheel and number pad.
  - For Static mode, set *CP A Value* and/or *CP B Value*.
    For Dynamic mode, set *Level1* and *Level2*.
    The maximum and minimum power levels depend on the selected current range.
    - For static mode, the parameter that is set last becomes the "active" setting. This will be shown in the Operation Status Panel.
- 7. To add CV mode to CP mode (CP+CV), see page 42 (2-1-6. +CV Mode).
- Set the remaining basic configuration settings such as the slew rate, and timer settings.
   See page 47 (2-2. Basic Configuration) for details.

### Display



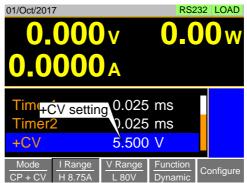


Basic CP mode configuration is complete. See page 47 (2-2. Basic Configuration) for more configuration options. The current range and voltage range applies to all the operating modes.

## 2-1-6. +CV Mode

Description	+CV mode can be added to CC, CR and CP mode.
	The +CV settings apply to all applicable modes.
Operation	Make sure the load is off.
	2. Press Main
	And select to Mode, I Range, and V Range.
	<ol> <li>Set the +CV voltage level. (You may need to scroll down to the +CV setting)</li> </ol>
	+CV: OFF ~ rated voltage+5%

#### Display



Note	The +CV settings apply to all the applicable operating modes.  For example: The +CV settings made in CR mode will be carried over to the +CV settings in CC and CP mode.
Note	Only in +CV settings, the external control is not possible.  See page 133 (4-1-3. External Voltage Control – Operation) for +CV settings with external control.

2-1-7. Turning				
Description	The load can be turned on and off by pressing			
	the Load Off key.			
	The Load On/ key will tu	rn orange when the load is "on".		
	The LOAD icon in the ma	ainframe status panel will turn		
	orange when the load is	on.		
Display	LOAD on			
	01/Oct/2017	RS232 LOAD		
	5 000	5 00		
$\wedge$	The load can be set to a	utomatically turn on at start up.		
Note	See page 59 (2-3-4. Auto	See page 59 (2-3-4. Auto Load Configuration).		
	The load can be turned of	The load can be turned on via remote control. See the		
	programming manual.	programming manual.		
	The load can be turned of	on via external control. See page		
	140 (4-1-8. Turning the Loa	140 (4-1-8. Turning the Load On using External Control).		

By default the load will automatically turn off if the range or operating mode (CC, CV, CR, CP) is changed. To disable this behavior, Set Load Off (Mode) and Load Off (Range) to the OFF setting. See page 59 (2-3-5.Load Off (Mode) and Load Off (Range)) for details.

2-1-8.	Shorting	the	Load
--------	----------	-----	------

2-1-8. Shorting	the Load	
Description	The Short key can be used to simulate a short circuit of the load input terminals. A short circuit is simulated by: Setting the current to the maximum value in CC mode. Setting the resistance to the minimum value in CR mode.  Setting the voltage to the minimum value in CV mode. Setting the power to the maximum value in CP mode. When the load is shorted, the external controller also sends a short signal. See page 144 (4-1-15. Short Control) for usage details.	
Operation	The short function can be turned on and off by pressing the Short key.	
	The Short key will turn red when the short function is active.  The Short icon will appear when the short function is active.	
Display	SHORT on \	
	01/Oct/2017 SHORT RS232 LOAD	
	0.100, 0.10,	
Note	If the load is already off, pressing the Short key will turn the load on (shorted) at the same time.  Pressing the Short key again will also turn the load off again as well.  If the load is already on and the Short key is pressed, then when the Short key is pressed again the load will remain on (the electronic load will return to its previous load condition).  The Short key will be disabled if the Short Function setting is turned off. See page 45 (2-1-11.Short Function Enable/Disable) for details.	

2-1-9.	Safety	Short
--------	--------	-------

Description	When activated, the safety short function only allows the short key to be used when the load is already on.		
Operation	Press Main > Configure [F5] > Other [F2] in order,		
	and set the Short Safety.		
	When set to OFF, the load can be shorted at any time.		
	When set to ON, the load can only be shorted when the		
	load is already on.		
	Short(Safety): OFF,ON		
$\wedge$	The Short Safety setting will be grayed out if Short		
Note	Function is set to OFF. See page 45 (2-1-11.Short Function		
	Enable/Disable) for Short Function.		

## 2-1-10. Short Key Configuration

Configuration	
The Short key can be configured to Toggle or Hold. By	
Default the Short key is set to Toggle.	
Toggle: Pressing the Short key will toggle the shorting	
function on or off.	
Hold: Holding the short key will short the load.	
Press Main > Configure [F5] > Other [F2] in order,	
and set the Short Key setting.	
Short Key: Toggle, Hold	
The Short Safety setting will be grayed out if Short	
Function is set to OFF. See page 45 (2-1-11.Short Function	
Enable/Disable) for Short Function.	

## 2-1-11. Short Function Enable/Disable

Decemention	The short leave and he dischlad to prevent the expected		
Description	The short key can be disabled to prevent the operator		
	accidentally shorting the load.		
Operation	Press   Main   > Configure [F5] > Other [F2] in order,		
	and set the Short Function.		
	When set to OFF, the Short key is disabled and all sho		
	configuration options in the Main > Configure> Other		
	menu are also disabled.		
	When set to ON, the Short key is enabled.		
	Short Function: OFF,ON		

2-1-12. Locking the Front Panel Controls

Description	The keys and scroll wheel on the front panel can be	
	locked to prevent settings from being changed.	
Operation	The keys can be locked and unlocked	
	by press Shift > Clear in order.	
	The Load on key will not be locked if the load is on.	
Display	LOCK will appear in the Mainframe status panel wher the keys are locked.	
	LOCK icon	
	01/Oct/2017 LOCK RS232 LOAD	
	<b>0</b> $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$	

## 2-2. Basic Configuration

The basic configuration settings are the common configuration settings that are used for each operating mode. After selecting a basic operating mode (CC, CR, CV and CP mode), the slew rate, switching function, response rate and other common parameters should be configured.

## 2-2-1. Select the Switching Function

#### Description

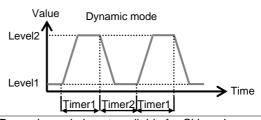
The LSG-H Series has two switching function, static mode and dynamic mode. The switching function allows the LSG-H Series to switch between two preset levels. Static mode can only switch between the two levels manually, while Dynamic mode switches between each level automatically based on a timer.

Static mode: A Value, B Value Dynamic mode: Level1, Level2

When the unit is set to static mode, only one value (A Value or B Value) can be active at a time. The active value is shown in the operation status panel.



When the unit is set to dynamic mode, the unit will switch between Level1 and Level2 based on the Timer1 and Timer2 parameters, shown below.





Dynamic mode is not available for CV mode.

#### Operation

- 1. Make sure the load is off.
- 2. Press Main
- Select Dynamic or Static mode with the *Function* [F4] soft-key.
   A different switching mode can be set for CC, CR and CP mode.
- See page 48 (Static Mode Operation) for Static Mode.
   See page 49 (Dynamic Mode Operation) for Dynamic Mode.

#### Static Mode Operation

For static mode, select whether A Value or B Value is the "active" setting, press the Shift > Preset keys. The "active" value will be shown in the Operation Status Panel.

The load can be "on" when switching between A Value and B Value.



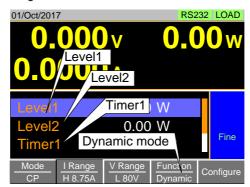
## Dynamic Mode Operation

For dynamic mode, set the Timer1 and Timer2 parameters using the scroll wheel and number pad.

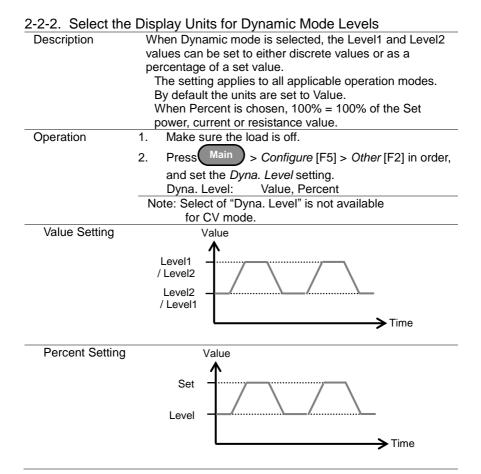
Timer1 sets the Level1 on-time.

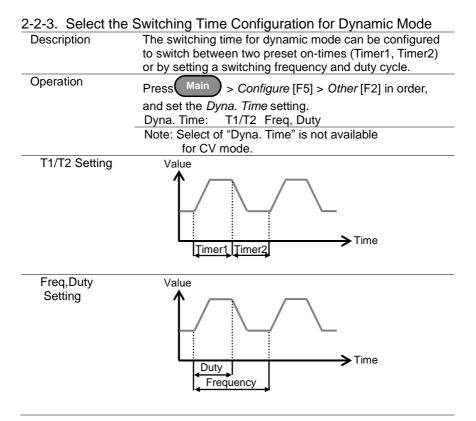
Timer2 sets the Level2 on-time.

Take the slew rate settings into consideration when setting the timers.

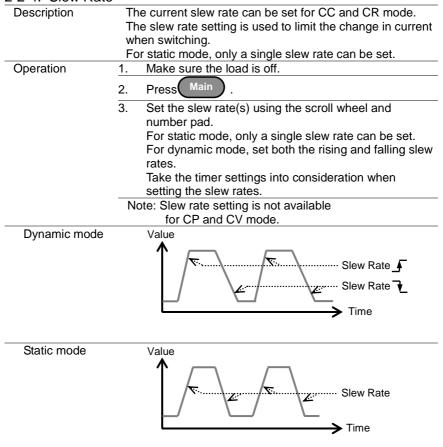


The frequency of the dynamic switching is output via the TRIG OUT BNC.





#### 2-2-4. Slew Rate



## 2-2-5. CV, +CV Mode Response Speed

#### Description

The response speed setting is the response speed for the negative feedback control of the load current when used in CV, +CV mode. Response speed settings are only applicable to CV, +CV mode.

Response speed settings of the +CV mode becomes same as Response speed settings of the CV mode. With the +CV mode, Response speed settings is not displayed.

The response speed is different from CV mode with the +CV mode.

A response speed that is too fast could cause the unit to be unstable.

Reducing the response speed can improve stability.

#### Operation

- 1. Make sure the load is off.
- 2. Press Main, and make sure the unit is in CV mode by using the *Mode* [F1] soft-key.
- 3. Select the response speed with the *Response* [F4] soft-key.

Response: Fast, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, Slow

CV mode: The response speed settings Fast, 6, 5, 4 are the same.

+CV mode: The response speed settings 5 and 4 are the same.

The response speed settings Slow and 1 is the same.

## Display



## 2-2-6. CC, CR and CP Mode Response Speed

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Description	By default, the "normal current response" speed is set to		
	1/1. The response speed can be reduced to 1/2, 1/5,		
	1/10.		
	Reducing the current response speed can affect other		
	settings such as the slew rate and soft start settings.		
Operation	<ol> <li>Make sure the load is off.</li> </ol>		
	2. Press Main > Configure [F5] > Other [F2] in order,		
	and set the Response parameter.		
	Response: 1/1, 1/2, 1/5, 1/10		

## 2-3. Advanced Configuration Settings

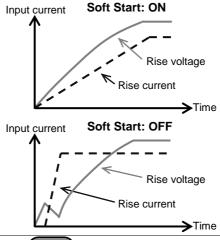
Use the advanced configuration settings to configure settings other than those described in the basic configuration chapter.

## 2-3-1. Soft Start Setting

#### Description

The soft start setting is used to limit the amount of input current at start-up or from when the Von Voltage threshold is tripped.

The soft start setting only applies to CC, CR and CP mode.

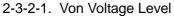


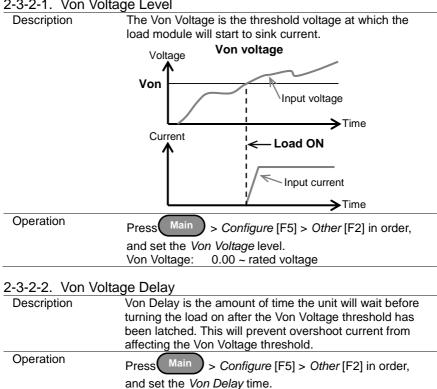
Operation

Press Soft Start time.

Soft Start: OFF, 1~200ms

## 2-3-2. Von Voltage Settings





OFF, 2.0~60ms

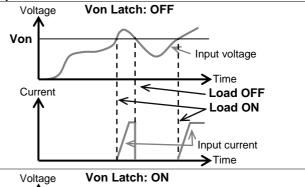
Von Delay:

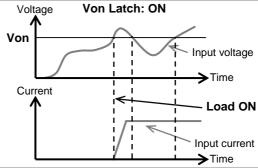
## 2-3-2-3. Von Voltage Latch

Description

When Von Latch is set to OFF, the load will turn off when the voltage drops below the Von Voltage threshold level. When Von Latch is set to ON, the load will continue to sink current after being "latched", even if the voltage drops below the Von Voltage threshold level.







Operation

Main > Configure [F5] > Other [F2] in order, Press and set the Von Latch setting.

OFF, ON Von Latch:

## 2-3-3. Timer Functions

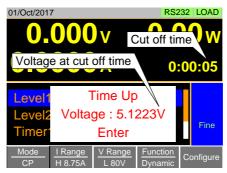
## 2-3-3-1. Count Time

Description	When Count Time timer is set to on, it will count the
	elapsed time from when the load was turned on to when it
	was turned off.
	This function is applicable to manual and automatic
	shutdown (such as from protection functions such as UVP etc.)
	The elapsed time will be shown in the display Measurement area.
Operation	Press Main > Configure [F5] > Other [F2] in order,
	and turn the Count Time on or off.
	Count Time: ON, OFF
Display	01/Oct/2017 RS232 LOAD
	0.000 Elapsed time 00 W
	<b>0.0000</b> A 0:00:05
	Lovel1 0.00 W

## 2-3-3-2. Cut Off Time

Description	The Cut Off Time function will turn the load off after a set- amount of time. After the load has been turned off, a popup screen will LCD display the voltage level when the load was turned off.	
Operation	Press Nain > Configure [F5] > Other [F2] in order, and set the Cut Off Time. Cut Off Time: OFF, 1 s ~ 999 h 59m 59 s	

Display



2-3-4. Auto Loa			
Description	The LSG-H Series can be configured to automatically load program function, normal sequence function, fast sequence function or manual operation at startup.  By default, "Auto Load" is OFF and "Auto Load On" is Load.		
Operation	Utility		
•	1. Press Shift > Help > Load [F2] in order.		
	Turn Auto Load Off or On.     When set to OFF, the Auto Load setting is disabled.     Auto Load: OFF, ON		
	3. Select the <i>Auto Load On</i> configuration.  This will select whether the LSG-H Series will automatically load program function, normal sequence function, fast sequence function or manual operation.		
	Auto Load On: Load : manual operation		
	Prog : program function		
	NSeq : normal sequence function		
	FSeq : fast sequence function		
2-3-5. Load Off	(Mode) and Load Off (Range)		
Description	By default the load will automatically turn off when the either the operating mode (CC, CV, CR, CP) or the range (I range, V range) is changed.  To allow the load to stay on when the operating mode is changed, set the Load Off (Mode) setting to OFF.		
	To allow the load to stay on when the current or voltage range is changed, set the Load Off (Range) setting to OFF.		
	By default, these settings are set to ON.		
Operation	Utility		
	1. Press Shift > Help > Load [F2] in order.		
	<ol> <li>Select Load Off (Mode) setting.</li> <li>When set to OFF, the load will stay on when the operating mode is changed.</li> <li>Load Off(Mode): OFF,ON</li> </ol>		
	Select Load Off (Range) setting.     When set to OFF, the load will stay on when the range is changed.     Load Off(Range): OFF,ON		

## 2-4. Step Resolution Configuration

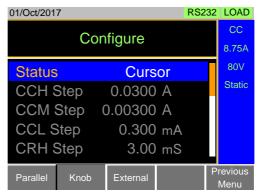
There are two different ways (Cursor Mode and Step Mode) to set the resolution when using the scroll wheel to edit parameters.

Step Mode is the default method. Only one mode can be active at a time; when one mode is active, the other mode is deactivated.

## 2-4-1. Cursor Mode Configuration

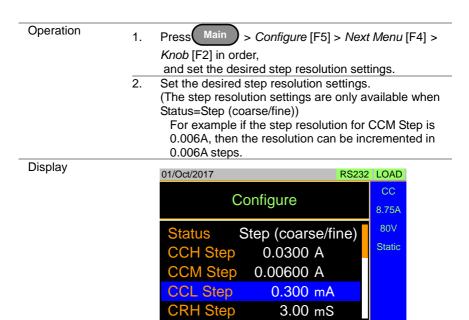
Description	Cursor Mode allows you to edit the selected parameter
Docomption	one digit at a time. When editing a parameter, pressing
	the scroll wheel determines which digit is selected.
	Turning the scroll wheel will then edit the parameter by
	the step resolution of the digit.
	See the Conventions section on page 33 (Cursor Mode of
	1-4-15.Conventions) for operation details.
Operation	Press Main > Configure [F5] > Next Menu [F4] >
	Knob [F2] in order,
	and set the Status setting is set to Cursor.

Display



2-4-2. Step Mode Configuration

	de Configuration			
Description	When set to Step Mode, the voltage, current, resistance			
	•	and power settings can have the step resolution configured. The step resolution refers to the step		
	configured. The			
	resolution of the coarse adjustment for these settings. The fine adjustment cannot be configured.			
				See the Conventions section on page 33 (1-4-15.
	Conventions_ Step Mode) for details on how to switch			
		between coarse	between coarse and fine adjustment modes.	
Settings	The step resolu	The step resolution of each setting is configured		
	separately for e	separately for each current range.		
	Settings	Description		
	CCH Step	CC mode, I Range = High		
	CCM Step	CC mode, I Range = Middle		
	CCL Step	CC mode, I Range = Low		
	CRH Step	CR mode, I Range = High		
	CRM Step	CR mode, I Range = Middle		
	CRL Step	CR mode, I Range = Low		
	CVH Step	CV mode, V Range = High		
	CVL Step	CV mode, V Range = Low		
	CPH Step	CP mode, I Range = High		
	CPM Step	CP mode, I Range = Middle		
	CPL Step	CP mode, I Range = Low		



Parallel

External

Previous

Menu

# 2-5. Protection Settings

The Protection settings are used to prevent damage to the unit or the power source by excessive current, voltage or power.

An alarm is generated and a message is displayed on the LCD display when a protection setting is tripped. When an alarm is activated, the load is turned off (or limited), and the ALARM STATUS pin of the J1 on the rear panel (pin 16) turns on (open collector output by a photo coupler). The protection settings can be used regardless of whether the remote sense connections are used or not.

#### 2-5-1, OCP

Description	For OCP, the LSG-H Series can be configured to either		
	limit the current or turn off the load.		
	The OCP levels can be set to 10% higher than the rated current.		
Operation	Press Main > Configure [F5] > Protection [F1] in order,		
	and set the OCP Level and OCP Setting. OCP Level: rated current + 10% OCP Setting: LIMIT, Load Off		
Alarm	When OCP Setting is configured to Load Off, a message will be displayed on the LCD display when OCP is tripped. The Enter key must be pressed to clear the alarm message.  When configured to LIMIT, OCP will be displayed on the LCD display when the OCP is tripped and the current will be limited to the OCP Level setting.		
Display	Alarm message when OCP is set to Load Off  OCP Alarm Please Press Enter To Clear Alarm  CV B  Mode L87.5mA  V Range L80V  Response CV  Configure		

# 2-5-2. OPP

December	For ODD the LCC II Cories can be configured to either limit		
Description	For OPP, the LSG-H Series can be configured to either limit		
	the power or turn off the load.		
	The OPP levels can be set to 10% higher than the rated		
	power		
Operation	Press Main > Configure [F5] > Protection [F1] in order,		
	and set the OPP Level and OPP Setting.		
	OPP Level: rated power + 10%		
	OPP Setting: LIMIT, Load Off		
Alarm	When OPP Setting is configured to Load Off, a message		
7 (1011)	will be displayed on the LCD display when OPP is tripped.		
	The Enter key must be pressed to clear the alarm		
	·		
	message.		
	When configured to <i>LIMIT</i> , OPP will be displayed on the		
	LCD display when the OPP is tripped and the power will be		
	limited to the OPP Level setting.		
Display	Alarm message RS232 LOAD		
	set to Load Off		
	50 000		
	50. OPP Alarm OPP		
	50. OPP Alarm OPP		
	50. OPP Alarm Please Press Enter		
	OPP Alarm Please Press Enter To Clear Alarm		
	50. OPP Alarm Please Press Enter		
	OPP Alarm Please Press Enter To Clear Alarm CV B Fine		
	OPP Alarm Please Press Enter To Clear Alarm CV B		

# 2-5-3. UVP

2 0 0. 0 11	10 d 10 /D: 0: 1 d 100 H 0 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		
Description	If the UVP is tripped, the LSG-H Series will turn off the load.		
	The UVP levels can be set from 0V to 10% higher than		
	the rated voltage.		
Operation	Press Main > Configure [F5] > Protection [F1] in orde		
	and set the UVP Level.		
	UVP Level: OFF, 0~ rated voltage + 10%		
Alarm	The UVP indicator will only appear on the LCD display when the input voltage is below the UVP level.  Pressing the Enter key will clear the message.  The UVP indicator will remain on the display until the		
Diaploy	voltage level rises back above the UVP level.		
Display	Alarm message when UVP is set to Load Off UVP Alarm UVP		
	CV A CV B Please Press Enter To Clear Alarm Fine A Value		
	Mode CVI Range L87.5mAV Range L 80VResponse FastConfigure		

#### 2-5-4. UVP Ring Time Description The UVP Ring Time settings allows the UVP alarm to keep sounding for a user-set amount of time after the UVP has been tripped. The alarm will continue ringing for the set amount of time even if the voltage rises back above the UVP level~ unless the alarm is cleared manually. Operation Main > Configure [F5] > Protection [F1] in order, Press and set the UVP Ring Time. UVP Ring Time: OFF, 0~600s, Infinity When the voltage dips below the UVP level, the UVP Alarm indicator and message will appear on the LCD display. The UVP buzzer will sound if UVP Ring Time is set. Under this scenario the following outcomes are possible: Pressing the Enter key will clear the message and the buzzer. The UVP indicator will remain on the display until the voltage level rises back above the UVP level. If the UVP Ring Time is allowed to elapse, the buzzer will stop. However the UVP indicator and message will remain on screen until the voltage increases and the message is cleared. If the voltage rises back above the UVP level, the UVP indicator will be cleared from the display, but the buzzer will continue to sound until the UVP Ring Time has elapsed and the message will remain until it has been cleared. Display Alarm message when UVP is **UVP** indicator set to Load Off

Fine

2-5-5. OVP			
Description	If the OVP is tripped, the LSG-H Series will turn off the load. The OVP levels can be set from 0V to 10% higher than the rated voltage.		
Operation	Press Main > Configure [F5] > Protection [F1] in order,		
	and set the OVP Level. OVP Level: OFF, 0~ rated voltage + 5%		
	Note: To turn OVP off, set the OVP voltage greater than the current rating voltage + 10%.		
Alarm	The OVP indicator and a message will only appear on the LCD display when the input voltage is below the OVP level.		
	Pressing the Enter key will clear the message.  The OVP indicator will remain on the display until the voltage level falls back above the OVP level.		
	Note: Please use the input voltage to the LSG-H Series in 800V or less.		
Display	Alarm message when OVP is set to Load Off OVP Alarm Please Press Enter To Clear Alarm CV B Value of the CV B Value of th		
	A Value		
	Mode I Range V Range L87.5mA V Range Fast Configure		

# 2-5-6. UnReg

Description	The UnReg error message will appear on the LCD display when the electronic load is operating in an unregulated state.
Alarm	The UnReg indicator will appear on the LCD display when the set load is inadequate for the power source. To clear the UnReg indicator, increase the current of power source or reduce the load requirements.
Dienlay	

#### Display



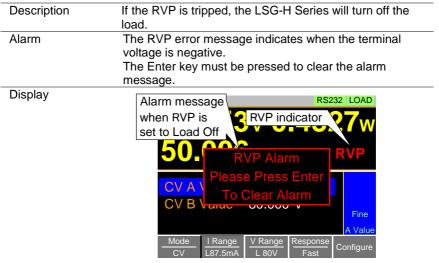
#### 2-5-7. Para

Description	The Para error message will appear on the LCD display when the LSG-H is used in parallel and if an error is produced.	
Alarm	The Para error message indicates one of the following possible conditions: UnReg, R.OCP, OTP. To clear the Para indicator, remove the cause of the alarm.	

#### Display



#### 2-5-8. RVP



# 2-6. System Settings

The following section covers a number or miscellaneous system settings such as:

Input control settings

Sound settings

Alarm tone settings

Display settings

Language settings

Input/output trigger setting

All system settings are accessible in the Utility menu.

# 2-6-1. Input control settings

	<u> </u>		
Description	The Knob Type setting determines if values are updated immediately as they are edited or if they are only updated after the Enter key is pressed.  The Updated setting is applicable for when the load is already on and the user wishes to change the set values (current, voltage, etc.) in real time.  The Old setting is will only update the values after the		
	Enter key is pressed.		
Operation	Press Shift > Help > Other [F5] in order,		
	and set the Knob type. Knob type: Updated, Old		

# 2-6-2. Sound Settings

# 2-6-2-1. Speaker Settings

Description	Turns the speaker sound on or off for the user interface,	
	such as key press tones and scrolling tones.	
Operation	Utility	
	Press Shift > Help > Other [F5] in order,	
	and set the Speaker settings on or off.	
	Speaker: ON, OFF	
	Note: When set to OFF, the speaker setting will not	
	disable the tones for Go-NoGo or protection	
	alarms.	

Description	The alarm tone for the unit can be turned on or off in the
Description	
	utility menu. The alarm tone can be set separately.
	Alarm Tone: alarm of the protection (OCP, OPP, UVP,
	and OVP) settings.
	UnReg Tone: alarm of operating in an unregulated
	state.
	Go-NoGo Tone: alarm of Go-NoGo testing.
Operation	Utility
·	Press Shift > Help > Other [F5] in order,
	and set the alarm tone settings on or off.
	Alarm Tone: ON, OFF
	UnReg Tone: ON, OFF
	Go_NoGo Tone: ON, OFF
	Note: The Alarm tone and Go_NoGo Tone settings ignore
	the Speaker setting.

# 2-6-3. Display Settings

Description	Sets the contr	ast level for LCD display.
Operation	Utility	
	Press Shift	> Help > Other [F5] in order,
	and set the C	ontrast and Brightness settings.
	Contrast:	3 ~ 13 (low ~ high)
	Brightness:	50 ~ 90 (low ~ high)

# 2-6-4. Language Settings

	<del>0</del>		
Description	The LSG-H Series supports only English.		
Operation	Utility		
	Press Shift > Help > Other [F5] in order,		
	and set the Language setting.		
	Supported languages: English		

# 2-6-5. Input / Output Trigger Settings

2-6-5-1. Trigger in Delay

Description	The Trig in Delay setting determines how long to delay		
·	any action after a trigger is received.		
	Default setting 0.0us		
Operation	Utility		
S F 5 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Press Shift > Help > Other [F5] in order,		
	and set the Trig in Delay setting.		
	Trig in Delay: 0.0 – 5000us		

2-6-5-2. Trigger Out Width			
Description	The Trigger Out Width setting sets the trigger output		
	signal's pulse width.		
	Default setting 10.0us		
Operation	Utility		
·	Press Shift > Help > Other [F5] in order,		
	and set the Trig Out width.		
	Trig Out width: 2.5– 5000us		

# 2-6-6. Measure Average

Description

The Measure Average setting is used to set the speed of the measurement display. The setting has three modes.

They are slow, normal and fast

The default mode for Measure Average setting is slow. Utility

#### Operation



2. Set the Measure Average setting.

Slow	Average 64 times; Display spend time:1280ms
Normal	Average 16 times; Display spend time:320ms
Fast	Average 4 times; Display spend time:320ms
Default	Slow mode

#### 2-7. Go-NoGo

The Go-NoGo configuration is used to create pass/fail limits on the voltage or current input. If the voltage/current exceeds the pass/fail limits, an alarm will be output.

The Go-NoGo configuration can be used with the program operation to create complex pass/fail tests.

# 2-7-1. Setting the Go-NoGo Limits

2-7-1. Settin	etting the Go-NoGo Limits		
Description	The Go-NoGo setting limits can be set as either discrete high & low values or as a percentage offset from a center value.  The limit level of the CC, CR and CP mode become the voltage level.		
	The limit level of the CV mode becomes the current level.  The set range of the limit level of the voltage/ current is rated voltage/ current of the voltage/ current range H.		
Operation	1. Press Main > Configure [F5] > Go-NoGo [F3] in order.		
	Select Entry Mode and choose how to set the pass/fail limits.     Value will allow you to set the limits as discrete values.     Percent will allow you to set the limits as a percentage offset from a center value.		
	<ol> <li>If Entry Mode was set to Value,</li> <li>Set the High &amp; Low limit values.</li> <li>High: 0~ rated current/voltage</li> <li>Low: 0 ~ rated current/voltage</li> </ol>		
	4. If Entry Mode was set to Percent, Set the Center voltage/current and High, Low % values. Center: 0~ rated current/voltage High: Center + 0~100% of Center current/voltage Low: Center - 0~100% of Center current/voltage		
	<ol> <li>Set the <i>Delay Time</i>.         The delay time setting will delay activating the Go-NoGo testing by a specified amount of time.         The delay setting can compensate for startup oscillation and other instabilities during startup.         Delay Time 0.0~1.0 seconds (0.1s resolution)     </li> </ol>		
Note	When the Main settings are saved or recalled, the Go-NoGo settings are also saved / recalled. See the Save/Recall chapter for details, page 75 (2-8. Save / Recall).		

2-7-2. Running a Go-NoGo Test Description Go-NoGo test results are displayed in the measurement panel of LCD display. GO indicates pass (good). NG indicates fail (no good). Operation Main > Configure [F5] > Go-NoGo [F3] in 1. Press( order. 2. Set SPEC Test to ON. When SPEC Test is ON, SPEC will appear in the operation status panel of LCD display. This means the unit is ready for Go-NoGo testing. 3. Turn the load on. The test starts from the time the load was turned on + the Delay Time. Display: RS232 LOAD 01/Oct/2017 GO Test result SPEC test = ON SPEC Level1 0.00 W Display: 01/Oct/2017 RS232 LOAD NG Test result SPEC test = ON SPEC

Level1

0.00 W

#### 2-8. Save / Recall

The LSG-H Series can save and recall system settings, preset data, memory data, Go-NoGo settings as well as normal and fast sequences to internal memory or to USB.

#### 2-8-1. File Structure

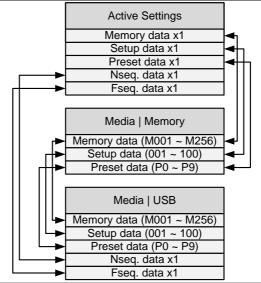
#### Description

The LSG-H Series file system can save files to internal memory (Media | Memory) and external memory (Media | USB).

To save or recall Memory, Setup or Preset data, the LSG-H Series uses a three tier system where files are saved or recalled in the following order:

Active settings <> Internal memory <> USB.

This can be best described in the picture below.



#### For example:

To load Preset Data P7 from USB, you must first load Preset Data P0~P9 to internal memory, then from internal memory load Preset P7 to be the active preset setting. For normal and fast sequences however, files can be saved or recalled directly to/from USB memory.

2-8-2. File Types

Z-0-Z. The Types			
Memory Data	Memory data contains general settings and is used for		
	creating programs. Memory Data contains the operating		
	mode, range, response and Go/NoGo settings. Memory		
	data can be stored both internally and externally to USB.		
	Preset data and Mem	nory data store the same contents.	
	Internal Format	M001 ~ M256	
	External Format	model no_file no.M	
		example: 1050H_01.M	
Setup Data	Setup data contains a	all general configuration settings,	
·	protection settings; p	rogram and program chain settings,	
	as well as parallel configuration settings.		
	Internal Format	1 ~ 100	
	External Format	model no_file no.S	
		example: 1050H_00.S	
Preset Data	Preset Data contains the same settings as the Memory		
	Data. Preset Data contains the operating mode, range,		
	response and Go-No	Go settings.	
	Internal Format	P0 ~ P9	
	External Format	model no_file no.P	
		example: 1050H_00.P	
NSeq Data	NSeq Data contains the Normal Sequence settings.		
•	Internal Format	None	
	External Format	model no_file no.N	
		example: 1050H_00.N	
FSeq Data	FSeq Data contains t	he Fast Sequence settings.	
,	Internal Format	None	
	External Format	model no_file no.F	
		example: 1050H_00.F	

#### 2-8-3. Saving Files to Internal Memory

#### Description

When saving Memory, Setup or Preset Data to internal memory, the currently active setting is saved to one of the

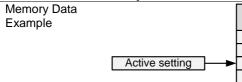
internal memory slots.

Memory Data has 256 memory slots, Setup Data has 100 memory slots and Preset Data has 10 memory slots.

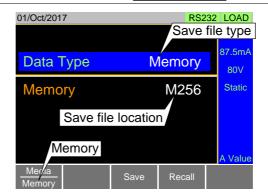
Media | Memory

M001

MXXX M256



#### Display



#### Operation

Shift in order. 1. Press(

- 2. Select Memory with the Media [F1] soft-key.
- Select the Data Type and choose the type of file to save.

Data Type: Memory Data. Setup Data. Preset Data

4. Select which internal memory location to save the file.

M001 ~ M256 Memory: Setup Memory: 1 ~ 100 Preset: P0 ~ P9

5. Press Save [F3] to save.

Save Ok will be displayed when the save has been completed.

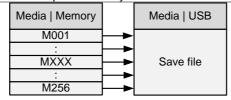


Normal Sequence and Fast Sequence data cannot be recalled from or saved to an internal memory slot.

#### 2-8-4. Saving Files to USB Memory

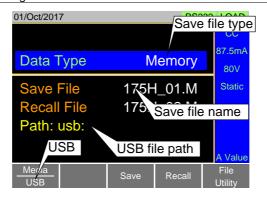
Description When saving files to USB memory, all the memory locations from the selected data type are saved as a single file to the USB file path directory.

Memory Data Example



For example, Memory Data M001 to M256 is saved to a single file on USB.

#### Display



# Operation (1/2)

- Insert a USB drive into the USB port.
- 2. Press Shift > FUNC in order.
- 3. Select USB with the Media [F1] soft-key.
- Select the Data Type and choose the type of file to save.
   Data Type: Memory Data, Setup Data, Preset Data, NSeq. FSeq
- Select Save File and choose a save filename.
   Turn the scroll wheel to increase/decrease the file number.
   Memory:
   Model file number.M

Setup Memory: Model\_file number.S
Preset: Model\_file number.P
NSeq: Model\_file number.N
FSeq: Model\_file number.F

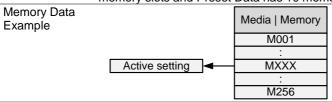
# Operation (2/2) 6. Press Save [F3] to save. The file will be saved to the USB file path. Save Ok will be displayed when the save has been completed. If saving-over an existing file you will be asked to confirm the save. Press the Enter key to confirm. File Utilities Press File Utility [F5] to access the file utility. See page 83 (2-8-8. File Utility) for details. Change the USB path. Rename files or create directories.

# 2-8-5. Recalling Files from Internal Memory

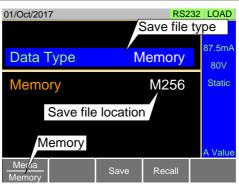
Description

When recalling Memory, Setup or Preset Data from the internal memory slots, the recalled file becomes the active setting.

Memory Data has 256 memory slots, Setup Data has 100 memory slots and Preset Data has 10 memory slots.



Display



#### Operation

- FUNC Shift in order. 1. Press(
- 2. Select Memory with the Media [F1] soft-key.
- Select the Data Type and choose the type of file to recall. 3 Data Type: Memory Data, Setup Data, Preset Data
- 4. Select which memory slot to recall from.

Memory: M001 ~ M256

Setup Memory:

1 ~ 100 P0 ~ P9 Preset:

5. Press Recall [F4] to recall. For Memory Data and Preset Data, a popup window will Enter appear. Press the ( key to confirm the recall.



Normal Sequence and Fast Sequence data cannot be recalled from or saved to an internal memory slot. They can, however, be recalled directly from USB memory. See the next section below for details.

#### 2-8-6. Recalling Files from USB Memory

Description

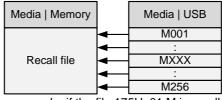
When recalling Memory, Setup or Preset files from USB memory, a single file from the USB drive will overwrite all the existing memory slots for the selected data type. For Normal or Fast Sequence files, the recalled file becomes

the active setting as these types of files don't have an internal memory slot.

Caution

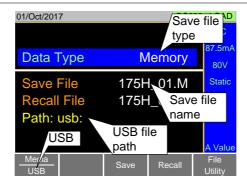
You can only recall files from the same model.

Memory Data Example



For example, if the file 175H 01.M is recalled, all the Memory Data from M001 to M256 will be overwritten.

# Display



#### Operation

1. Insert a USB drive into the USB port.

Press Shift > FUNC in order.

- 3. Select USB with the Media [F1] soft-key.
- Select the Data Type and choose the type of file to recall.
   Data Type: Memory Data, Setup Data, Preset Data, NSeq, FSeq
- 5. Select *Recall File* and choose a filename.

Turn the scroll wheel to increase/decrease the file

number.

2.

Memory: Model\_file number.M
Setup Memory: Model\_file number.S
Preset: Model\_file number.P
NSeq: Model\_file number.N
FSeq: Model\_file number.F

6. Press Recall [F4] to recall.

Recall Ok will be displayed when the recall has been completed.

#### File Utilities

Press *File Utility* [F5] to access the file utility. See page 83 (2-8-8. File Utility) for details.

Change the USB path.

Rename files or create directories.



If "Machine Type Error" is displayed it indicates that the file that you are trying to recall originated from a different model. You can only recall files from the same model.

2-8-7. Recall	Recall Memory Safety Setting		
Description	By default when you try to recall a file or setting from memory,		
	a message will appear asking you to press the Enter key to		
	confirm. This is the standard safety measure to ensure that the		
	wrong file/setting is not recalled. This safety measure can be		
	disabled by setting the Mem. Recall setting to "Direct".		
Operation	Press Nain > Configure [F5] > Other [F2] in order,		
	and set the Mem. Recall setting.		
	Mem. Recall: Safety, Direct		
$\wedge$	This setting only applies when recalling preset settings from		
Note	internal memory, either by using the Presets keys (P0 - P9) or		
11010	by using the File menu.		
	Preset keys: See page 84 (2-8-9-2.Quick Preset Recall).		
	File menu: See page 79 (2-8-5.Recalling Files from Internal		
	Memory).		

2-8-8. File Utility Description The file utility allows you to create new folders, rename files and set the USB path directory. It is only available for use with the USB external memory. Insert a USB drive into the USB port. Operation 2. Press Shift FUNC > File Utility [F5] in order, the file utilities screen appears. Display 01/Oct/2017 RS232 LOAD USB path cursor Path: usb:\Test **□** Folder1 18-Feb-17 11:16 = Folder3 ¹ 175H\_01.M **№** 175H 02.M 23-Mar-17 09:02 ¹ 175H\_03.M 3 folder(s), 15 file(s) Previous Select Rename Delete Press New Folder [F2] to create a new folder. Create a new Folder Use the on-screen display to enter the filename. A maximum of 8 characters. Rename a Folder 1. Use the scroll wheel to move the cursor to the file/folder you wish to rename. 2. Press Rename [F3]. Use the on-screen display to enter the filename. A maximum of 8 characters. Delete 1. Use the scroll wheel to move the cursor to the File or Folder file/folder you wish to delete. 2. Press Delete [F4].

Press Delete [F4] again to confirm the deletion.

3.

#### 2-8-9. Preset

The Preset key is used to save and recall preset settings from the front panel quickly. The presets have the same contents as memory data; this includes the operating mode, range, configuration settings and Go-NoGo settings.

# 2-8-9-1. Quick Preset Save

Description	The current settings can be saved to P0 ~ P9 using the Preset key and the number pad.	
Operation	1. Press Preset .	
	<ol> <li>Pressing 0 ~ 9 until a beep is heard.</li> <li>The beep indicates that the setting was saved to the</li> </ol>	
	selected preset.	

#### 2-8-9-2. Quick Preset Recall

2-0-3-2. Quick	-0-3-2. Quick i leset Necali		
Description	Presets P0 to P9 can be recalled quickly by using the		
	Pr	reset key and the number pad.	
Operation	1.	Press Preset .	
		P0 P9	
	2.	Press 0 ~ 9 .	
	3.	Press Enter to confirm the recall when a popup	
		window appears.	
	4.	Press Preset again to deactivate the preset key.	

#### 2-8-10. Default Settings

2-8-10-1. Factory Default Settings Description The factory default settings can be recalled at any time. See page 163 (7-3. LSG-H Series Default Settings) for a list of the factory default settings. Operation FUNC in order. 1. Press( Shift 2. Select Default with the Media [F1] soft-key. Press Factory Default [F2]. 4. Press Factory Default [F2] again to confirm. 2-8-10-2. User's Default Setting Description The currently active settings can be set as the "User's Default" settings. File Save User's **Default Setting** 1. Press Shift in order. 2. Select Default with the Media [F1] soft-key. 3. Press Save [F3]. The User's Default is saved immediately. Recall User's **Default Setting** Shift 1. Press( in order. 2. Select Default with the Media [F1] soft-key. Press Recall [F4]. 4. Press Recall [F4] again to confirm.

be recalled.

The User's Default must be saved first before it can

# 3. Function MENU

# 3-1. Function Menu Overview

The Function menu can be used as a quick access hub to the Program, Normal Sequence, Fast Sequence, OCP Test, OPP Test or BATT Test function.

It is also used to set Function specific settings:

Function Select. Complete Ring Time. NSEQ Timer.

# 3-1-1. Select a Function

o i i. Ociccia	diodon		
Description	The Function Select option is used to turn a Program, Normal Sequence, Fast Sequence, some Test function (OCP, OPP and BATT) or off. Before one of these functions is turned on, they should be configured beforehand. Program, Sequences, OCP Test function, respectively.  Refer to the following for those functions.  Program: page 90 (3-2.Program function)  Sequence: page 96 (3-3.Sequence function)  OCP Test function: page 111 (3-4.OCP Test function)  OPP Test function: page 117 (3-5. OPP Test function)  BATT Test function: page 123 (3-6. BATT Test function)		
Operation	1. Press FUNC .		
	Select Function Select and choose a function to turn		
	on or choose to turn off the last function.		
	Function Select: OFF, OCP		
	PROG, OPP		
	NSEQ, BATT FSEQ,		
Function Select Screen	01/Oct/2017 RS232 PROG		
<b>3</b> 3.33	FUNCTION		
	Function Select PROG Complete Ring Time 5 s		
	NSEQ Timer Elapsed		
	Program   Normal   Fast   OCP		



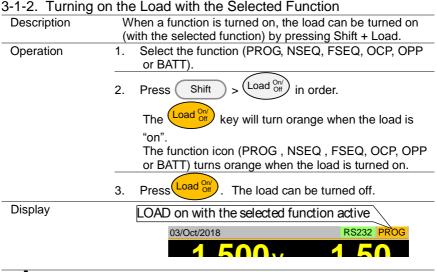
After a function is selected, it is then "turned on".

PROG, NSEQ, FSEQ, OCP, OPP or BATT will appear at the top of the LCD display when the selected function is on.

When in the Main menu, the PROG, NSEQ,FSEQ or OCP icon will appear prominently on the LCD display to remind the operator that a function is still on. The manual operation cannot be turned on when a Function mode is turned on.



Be sure to turn the selected function off to return to The manual operation.





The selected function will need to be turned off before a "manual operation" can be performed.

3-1-3. Complete Ring Time

Description

The Complete Ring Time function turns the alarm on for a user-set amount of time after a program, sequence or OCP Test function has finished.

1. Press FUNC

2. Select Complete Ring Time and select how long the alarm should ring after a function has completed. The Complete Ring Time setting applies to all the functions.

Complete Ring Time: OFF (Default),

1 – 600s, Infinity

Function Select Screen





The alarm may not sound if Alarm Tone is turned off (see page 71).

#### 3-1-4. NSEQ Timer

#### Description

The NSEQ Timer setting determines whether the timer for the Normal Sequence function displays the elapsed time or the remaining time for both the current step and the overall test time for the sequence.

#### Operation

- 1. Press FUNC
- 2. Select NSEQ Timer and select whether the current step and total test time is displayed as elapsed time or remaining time.

NSEQ Timer Elapsed (Default ), Remaining

#### Function Select Screen



#### Display example





When the total test time is >1000 hours, then the total test time will always be displayed as the elapsed time.

# 3-2. Program function

The LSG-H Series can create programs that are designed to step-through up to 16 pre-set load operations. The program function is a powerful tool that can allow you to perform a number of different operations in succession.

The execution time of each step is user-defined.

Programs can be chained together to make larger programs.

Up to 16 programs can be created for a program chain.

See page 75 for saving load operations (2-8.Save / Recall).

#### 3-2-1. Program function Overview

# Description

When you run a program, you are essentially executing up to 16 different load operations consecutively. Each of the different load operations are "steps" in the program. A program starts at step 01 and ends at step 16.

A program recalls the operating mode, range, static/dynamic mode, response speed and other settings of each step from stored memory. It also recalls the Go-NoGo settings.

The same memory settings can be used for multiple steps.

The execution time of each step is configurable.

Applies the Go-NoGo settings for each step.

Each step must be executed in order.

Each step can be configured to automatically go to the next step or wait for confirmation from the user before proceeding to the next step.

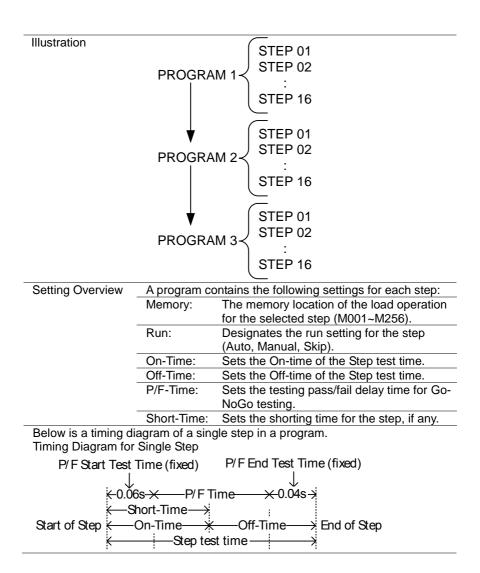
Individual steps can be skipped.

Programs can be linked together to make program chains.

Program chains need not be executed in order.

There are 16 steps to a program.

There are up to 16 programs to a chain.

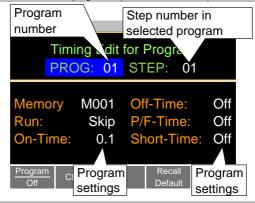


# 3-2-2. Create a Program



Before creating a program, it is necessary to set load operation in internal memory (M001 - M256) to use for each step, and to save it. See the save recall chapter for further details, page 75 (2-8. Save / Recall).

Program Setting Display Overview



# Operation (1/2)

1. Press FUNC .

Note: *Program* [F1] is off by default.

- Select PROG and select a program number to edit. PROG: 01 ~ 16
- Select a STEP in the selected program.
   STEP: 01 ~ 16
- 4. Select *Memory* and select which memory location to load for the selected step.

Settings loaded from the memory location will be used for the selected step.

The same memory location can be used for multiple steps.

Memory: M001 ~ M256

5. Set the Run setting for the step.

By default RUN is set to Skip.

The Auto setting will automatically start and go onto the next step.

The Manual setting will wait for the user to press *Next* [F2] before running the step.

Run: Skip, Auto, Manual

Operation (2/2)	6.
(/	
	7.

6. Choose the *On-Time* in seconds.

The on-time setting determines how long the load is turned on for the selected step.

The on-time is defined as the total test time minus the off-time.

On-Time: 0.1 ~ 60 seconds

7. Choose the Off-Time in seconds.

The off-time setting determines how long the load is turned off between the end of the current step and the start of the next step.

The off-time is defined as the total test time minus the on-time.

Off-Time: Off. 0.1 ~ 60 seconds

8. Choose the *P/F-Time* (pass/fail time) in seconds. The P/F-Time refers to the P/F delay time. This delay time includes the 0.06 P/F start test time, as shown in the timing diagram on page 91.

P/F-Time: Off,  $0.0 \sim 119.9$  seconds

Set the Short-Time in seconds.
 Has the same action as pressing the short key. See page 45 (2-1-10. Short Key Configuration) for details about shorting the load.
 Short-Time: Off, 0.1 seconds ~ On-Time

- 10. Repeat steps 3 to 9 for all the steps in the program. A maximum of 16 steps per program can be created. Steps that are not configured are set to "Skip" by default.
- Save [F3] to save the program and all the steps in the program.
   The program will be saved to internal memory.
   See the Save/Recall chapter on details on how to save to Setup memory.

# Recall Default

Pressing Recall Default [F4] will recall the default settings for each program/step. See page 163 (7-3. LSG-H Series Default Settings) for details.

# 3-2-3. Create a Program Chain



Before creating a program chain, make sure a number of programs have already been saved. These will be used to create the program chain.

## Chain Setting Display Overview



#### Operation

- Press FUNC > Program [F1] > Chain [F2] in order.
   If they were not created in the current session, it may be necessary to load the programs from Setup memory.
- Press Select Start [F1] and select which program will be used to start the program chain.
   Start: P01 ~ P16
- Select P01 and choose which program will be linked to P01.
   Selecting OFF will end the chain after P01.
   Selecting P01 will create an infinite chain.
  - Chains need not be linked in sequential order. P01: OFF, P01 ~ P16
- Repeat step 3 for any remaining programs in the chain.
- Press Save to save the program chain to internal memory.

Pressing *Recall Default* [F4] will reset the chain to the default settings. See page 163 (7-3. LSG-H Series Default Settings) for details.

Recall Default [F4] will essentially clear the program chain.

#### 3-2-4. Running the Program function

# Description Operation

Turn the road on, the program function is running.

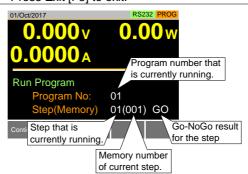
- 1. Press FUNC
- > Program [F1] in order.
- Turn program mode on by setting *Program* [F1] to on.
   PROG will appear at the top of the LCD display when *Program* is On.
- 3. Turn the load on.

See page 87 (3-1-2. Turning on the Load with the Selected Function) for the load on.

The PROG icon turns orange when the load is turned on.

- When a program is running the screen displays which program, step and memory is currently active.
   Press Pause [F1] to suspend a test, press Continue
   [F1] to resume.
   Press Next [F2] to run the next step if its Run setting was set to Manual.
- When a program has finished running, a list of the Go-NoGo results for each step are displayed.
   Press Exit [F5] to exit.

## Display: Program Running



#### Display: Program Finished



#### 3-3. Sequence function

The LSG-H Series supports both programs function and sequences function. The essential difference between programs and sequences is that programs can use different operating modes for each step while sequences use the same operating mode throughout the whole sequence. In effect sequences are used to create complex load simulations.

There are two different types of Sequences, Normal Sequences function and Fast Sequences function.

Normal sequences function can define the execution time and slew rate of each step.

On the other hand the execution time for each step in a fast sequence function is fixed to the rate (Time Base setting) set by the user.

## 3-3-1. Normal Sequence function Overview

Description

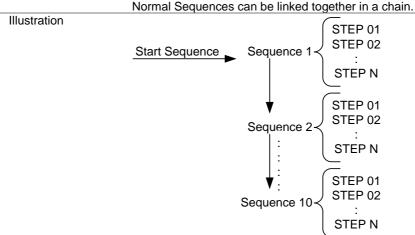
A normal sequence is comprised of a user-defined number of steps that when executed in sequence can be used to simulate a DC load.

Up to 1000 discrete steps can be configured using normal sequences.

Each normal sequence can have a memo note attached to it

Normal Sequences can be looped up to 9999 discrete times or for an infinite amount of times.

Normal sequences can be configured to hold a set voltage, current, power or resistance at the end of the load.



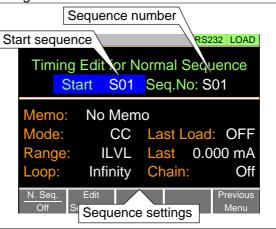
Edit Description	Normal Sequence configuration is split into Timing Edit configuration and Data Edit configuration. Timing Edit configuration is used to configure the actual sequences, such as mode, range, loops and chains. Data Edit configuration is used to create the actual steps used in each sequence. See below for a description of each.		
Timing Edit	A Normal Segueno	A Normal Sequence contains the following timing settings	
Overview	for each sequence		
Setting	Setting Range	Description	
Start	S01 ~ S10	Sets which sequence are used to start a chain of Normal Sequences.	
Seq.No	S01 ~ S10	Sets the current sequence to edit.	
Memo	12 characters	A user-created note for the currently selected sequence.	
Mode	CC, CR, CV, CP	Operating mode for the sequence. +CV mode is supported.	
Range	ILVL	Low I range, Low V range	
· ·	IMVL	Middle I range, Low V range	
	IHVL	High I range, Low V range	
	ILVH	Low I range, High V range	
	IMVH	Middle I range, High V range	
	IHVH	High I range, High V range	
Loop	Infinite,	Sets the amount of times to loop the	
	01 ~ 9999	selected sequence.	
Last Load	OFF, ON	Set the load condition after the end of the sequence.	
Last	Value	The setting value of the load for when Last Load = ON.	
Chain	Off, S01~S10	Sets the next sequence in the chain, when not set to off.	

Data Edit Overview	Each step in a normal sequence contains the following setting parameters:	
Setting	Setting Range	Description
Step	0001 ~ 1000	Selects and displays the current step in the sequence. The number of available steps is dependent on the number of steps added using the <i>Insert Point</i> [F1] functions.
Value		The current, voltage, power or resistance setting for the selected operating mode.
Time	0.05ms - 999h:59m	Sets the step time for the selected step.
Load	ON, OFF	Turns the load on or off for the selected step.
RAMP	ON, OFF	When turned on the current transition is evenly ramped from the start of the step to the end of the step. When turned off the current transition is stepped.
	Input current	Ramp: ON
		Step time
	Input current	Ramp: OFF
		Step time

TRIG OUT	ON, OFF	When TRIG OUT is set to ON, a trigger signal is output from the
		TRIG OUT BNC terminal at the start
		of the step. See page 145 (4-1-16-1.
		Trigger Signal Output) for details.
	Input current	TRIG OUT: ON
	<b>^</b>	
		Time
	Start of step	TRIG OUT
PAUSE	ON, OFF	Pause: Inserts a pause at the end
FAUSE	ON, OFF	of the step.
		·
		When paused, the unit will pause at the end of step
		•
		current/voltage/resistance/power
		level. The sequence can be
		resumed by pressing Next [F2] or
		by using an external trigger signal.
		See page 142 (4-1-12. External
		Trigger Signal) for details.

## 3-3-2. Timing Edit Configuration

Edit Timing Display



#### Operation

- 1. Press FUNC > Normal Sequence [F2] in order.
  Note; N. Seq. [F1] is off by default.
- 2. Select *Start* and select the number of the start sequence.

Start: S01 ~ S10

3. Select a *Seq. No.* and select which sequence number to edit.

Seq. No.: S01 ~ S10

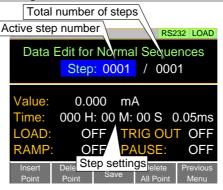
- Set the following parameters for the currently selected sequence. See page 97 for details on each parameter. Memo, Mode, Range, Loop Last Load, Last, Chain
- Press Save [F3] to save the timing settings for the currently selected sequence.

Sequence Timing configuration is complete.

Go to Data Edit to edit the steps used in the Normal Sequences. See page 101 (3-3-3. Data Edit Configuration). Go to Running a Normal Sequence to run the normal sequence. See page 102 (3-3-4. Running a Normal Sequence function).

## 3-3-3. Data Edit Configuration

Data Edit Display



#### Operation

- 1. Press (FUNC) > Normal Sequence [F2] in order.
- 2. Select Seq.No. and select the sequence you wish to edit. Start: S01 ~ S10
- Press Edit Sequence [F2] to enter the Data Edit configuration menu.
   Note; when there no steps in the current sequence the "Data Edit for Normal Sequence settings" is blank.
- Press Insert Point [F1], add a step of the sequence.
   Every time Insert Point [F1] is pressed the new Step is incremented.

The inserted point becomes the current step.

- Set the following parameters for the currently selected step. See the Data Edit Overview on page 98 for configuration details.
   Value, Time, LOAD, RAMP, TRIG OUT, PAUSE
- If you wish to edit a previously inserted step, use the Step parameter.
   Steps can only be selected after they have already been inserted.

Steps: 0001 ~ 1000

- 7. The currently selected step can be deleted using the Delete Point [F2] function.
- 8. After all the steps for the sequence is complete, press *Save* [F3] to save the steps.

Data Edit for Normal Sequence configuration is complete.
Go to Timing Edit for Normal Sequences to edit the sequence.
See page 100 (3-3-2.Timing Edit Configuration).
Go to Running a Normal Sequence to run the normal sequence. Page 102 (3-3-4. Running a Normal Sequence function).

## 3-3-4. Running a Normal Sequence function

Description Turn the road on, the Normal Sequence function is running.

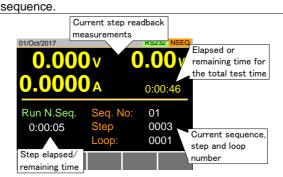
Operation

- 1. Press FUNC > Normal Sequence [F2] in order.
- Turn normal sequence mode on by setting N. Seq. [F1] to on.
   NSEQ will appear at the top of the LCD Display when N. Seq. is On.
- 3. Turn the load on.
  See page 87 (3-1-2.Turning on the Load with the Selected Function) for the load on.
  The normal sequence function starts immediately.
  The NSEQ icon turns orange when the load is turned on.
- 4. When a normal sequence function is running, the LCD displays which sequence number, step number and number of loop are currently active. It also displays the elapsed or remaining test time and elapsed/remaining time of the current step.

Sequences can be paused by pressing *Pause*[F1] and resumed again by pressing *Continue*[F1]. If no steps have been created "No N.Seq." will be displayed

on the screen. "Sequence Complete" will be displayed at the end of the

Display: Sequence Running





The combined test time for all sequences will be displayed as elapsed test time if the elapsed time is >1000 hours, else the remaining test time will be displayed.

## 3-3-5. Fast Sequence function Overview

#### Description

A fast sequence is comprised of a user-defined number of steps that can be executed at a high frequency. Unlike normal sequences, each step in a fast sequence has the same execution time (time base).

This mode is only available for CC and CR mode. Up to 1000 discrete steps can be configured using fast

sequences.

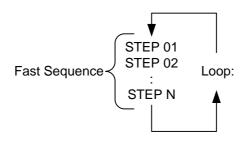
Each fast sequence can have a memo note attached to it.

Fast Sequences can be looped up to 9999 discrete times or for an infinite amount of times.

Fast sequences can be configured to hold a set current or resistance at the end of the load.

No ramping function can be used with the Fast Sequence function.

#### Illustration



#### Description

Fast Sequence configuration is split into Timing Edit configuration and Data Edit configuration.

Timing Edit configuration is used to configure all the settings that are common to all the steps of the fast sequence. This includes settings such as the mode, range, loops and time base.

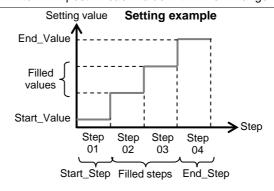
Data Edit configuration is used to create the actual steps used in each steps.

See below for a description of each.

Timing Edit Overview	A Fast Sequence contains the following timing settings for sequence:		
Setting	Setting Range Description		
Memo	12 characters	A user-created note for the currently selected sequence.	
Mode	CC, CR	Operating mode for the sequence.	
Range	ILVL	Low I range, Low V range	
	IMVL	Middle I range, Low V range	
	IHVL	High I range, Low V range	
	ILVH	Low I range, High V range	
	IMVH	Middle I range, High V range	
	IHVH	High I range, High V range	
Loop	Infinity, 01 ~ 9999	Sets the amount of times to loop the selected sequence.	
Last Load	OFF, ON	Set the load condition after the end of the sequence.	
Last	0.000000 A	The load setting for when Last Load is set to ON.	
RPTSTEP	0001 ~ 1000	Last step number (0001~1000) per loop	
Time Base	0.025 ~600ms	Sets the step execution time.	

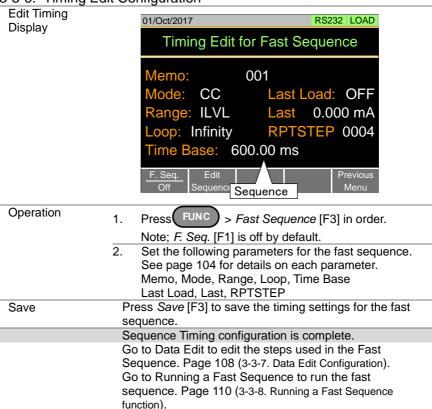
Data Edit	Each step in a fast sequence contains the following		
Overview	setting parameters:		
Setting	Setting Range	Description	
Step	0001 ~ 1000	Selects and displays the current step in the sequence.  The number of available steps is dependent on the number of steps added using the <i>Insert Point</i> [F1] functions.  A minimum of 3 steps.	
Value		The current or resistance setting for the selected operating mode.	
TRIG OUT	ON, OFF	When TRIG OUT is set to ON, a trigger signal is output from the TRIG OUT BNC terminal at the start of the step. See page 145 (4-1-16-1. Trigger Signal Output) for details.	
	Input current	TRIG OUT: ON	
	Start of step	Trime TRIG OUT	

FILL Overview	The FILL function is used to evenly step up the current or resistance value settings from a starting step to a finishing step.  The Fill Function can be used before or after steps are added to the fast sequence.  Before: Will pre-fill each value within the fill range when
	a new step is added.  After: Will post-fill each value within the fill range.
	Autor. Will post illi caon valde within the lili range.



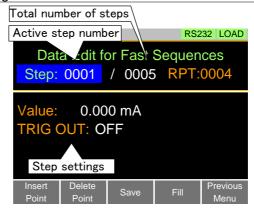
Setting	Setting Range	Description
Start_Value		Sets the current or resistance
		value for the starting step.
End_Value		Sets the current or resistance
		value for the ending step.
Start_Step	0001 ~ 1000	Sets the starting step number.
End_Step	0001 ~ 1000	Sets the ending step number.

3-3-6. Timing Edit Configuration



## 3-3-7. Data Edit Configuration

## Data Edit Display



# Operation (1/2)

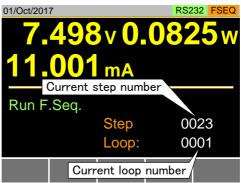
- Press Func Fast Sequence [F3] > Edit Sequence
   [F2] in order to enter the Data Edit configuration menu.
- Press Insert Point [F1] to add a step to the sequence.
   Every-time Insert Point [F1] is pressed the new Step is incremented.
  - The newly inserted "Point" becomes the active step.
- Set the following parameters for the currently selected step. See page 105 for configuration details.
   Value, TRIG OUT
- If you wish to edit a previously added point/step, use the *Steps* parameter.
   Steps can only be selected after they have already been added.
   Steps 0001 ~ 1000(RPTSTEP)
- The currently selected step can be deleted using the Delete Point [F2] function.
   There cannot be less than 3 steps for fast sequences.

Operation (2/2)	6. Presses FILL [F4] to use the fill function. Set the FILL parameters. See page 106 for configuration details. The fill function can be used any number of times. Start_Value, End_Value, Start_Step, End_Ste
FILL Display	01/Oct/2017 RS232 LOAD
	Fill Edit for Fast Sequences
	Start Value: 0.000 mA
	End_Value: 10.002 mA
	Start_Step 0001
	End_Step 0010
	Save Previous Menu
Save	After all the steps for the sequence are complete,
	presses Save [F3] to save the steps.
	Data Edit for Fast Sequences configuration is complete.
	Go to Timing Edit for Fast Sequences to edit the
	sequence. Page 107 (3-3-6. Timing Edit Configuration).
	Go to Running a Fast Sequence to run the fast sequence.
	Page 110 (3-3-8. Running a Fast Sequence function).

# 3-3-8. Running a Fast Sequence function

3-3-6. Kullilli	y a i as	st Sequence function	
Description	Turn the road on, the Fast Sequence function is running.		
Operation	1.	Press FUNC > Fast Sequence [F3] in order.	
	2.	Turn fast sequence mode on by setting	
		F. Seq. [F1] to on.	
		FSEQ will appear at the top of the display	
		when F. Seq. is on.	
	3.	Turn the load on.	
		See page 87 (3-1-2.Turning on the Load with the Selected	
		Function) for the load on.	
		The fast sequence function starts immediately.	
		The FSEQ icon turns orange when the load is turned	
	on.		
	4.	When a fast sequence is running, the screen displays which step and loop is currently active.	
		"Sequence Complete" will be shown on the display at the end of the sequence.	
Diaploy		·	

Display: Fast Sequence Running



#### 3-4. OCP Test function

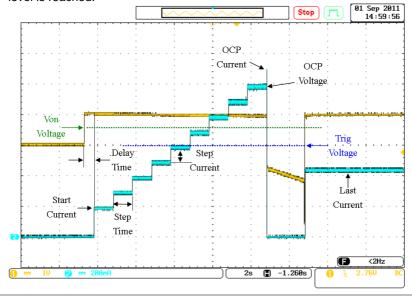
## Description

The OCP test function creates an automatic test to test the OCP of power supply products.

This test will test to see when the over current protection of a power supply is tripped and return the measurements for the voltage and current when the over current protection was tripped. The LSG-H also has a user-defined cutoff setting in the event that the power supply OCP fails.

The diagram below shows an example of the OCP Test function:

The test current increases from a starting value (Start C) to an end value (End C). The current increases in steps (set by Step C) with a set step time (set by Step T) until the power supply's OCP is tripped or the End C current level is reached.



3-4-1. OCP Test function setting parameters

3-4-1. OCP	lest function se	etting parameters
Parameters	No.	Selects one of 12 OCP test setup memories.
	Memo	A user-created note for the currently
		selected OPP function.
	Range	Select the Range of CC Mode.
		(High, Middle, Low)
	Start Current (Start C)	Starting start current value for the test.
	End Current	The current value that will end the test.
	(End C)	The value must be higher than the OCP
		value of the power supply you are testing.
		This parameter is used as a fail-safe for if the
		over current protection of the power supply fails.
		If the measured current is reaches End
		Current value it would then indicate that the
		power supply OCP failed.
	Step Current (Step C)	Sets the step resolution of the current.
	Step Time (Step T)	Sets the execution time of each step. (50ms to 1600s)
	Delay Time	The OCP testing delay time.
	(Delay)	Sets the how long to delay starting the test
		after the Load On key has been pressed
	Tria Valtaga	(5ms ~ 160ms).
	Trig Voltage (Trig V)	Sets the trigger to a level needed to see when the power supply OCP has been
	(IIIg V)	triggered.
		When the power supply OCP has been
		triggered, its voltage output will reset.
		The voltage trigger level is used to test to
		see if the voltage output has been reset.
	Last Current	Sets the final current value after OCP has
	(last C)	been tripped.
		This is the steady-state current draw after the
		OCP has been tripped.
	This mode can	only be used under CC mode.

Note

## 3-4-2. OCP Test function setting

## Operation

- 1. Press FUNC > OCP [F4] > OCP ON [F1] in order.
- Select No.: and select a test setup memory.
   No.: 1 ~ 12
- Set the following parameters for the selected test setup above.

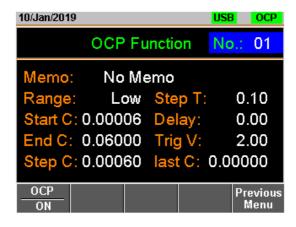
See page 112 for details on each parameter.

Memo, Range, Start C, End C, Step C

Step T, Delay, Trig V, last C

Each setting parameters are saved in the internal memory.

## Display



## 3-4-3. Running a OCP Test function

#### Operation

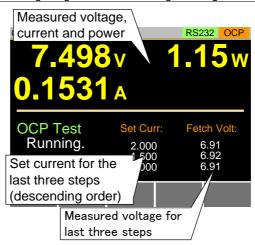
- 1. Press FUNC > OCP [F4] > OCP ON [F1] in order.
- 2. Turn the load on.

See page 87 (3-1-2. Turning on the Load with the Selected Function) for the load on.

The test current will increase from the Start C value to the End C value in steps according to the Step C value, until the test has finished.

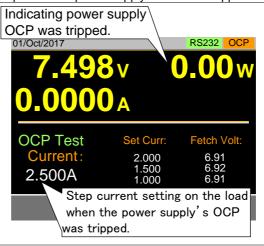
The test will start running when the power supply voltage is greater than the Trig V voltage.

Example: OCP Function running

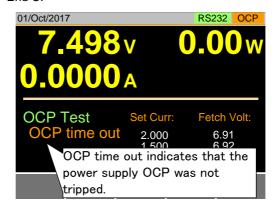


#### 3-4-4. Results of OCP Test function

Power Source OCP tripped The OCP Test will return the current setting of the last step when the power supply's OCP was tripped.

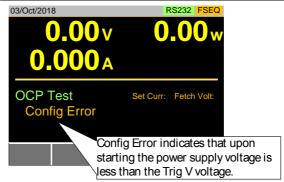


Power Source OCP timeout OCP time out will occur if the power supply's OCP fails to trigger. This is determined when the measured voltage is less than Trig V and the measured current is greater than End C.



#### Power Source Config Error

Config Error indicates that the power supply voltage is less than the Trig V voltage setting after the test has started. This can indicate that the power supply output is not on or that the power supply output or Trig V is incorrectly configured.





In addition to the OCP settings as described above, the Trig Voltage settings must also be set according to the output characteristics of the power supply.

#### 3-5. OPP Test function

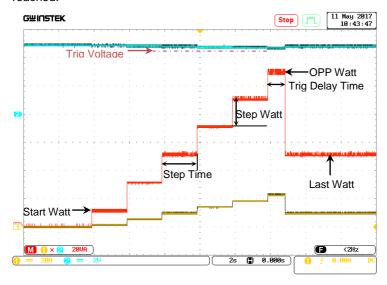
## Description

The OPP test function creates an automatic test to test the OPP of power supply products.

This test will test to see when the over power protection of a power supply is tripped and return the measurements for the voltage and current when the over power protection was tripped. The LSG-H also has a user-defined cutoff setting in the event that the power supply OPP fails.

The diagram below shows an example of the OPP Test function:

The test watt increases from a starting value (Start W) to an end value (End W). The watt increases in steps (set by Step\_W) with a set step time (set by Step\_T) until the power supply's OPP is tripped or the End W watt level is reached.



3-5-1. OPP Test function setting parameters

		etting parameters				
Parameters	No.	Selects one of 12 OPP test setup memories.				
	Memo	A user-created note for the currently selected OPP function.				
	Range	Select the Range of CP Mode. (High, Middle, Low)				
	Start Watt (Start W)	Starting start watt value for the test.				
	End Watt (End W)	The watt value that will end the test. The value must be higher than the OPP value of the power supply you are testing. This parameter is used as a fail-safe for if the over power protection of the power supply fails. If the measured watt is reaches End Watt value it would then indicate that the power				
	Step Watt (Step W)	supply OPP failed.  Sets the step resolution of the watt.				
	Step Time (Step T)	Sets the execution time of each step. (10ms to 50s)				
	Trig Delay Time (Delay)	Sets a delay corresponding to the time a Trig Voltage can be expected after each step Watt is applied (the delay time must be less than the Step time).				
	Trig Voltage (Trig V)	Sets the trigger to a level needed to see when the power supply OPP has been triggered.  When the power supply OPP has been triggered, its voltage output will reset.  The voltage trigger level is used to test to see if the voltage output has been reset.				
	Last Watt (last W)	Sets the final watt value after OPP has been tripped. This is the steady-state watt draw after the OPP has been tripped.				
Note	This mode can	only be used under CP mode.				

Note

## 3-5-2. OPP Test function setting

## Operation

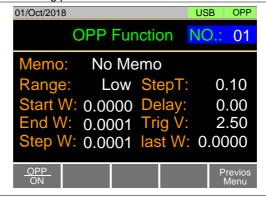
- 1. Press FUNC > Next Manu [F5] > OPP [F1] in order.
- Select No.: and select a test setup memory.
   No.: 1 ~ 12
- Set the following parameters for the selected test setup above.

See page 118 for details on each parameter. Memo, Range, Start W, End W, Step W

Step T, Delay, Trig V, last W

Each setting parameters are saved in the internal memory.

#### Display



## 3-5-3. Running a OPP Test function

#### Operation

- 1. Press FUNC > Next Manu [F5] > OPP [F1] in order, and Press OPP ON [F1] to turn OPP ON.
- 2. Turn the load on.

See page 87 (3-1-2. Turning on the Load with the Selected Function) for the load on.

The test watt will increase from the Start W value to the End W value in steps according to the Step W value, until the test has finished.

The test will start running when the power supply voltage is greater than the Trig V voltage.

Example: OPP Function running



## 3-5-4. Results of OPP Test function

Power Source OPP tripped The OPP Test will return the current setting of the last step when the power supply's OPP was tripped.



Power Source OPP timeout OPP time out will occur if the power supply's OPP fails to trigger. This is determined when the measured voltage is less than Trig V and the measured watt is greater than End W.



#### Power Source Config Error

Config Error indicates that the power supply voltage is less than the Trig V voltage setting after the test has started. This can indicate that the power supply output is not on or that the power supply output or Trig V is incorrectly configured.





In addition to the OPP settings as described above, the Trig Voltage settings must also be set according to the output characteristics of the power supply.

#### 3-6. BATT Test function

## Description

The BATT test function creates an automatic test to test the discharge of Battery products.

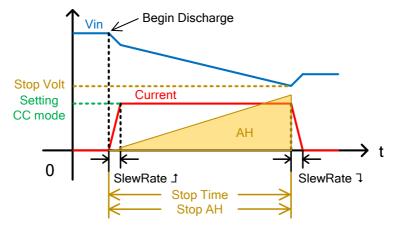
The test will discharge in a fixed mode (CC, CR, CP) and will end after a defined stop point (stop voltage, stop time, stop AH) has been detected. The information about discharge test (discharge time, battery AH, battery WH) can be finally seen on the panel.

The PEL-3000(H) also has a user-defined cutoff setting in the event that the Battery test fails.

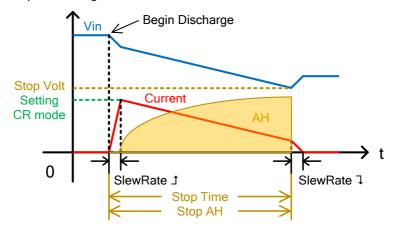
The diagram below shows an example of the BATT Test function:

The test will run in the specified mode with defined values and will stop when the defined stop values are reached.

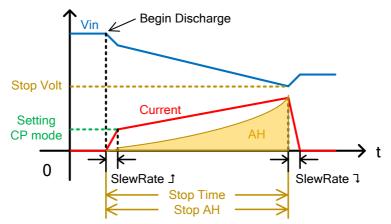
## Example: Discharge CC mode



Example: Discharge CR mode



Example: Discharge CP mode



3-6-1. BATT	Test function se	etting parameters
Parameters	BATT No.	Selects one of 12 BATT test setup memories.
	Memo	A user-created note for the currently selected BATT Test function.
	Mode	Select a discharge operation mode. (CC, CR, CP)
	Range	Select I Range (High, Middle, Low) and V Range (High, Low). Example:
	Setting	ILVL(I range Low, V range Low)  Sets the values corresponding to the defined discharging mode (CC mode in A, CR mode in mS and CP mode in W).
	Slew RateĴ	Sets the test rising slew rate in mA/us (not adjustable for CP mode).
	Slew Rate	Sets the test falling slew rate in mA/us (not adjustable for CP mode).
	Stop Volt	Sets the voltage at which the test should be interrupted. The value must be lower than the battery start voltage.
	Stop Time	Sets the time after which the test should be interrupted (max value is 999h: 59m: 59s).
	Stop AH	Sets the discharged energy rate at which the test should be interrupted (Max value is 9999.99Ah).
	Datalog timer	Sets the time interval for data capture (1~120 seconds). Up to 65,535 data can be saved when running data logging function. When logging data reaches to the maximum amount, it won't be saved and be ignored.

## 3-6-2. BATT Test function setting

## Operation

- 1. Press FUNC > Next Manu [F5] > BATT [F2] in order.
- 2. Set the following parameters for the selected test setup above.

See page 125 for details on each parameter. BATT No., Memo, Mode, Range, Setting Slew Rate 1, Slew Rate 1

Stop Volt, Stop Time, Stop AH, Datalog timer

Each setting parameters are saved in the internal memory.

#### Display



# 3-6-3. Running a BATT Test function

Operation

- 1. Press FUNC > Next Manu [F5] > BATT [F2] in order, and Press BATT [F1] to turn the BATT function on.
- 2. Turn the load on.

See page 87 (3-1-2.Turning on the Load with the Selected Function) for the load on.

The discharge test will keep running with its defined mode and values until any of the Stop Voltage, Stop Time or Stop AH settings is detected.

Example: BATT Test Function running



## 3-6-4. Results of BATT Test function

Description

The BATT Test will return the information of the last discharge when the Battery stop voltage or stop time or stop AH was tripped.

Test stop for Voltage tripped





#### 3-6-5. Save the Data for BATT Test function

Operation

 When the Battery stop voltage, stop time or stop AH was tripped. Press TEST Result [F1] to view the test result waveform.

Press Esc [F1] to exit the waveform view mode.



2. Plug in USB flash drive and press Save [F3] to save the waveform picture.

Press Save [F3] to save the data log to USB flash drive. The file name should be RESULTxx.CSV. The file RESULTxx.CSV can be opened in the computer.

1	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	
1	<< BATT TEST >>			PEL-3XXX	v1.31.003			
2	< PARAM	ETER of BATT TEST >						
3		BATT No.:	1					
4		(1) Memo:						
5		(2) Mode:	CC					
6		(3) Range:	IHVH					
7		(4) Set CC:	1.000 A					
8		(5) Stop Volt:	3.00 V					
9		(6) Stop Time:	0 h	0 m	10 s			
10		(7) Stop AH:	0.20 Ah					
11								
12	< TEST RE	SULTS >						
13		Start Time:	2000/1/1 07:01					
14		End Time:	2000/1/1 07:01					
15		(1) Test Length:	0 h	0 m	8 s			
16		(2) Recoder Length:	0 h	0 m	8 s			
17		(3) Stop Condition:	Under VOLT					
18		(2) DATA LISITS(9):	Timebase(sec):	1	S			
19		No	VOLT(V)	CURR(A)	POWER(W	AH	WH	
20		0	10.01	0.002	0.02002	0	0	
21		1	9.84	0.998	9.82032	0.0002	0.0024	
22		2		0.998	8.89218	0.0005	0.005	
23		3	7.85	0.998	7.8343	0.0008	0.0074	
24		4	6.85	0.998	6.84628	0.0011	0.0096	
25		5	5.87	0.998	5.85826	0.0014	0.0115	
26		6		0.998	5.8383	0.0016	0.0131	
27		7	4.86	0.998	4.85028	0.0019	0.0145	
28		8	2.86	0.998	2.85428	0.0022	0.0157	
29								

#### 4. EXTERNAL CONTROL

# 4-1. Analog Control

The Analog Control subsection describes how to use the frame control ports J1 for voltage or resistance control and the ports J3 for current/voltage monitor output. The control ports J2, located under the frame control ports J1 is used for parallel control. See page 166 (7-4.Frame Control Connector Contacts) for the details the frame control ports J1, J2 and J3.

#### 4-1-1. The ports J1 /J3 Overview

## 4-1-1. The frame control ports J1

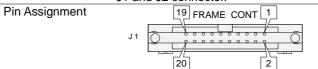
Description	The J1 is a standard Mil 20 pin connector (OMRON XG4A
	IDC plug). The connector is used for all analog control.
	The pins are used to determine what mode is used.
	See the appendix on page 166 to view the contact pin
	assignment of the J1.



Some pins on the frame control connector have the same potential as the front and rear terminals.

To prevent electric shock, ensure the cover for both the

To prevent electric shock, ensure the cover for both the J1 and J2 connector.



J1 Pin assign

No	Name	No	Name
1	Ext-V In / Ext-R In (+)	2	Ext-V In (+) for +CV
3	A COM	4	SUM I Mon Out
5	PRL In(+)	6	PRL In(-)
7	Ext-Load On(+)	8	I RangeCont1(+)
9	I RangeCont0(+)	10	Ext Alarm In(+)
11	Ext Trigger In(+)	12	A COM
13	Load On Out(+)	14	I Range Status1(+)
15	I Range Status0(+)	16	Alarm Out(+)
17	STATUS COM	18	NC
19	Short Signal Our(+)	20	Short Signal Our(-)

## 4-1-1-2. The ports J3

# Description

The wire connecting with the J3, please use AWG24~28. Please peel the coating of the wire approximately 10mm. Please insert a wire in the terminal hole while pushing the button on the terminal hole of the J3.

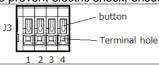
See the appendix on page 168 to view the contact pin assignment of the J3.



Please insert the wire in the terminal hole of the J3 deeply.

A conductor part of the wire, please do not come in contact with the frame and conductor part of other wire. To prevent electric shock, ensure the cover for the J3.

#### Pin Assignment

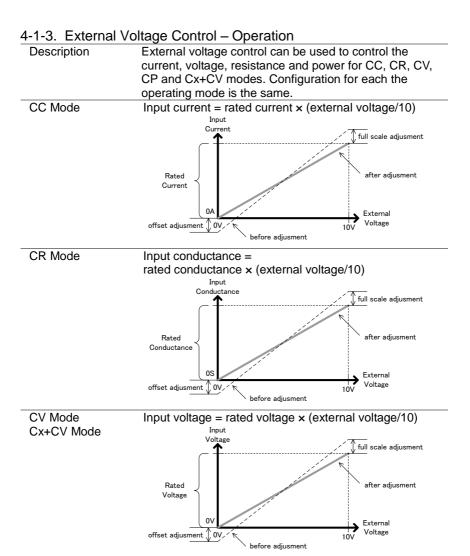


# J3 Pin assign

No	Name	No	Name
1	I MON OUT	2	V MON OUT
3	A COM	4	A COM

#### 4-1-2. External Voltage Control - Overview

#### Description External voltage control of the CC, CR, CV, CP and Cx+CV mode is accomplished using the J1 on the rear panel. An input voltage of 0~10V corresponds to 0% ~ 100% of the rated current (CC mode), rated voltage (CV and Cx+CV mode), or rated power (CP mode). For CR mode, 0V ~ 10V corresponds to the maximum resistance ~ minimum resistance. Connection When connecting the external voltage source to the J1, use a ferrite core and use twisted pair wiring. EXT-V LSG-H $Pin1 \rightarrow EXT-V (+)$ $Pin3 \rightarrow EXT-V (-)$ J1 connector Ferrite Core and twisted wiring Input Terminals CC. CR. CV. CP EXT-V LSG-H $Pin2 \rightarrow EXT-V (+)$ 2 J1 $Pin3 \rightarrow EXT-V (-)$ connector Ferrite Core and twisted wiring Input Terminals Cx+CV only The input impedance for external voltage control is $10k\Omega$ . Use a stable voltage supply for the external voltage control. When using external voltage control, make sure no more than ±11V is applied across pins 1 and 3. Exceeding this Caution voltage could damage the LSG-H Series. Exceeding 11.8V will cause an EXT.OV alarm message to appear which also will reset the voltage output to 0V until the external voltage is reduced back down below 11.8V. Use caution when using pin 3. Pin 3 is directly coupled to the negative input terminal.



00.14	1 1 1 (40)				
CP Mode	Input power = rated power × (external voltage/10)				
	Input Power				
	full scale adjusment				
	Rated Power OW External				
	offset adjusment 0V/ N Voltage				
	before adjusment				
Operation	<ol> <li>Turn off the power of LSG-H Series and the Power source.</li> </ol>				
	2. Connect the external voltage across pins 1 (or 2,				
	+CV only) and 3 of the J1.				
	3. Turn on the power of the LSG-H Series. 4. Set the operating mode and range.				
	4. Set the operating mode and range.				
	See page 36 (2-1.Basic Operation) for each mode and range.				
	5. Press Main > Configure [F5] > Next Menu [F4] >				
	External [F3] in order.				
	6. When you use External Voltage Control of CC, CR,				
	CV, CP mode. Set the <i>Control</i> parameter to V. When you use External Voltage Control of +CV				
	mode. Set the <i>Control</i> parameter to V / R / Rinv				
	(Other than OFF). And set +CV Control parameter to ON.				
	When you set the Control parameter in "OFF", External				
Caution	Voltage Control of +CV mod does not active.				

The J1 is now ready for external voltage control.

4-1-4. Adjust offset and full scale with variable resistor							
Variable Resistor in rear panel		VR1	VR2	VR3	VR4		
iii reai panei							
		FS	os	FS	os		
		CC/CR/	/CV/CP	+0	;V		
Operation							
CC, CR, CV, CP Mode	1.	Apply a v		f 1V to pi	n J1-1 b	ased on the	
	2.	Turn VR	Turn VR2 with screwdriver to adjust the value to 10% of the rating in each the operating mode.				
	3.		Apply a voltage of 10V to pin J1-1 based on the level of pin J1-3.				
	4.	Turn VR1 with screwdriver to adjust the value to 100% of the rating in each the operating mode.					
	5.	Apply a voltage of 1V to pin J1-1 based on the level of pin J1-3.					
	6.	Turn VR	2 with sc			st the value to ating mode.	
	No	te: Re-ad	justment nt the ope	is neede	d when y		
Cx+CV Mode	1.		oltage o	f 1V to pi	n J1-1 b	ased on the	
	2.	Turn VR4 with screwdriver to adjust the value to 10% of the rating in each +CV mode.					
	3.	Apply a voltage of 10V to pin J1-2 based on the level of pin J1-3.			based on the		
	4.	Turn VR3 with screwdriver to adjust the value to 100% of the rating in each +CV mode.					
	5.	Apply a voltage of 1V to pin J1-2 based on the level of pin J1-3.					
	6			roundring	to odine	t the value to	

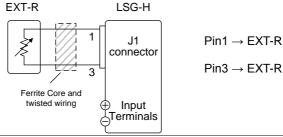
. Turn VR4 with screwdriver to adjust the value to 10% of the rating in each +CV mode.

Note: Re-adjustment is needed when you use a

different the voltage range.

# 4-1-5. External Resistance Control - Overview

# Description External resistance control of the CC, CR, CV and CP modes is accomplished using the J1 on the rear panel. A resistance of 0kΩ~10kΩ is used to control the input current, voltage, resistance or power on the LSG-H Series. The input can be configured to vary in proportion to the external resistance or the inverse. See page 137 (4-1-6. External Resistance Control – Operation) for more details on proportional and inverse resistance control. Connection When connecting the external resistance source to the J1 connector, use a ferrite core and use twisted pair wiring.



Note

Use resistors with minimum residual resistance of  $50\Omega$  or less.

Note for proportional control:

Do not use swtiches that switch between fixed resistances.

Please use continuously variable resistors.

Exceeding 11.8k $\Omega$  will cause an EXT.OV alarm message which will reset the voltage output to 0 until the external resistance is reduced back down below 11.8k $\Omega$ .

# 4-1-6. External Resistance Control – Operation

External resistance control can be used to control the current, Description voltage, resistance and power for CC, CR, CV and CP modes.

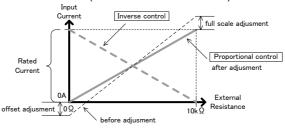
Configuration for each the operating mode is the same.

CC Mode **Proportional Control:** 

> Input current = rated current  $\times$  (external resistance/10). Inverse Control:

Input current = rated current ×

(1 - external resistance/10).

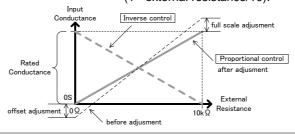


### CR Mode **Proportional Control:**

Input conductance = rated conductance x (external resistance/10).

Inverse Control:

Input conductance = rated conductance x (1 - external resistance/10).

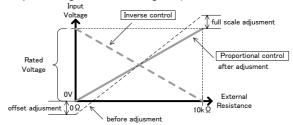


# CV Mode

**Proportional Control:** 

Input voltage = rated voltage × (external resistance/10). Inverse Control:

Input voltage = rated voltage  $\times$  (1 - external resistance/10).

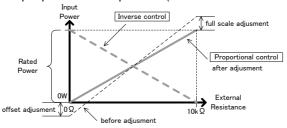


## CP Mode

**Proportional Control:** 

Input power = rated power × (external resistance/10). Inverse Control:

Input power = rated power  $\times$  (1 - external resistance/10).





The Inverse Control is recommended for safety reasons. In the event that any of the cables become accidentaly disconnected, the current/voltage/power input will drop to the minimum. Under similar circumstances using proportional control, an unexpectedly high input would result.

### Operation

- 1. Tur n off the power of LSG-H Series and the Power source.
- Connect the external resistance across pins 1 and 3 of the J1 connector.
- 3. Turn on the power of LSG-H Series.
- 4. Set the operating mode and range. See page 36 (2-1.Basic Operation) for each mode and range.
- 5. Press Main > Configure [F5] > Next Menu [F4] > External [F3] in order.
- Set the Control to R for proportional control or to Rinv for inverse control.

The J1 is now ready for external resistance control.

# 4-1-7. Adjust offset and full scale with variable resistor

Variable Resistor in rear panel



CC/CR/CV/CP

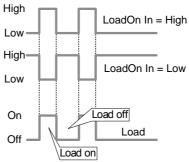
		00/ 01/ 0 V/ 0F		
Operation				
Proportional	1.	Connect 1kΩ between J1-1 and J1-3.		
control	2.	Turn VR2 with screwdriver to adjust the value to 10%		
		of the rating in each the operating mode.		
	3. 4.	Connect 10kΩ between J1-1 and J1-3.		
	4.	Turn VR1 with screwdriver to adjust the value to		
		100% of the rating in each the operating mode.		
	5.	Connect 1kΩ between J1-1 and J1-3.		
	6.	Turn VR2 with screwdriver to adjust the value to 10%		
		of the rating in each the operating mode.		
	Note: Re-adjustment is needed when you use a different			
	the operating mode, current range or voltage range			
		Connect 9kΩ between J1-1 and J1-3.		
		Turn VR2 with screwdriver to adjust the value to 10%		
		of the rating in each the operating mode.		
	3. 4.	Connect 1kΩ between J1-1 and J1-3.		
	4. Turn VR1 with screwdriver to adjust the			
		of the rating in each the operating mode.		
	5.	Connect 9kΩ between J1-1 and J1-3.		
6. Turn VR2 with screwdriver to adjust		Turn VR2 with screwdriver to adjust the value to 10%		
	of the rating in each the operating mode.			
	N	ote: Re-adjustment is needed when you use a different		
		the operating mode, current range or voltage range.		

4-1-8. Turning the Load On using External Control

connected to pins 7 and 12 of the J1 connector.  Pin Inputs  Pin 7 of the J1 connector is internally pulled up to 5V v $10k\Omega$ resistor when the switch is open. Thus when the is open, pin 7 is logically high. When the switch is close 7 is pulled down to the A COM ground level, making pi		
Pin Inputs Pin 7 of the J1 connector is internally pulled up to 5V v $10k\Omega$ resistor when the switch is open. Thus when the is open, pin 7 is logically high. When the switch is closmost 7 is pulled down to the A COM ground level, making pi	Description	The load can be turned on and off with an external switch
$10k\Omega$ resistor when the switch is open. Thus when the is open, pin 7 is logically high. When the switch is close 7 is pulled down to the A COM ground level, making pi		connected to pins 7 and 12 of the J1 connector.
logically low.	Pin 7 of the J1 connector is internally pulled up to 5V with a 10kΩ resistor when the switch is open. Thus when the switch is open, pin 7 is logically high. When the switch is closed, pin 7 is pulled down to the A COM ground level, making pin 7 logically low.	
Connection	Connection	<del></del>

Switch +5V  $\stackrel{}{\lessgtr}10k\Omega$   $\stackrel{}{\lessgtr}10k\Omega$   $\stackrel{}{\lessgtr}10k\Omega$  Pin7 $\rightarrow$ Ext-Load On(+)  $\stackrel{}{\lessgtr}12$   $\stackrel{}{\lessgtr}A$  COM

Example The Load On In setting determines whether the load is turned on when the external switch is closed (low) or open (high).



Operation:
Configuration

Press

Main

Configure [F5] > Next Menu [F4] > External

[F3] in order, and set the LoadOn IN setting.

Set to Low if you want the load to be turned on when the

Set to Low if you want the load to be turned on when the switch is closed. Set to High if you want the load to turn on when the switch is open.

When external control is used to turn the load off, the load key cannot be used to turn the load on. However the reverse is not true. If the load has been turned on by external control, the load key can be used to turn the load off.

# 4-1-9. Load On/Off Status

	7.17 G.1. G.10.10.0		
Description	Pins 13 and 17 (Load On Status) of the J1 connector is used		
	to monitor the load status (on or off).		
Pin out	The Load On Status pin is a photo-coupled open-collector output.		

Photo-coupler input: 30V max, 8mA, max.

# 4-1-10. External Control of the Range

Description	The I Range for the present operating mode can be		
	externally controlled when the I Range is set to high range.		
	The range is changed using pins 8, 9 (Range Cont 1 &0) and		
	12 (A Com) of the J1 connector.		

# Operation

- 1. Press Main > Configure [F5] > Next Menu [F4] > External [F3] and set the Control setting to V, R or Riv to enable external control.
- When externally controlling the range, the pin input combination determines which range is chosen.

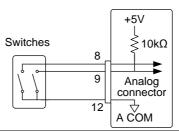
i Range	Pin 9	Pin 8
Н	High	High
M	High	Low
L	Low	High

Pin Inputs

Pins 8 and 9 of the J1 connector are internally pulled up to 5V with a  $10k\Omega$  resistor when open. When closed, pin 8 and 9 are pulled down to the A COM ground level.

LSG

Connection

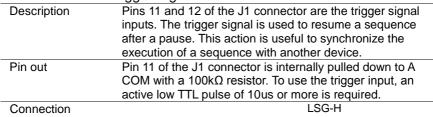


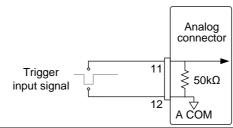
The I Range can only be externally controlled when the I Range has been set to High using the manual operation.

4-1-11. I Range Status

Description	Pins 14 and 15 (Range Status 1&0) of the J1 connector are used to monitor the current range status.  The pin out combination determines the current range status.			
	I Range	Pin 14	Pin 15	
	Н	Off	Off	
	M	Off	On	
	L	On	Off	
Pin out	The Range Status pins are			4, 15 7
	Photo-coupler input: 30V max, 8mA, max.			

4-1-12. External Trigger Signal

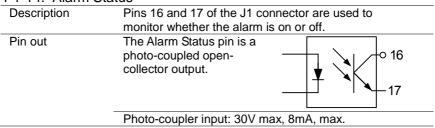




4-1-13. External Alarm input

Description	Pins 10 and 12 of the J1 connector are the alarm inputs.				
	An alarm can be activated/deactivated using external control with the J1 connector. When the alarm is				
	activated, an EXT.AL message is also output. The alarm				
	can be activated by an external device or by a parallel				
	slave unit.				
	The alarm is activated by sending a low-level signal. The operating threshold level is TTL.				
Pin Inputs	Pin 10 is internally pulled up to 5V with a 10kΩ resistor				
·	when open. When closed, pin 10 is pulled down to the A				
	COM ground level.				
Connection	LSG-H				
	+5V				
	Switch \bigsim 10kΩ				
	\( \dagger \) Analog				

# 4-1-14. Alarm Status



12

connector

A COM

# 4-1-15. Short Control

1 1 10. 011011	ond of		
Description	The Short Signal Out pins 19 and 20 of the J1 connector are 30VDC 1A relay contact outputs. These outputs can be used to drive an external relay to physically short the terminal outputs.		
Pin Inputs	The Short Signal Out pins are normally opens until the short function is activated.		
Connection	External relay driver 19		
Note	The external relay driver is not a standard accessory.  Please provide your own external relay and driver circuit.		

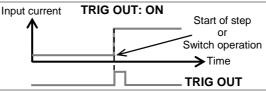
# 4-1-16. Monitor Signal Output

# 4-1-16-1. Trigger Signal Output

# Description

The trigger output signal is generated every time a switching operation is performed (i.e., Dynamic mode) or when a Fast or Normal Sequence is executed and the TRIG OUT parameter is enabled.

The trigger output signal from TRIG OUT BNC is a 5V pulse of at least 2us with an impedance of  $500\Omega$ . The common potential is connected to the chassis potential. The signal threshold level is TTL.

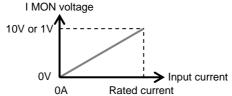


# 4-1-16-2. Current Monitor Output

# Description

The voltage output from the IMON OUT terminal and from the IMON pin on the J3 connector is used to represent the current input level.

The V Range used to represent the full scale current range from the IMON OUT terminal and from the IMON pin on the J3 connector depends on the I Range settings.



Monitor Connector	I Range	Monitor Output Range
I MON OUT (BNC)	H, L M	0 ~ 10V 0 ~ 1V
I MON (J3)	H, L M	0 ~ 10V 0 ~ 1V

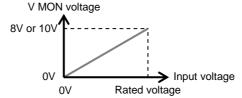
I MON OUT	The IMON OUT BNC connector outputs a voltage of 0 ~ 10V
BNC	for the High and Low I Ranges and 0 ~ 1V for the Middle I
Connector	Range. The common potential is connected to the chassis
	ground potential.
J3 Connector	The voltage across pins 1 and 3 (or 4) outputs a voltage of 0 -10V for the High and Low I Ranges and 0 - 1V for the Middle I Range. The common potential is connected to A COM (negative load terminal).

# 4-1-16-3. Voltage Monitor Output

# Description

The voltage output from the VMON OUT terminal and from the VMON pin on the J3 connector is used to represent the current input level.

The V Range used to represent the full scale current range from the VMON OUT terminal and from the VMON pin on the J3 connector depends on the current range settings.



Monitor Connector	V Range	Monitor Output Range			
V MON OUT (BNC)	H, L	0 ~ 8V			
V MON (J3)	H, L	0 ~ 10V			
The V MON OUT BNC connector outputs a voltage of 0 - 8V					
for the High and Low V Ranges. The common potential is					
connected to the chassis ground potential.					
The voltage across pins 2 and 3 (or 4) outputs a voltage of 0					

BNC Connector J3 Connector

V MON OUT

-10V for the High and Low V Ranges. The common potential is connected to A COM (negative load terminal).

# 4-2. Parallel Operation

The LSG-H Series can be connected in parallel to increase the total power capacity of a single unit. The LSG-H Series can operate with up to 5 units in parallel. A single unit is designated as a master unit and any other connected units as slaves.

Only units of the same type and rating can be used in parallel or alternatively, the LSG-2100SH booster pack can be used as a slave with the LSG-1050H. When a master unit is used in parallel operation, to ensure stability, the response speed will drop down to 1/2 if it was originally 1/1. You can however, reset the response speed back (or to another value) in the Main>Configure menu.

# 4-2-1. Capacity of DC electronic loads

Model	Single Unit	2 Units	3 Units	4 Units	5 Units
LSG-175H	800V	800V	800V	800V	800V
	8.75A	17.5A	26.25A	35A	43.75A
	175W	350W	525W	700W	875W
LSG-350H	800V	800V	800V	800V	800V
	17.5A	35A	52.5A	70A	87.5A
	350W	700W	1050W	1400W	1750W
LSG-1050H	800V	800V	800V	800V	800V
	52.5A	105A	157.5A	210A	262.5A
	1050W	2100W	3150W	4200W	5250W
LSG-1050H	800V	800V	800V	800V	N/A
+	157.5A	262.5A	367.5A	472.5A	
LSG- 2100HS*	3150W	5250W	7350W	9450W	

<sup>\*</sup> The LSG-2100SH booster packs do not have a control panel.
They can only be used as slaves with a single LSG-2100SH in parallel.

# 4-2-2. Connection

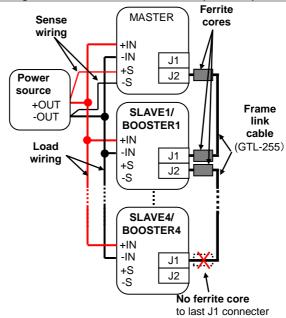
Description The frame control ports J1 and J2 connectors are used

for control during parallel operation. Up to 5 units can be

used in parallel.

Only the rear panel terminals can be used for parallel operation, the front panel terminals have a lower current rating and thus should not be used for parallel operation.

Connection





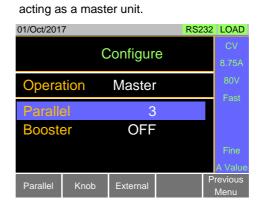
Only the rear terminals can be used for parallel connections.

Make sure all connections are correct before turning on the load. Incorrect connections could damage the units. Only units of the same type and rating can be used in parallel (except for when the LSG-2100SH booster pack is used with the LSG-1050H).

Ensure that wiring of sufficient gauge is used when using parallel connections.

If using remote sense, only connect the master to the voltage sense terminals.

4-2-3. Config	uratio	on
Description		hen using the multiple units in parallel all the basic settings e adopted from the master unit.
Operation	1.	Make sure all load units are turned off.
(1/2)	2.	Make sure the power source is turned off.
	3.	Connect the load units to the power source.
		Ensure the wire gauge is sufficient to handle the increase in current.
	4.	Connect the Master unit to the slave units via the J1 and J2 connectors*.
		Use the GTL-255 frame link cables Connect from: M:J2⇔S1/B1:J1, S1/B1:J2⇔S2/B2:J1, S2/B2:J2 · · ·
		(M: Master, S: Slave, B: Booster, GTL-255: ⇔)
		Remove one ferrite core from the last frame link cable.
		Remove the ferrite core that is closest to the J1
		connector on the last slave unit or booster. See (page
		148) the diagram below for details.
	5.	Turn the load units on.
	6.	On the designated master unit, press Main >
		Configure [F5] > Next Menu [F4] > Parallel [F1] in order.
	7.	Set the unit to <i>Master</i> with the <i>Operation</i> setting.
	8.	Assign the number of attached slave units or booster
		units with the Parallel and Booster settings.
		When connect the same model to parallel, set number by
		Parallel setting. A maximum of 5 units can be used in parallel.
		When connect LSG-1050H and LSG-2100SH to parallel, set number by <i>Booster</i> setting.
		A maximum of 4 boosters can be used with a single,
		acting as a master unit



# Operation (2/2)

9. On the slave units, press Nain > Configure [F5] > Next Menu [F4] > Parallel [F1] in order, and set Operation to Slave.



When in Slave mode, all keys are locked, except for the Scroll wheel and Enter key.



\*Failing to remove the last ferrite core from the GTL-255 cable may reduce the stability of the units when used in parallel.

# 4-2-4. Turning the Load On

Description	Operating the LSG-H Series in parallel operation is the	
	same as for single units.	
$\wedge$	When using the units in parallel, the load line inductance	
Note	could be increased or the stability of the units could be	
	reduced. It may be necessary to reduce the response	
	speed setting to increase stability.	
Operation	<ol> <li>Turn the slave and master units on.</li> </ol>	
	2. Set the operation mode and settings on the master unit.	
	The master's settings will be used by the slave units.	
	3. Turn the load on from the Master unit.	
	All measurements will be displayed and updated on the	
	Master unit only.	

4-2-5. Disable Parallel operation

7 Z O. DISUBIC	, i didii	er operation
Description	To disable parallel operation, each unit must be set as a	
	"N	laster".
Operation	1.	Turn the power off on all the units and remove the
•		GTL-255 frame link cables.
	2.	Turn the power back.
	3.	On each unit, press Main > Configure [F5] > Next
		Menu [F4] > Parallel [F1] in order.
	4.	Set the unit to Master with the Operation setting.
	5.	Turn the Parallel and Booster settings to off.

# 5. REMOTE CONTROL

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control. For a command list, refer to the programming manual, downloadable from TEXIO TECHNOLOGY website, <a href="https://www.texio.co.jp">www.texio.co.jp</a>

# 5-1. Interface Configuration

5-1-1. Configure to USB Remote Interface

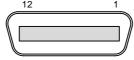
USB	PC side connector	Type A, host
configuration	LSG-H Series side	Rear panel Type B, slave
	connector	
	Speed	2.0 (full speed)
	USB Class	USB CDC ACM
$\wedge$	Before USB can be	used for remote control, it is
Note		the USB-CDC device driver, located
	on the accompanyi	ng Accessory CD.
Operation	<ol> <li>Connect the US</li> </ol>	B cable to the rear panel USB B port.
		Utility
	2. Press Shift	> Help > Interface [F3] in order,
	and set the Inte	rface setting to USB.
		uest of the USB driver PC to recognize specify the USB-CDC driver.
	4. In the device ma	anager of PC, if it is not assigned to
	the serial port is	the instrument, please specify the
	USB-CDC drive	r updates driver.
	5. Please check th	e port number in Device Manager.

# 5-1-2. Configure GP-IB Interface

To use GP-IB, the optional GP-IB port must be installed. See page 162 for installation details (7-2.GP-IB Installation).

Ilistaliation details	(1-2.0	3F-1B installation).	
Operation	<ol> <li>Ensure the LSG-H Series is off before proceeding.</li> </ol>		
	2.	Connect a GP-IB cable from a GP-IB controller to the	
		GP-IB port on the LSG-H Series.	
	3.	Turn the LSG-H Series on.	
		Utility	
	4.	Press Shift > Help > Interface [F3] in order,	
		and set the Interface setting to GP-IB.	
	5.	Set the GP-IB address.	
		GP-IB address 0~30	
GP-IB	M	aximum 15 devices altogether, 20m cable length, 2m	
constraints	be	etween each device.	
	Uı	nique address assigned to each device.	
	At	least 2/3 of the devices turned On.	
	No	o loop or parallel connection.	
Pin Assignment		12 1	

Pin Assignment



24	13		
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1-4	Data I/O 1-4	13-16	Data I/O 5-8
5	EOI	17	REN
6	DAV	18	Ground (DAV)
7	NRFD	19	Ground (NRFD)
8	NDAC	20	Ground (NDAC)
9	IFC	21	Ground (IFC)
10	SRQ	22	Ground (SRQ)
11	ATN	23	Ground (ATN)
12	SHIELD Ground	24	Single GND

5-1-3. Configure RS-232C

5-1-3. Configure RS-232C				
RS-232C	Connector	DB-9, Male		
Configuration	Baud Rate	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400		
	Stop Bit	1, 2		
	Parity	None, Odd, Even		
Operation	<ol> <li>Connect an R</li> </ol>	S-232C cable from the PC to the rear		
	panel RS232			
		Utility		
	2. Press Shift	> Help > Interface [F3] in order,		
	and set the In	terface setting to RS232.		
	3. Set the Baud	Rate, Stop Bit and Parity settings.		
Pin Assignment	12345	2: RxD (Receive data)		
		3: TxD (Transmit data)		
	$\langle \circ \rangle \setminus \langle \circ \circ \circ \circ \rangle$	/ (O)) 5: GND		
		4, 6 ~ 9: No connection		
	6789			
PC Connection	Use a null moden	n cable as shown in the diagram below.		
	LOAD	PC		
	Pin2 RxD	RxD Pin2		
	Pin3 TxD	TxD Pin3		
	Pin5 GND	GND Pin5		

Functionality	Invoke a terminal application such as PuTTY or
check	RealTerm. For RS-232C and USB, set the COM port,
	baud rate, stop bit, data bit, and parity accordingly.
	To check the COM port number and associated port
	settings, see the Device Manager in the PC. For
	Windows:
	Control panel → System → Hardware tab
1	If you are not familiar with using a terminal application to send/receive remote commands from the serial port or via
Note	a USB connection, please page 155 (5-1-5. Using RealTerm
	to Establish a Remote Connection) for more information.
Operation	Run this query command via the terminal after the
oporation.	instrument has been configured for
	RS-232C (page 154) / USB (page 152) remote control.
	*IDN?
	This should return the Manufacturer, Model number,
	Serial number, and Firmware version in the following
	format.
	TEXIO,LSG-H SERIES, XXXXXXXXXXXX, V.X.X.X
	Manufacturer: TEXIO
	Model number : LSG-H SERIES
	Serial number : XXXXXXXXXXXX
	Firmware version : V.X.X.X
	For further details, please see the programming manual,
Note	available on the TEXIO TECHNOLOGY web site
	www.texio.co.jp
5 4 5 11.1. D	CONTROL OF TAXABLE A PROMOTO OF TAXABLE
•	ealTerm to Establish a Remote Connection
Description	RealTerm is a terminal program that can be used to
	communicate with a device attached to the serial port of a

5-1-5. Using Real Description	Ferm to Establish a Remote Connection RealTerm is a terminal program that can be used to communicate with a device attached to the serial port of a PC or via an emulated serial port via USB. The following instructions apply to version 1.99.0.27. Even though RealTerm is used as an example to establish a remote connection, any terminal program can be used that has similar functionality.
Note	RealTerm can be downloaded on Sourceforge.net free of charge. For more information please see http://realterm.sourceforge.net/

# Operation (1/2)

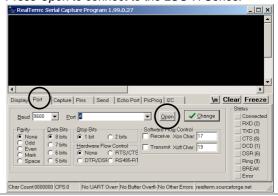
- Download RealTerm and install according to the instructions on the RealTerm website.
- Connect the LSG-H Series via USB (page 152) or via RS-232C (page 154).
- 3. If using RS-232C, make note of the configured baud rate, stop bits and parity.
- 4. Go to the Windows device manager and find the COM port number for the connection.

For example, go to the Control Panel > Device Manager.

Double click the *Ports* icon to reveal the connected serial port devices and the COM port for the each connected device.

If using USB, the baud rate, stop bit and parity settings can be viewed by right-clicking connected device and selecting the *Properties* option.

- 5. Start RealTerm from Desktop or Menu.
- After RealTerm has started, click on the Port tab.
   Enter the Baud, Parity, Data bits, Stop bits and Port number configuration for the connection.
   The Hardware Flow Control, Software Flow Control options can be left at the default settings.
   Press Open to connect to the LSG-H Series.



# Operation (1/2)

7. Click on the Send tab.

In the *EOL* configuration, check on the +*CR* and +*LF* check boxes.

Enter the query:

\*idn?

Click on Send ASCII.



- 8. The terminal display will return the following: TEXIO, LSG-XXXXH,EXXXXXX,VX.XXXXX (manufacturer, model, serial number, version)
- If RealTerm fails to connect to the LSG-H Series, please check all the cables and settings and try again.

# 5-1-6. GP-IB Function Check

3-1-0. GF-1D1	diction Check		
Functionality	Please use the National Instruments Measurement &		
check	Automation Controller software to confirm GP-IB		
	functionality.		
	See the National Instrument website,		
	http://www.ni.com		
$\wedge$	For further details, please see the programming manual,		
Note	available on the TEXIO TECHNOLOGY web site		
	@ www.texio.co.jp		
Operation	Start the NI Measurement and		
(1/2)	Automation Explorer (MAX) program.		
	Llaine Mindaus proper		

Using Windows, press:

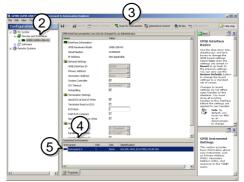


Start>All Programs>National Instruments>Measurement & Automation



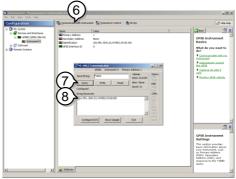
# Operation (2/2)

- From the Configuration panel access;
   My System>Devices and Interfaces>GP-IB0
- 3. Press the Scan for Instruments button.
- 4. In the *Connected Instruments* panel the LSG-H Series should be detected as *Instrument 0* with the address the same as that configured on the LSG-H Series.
- 5. Double click the *Instrument 0* icon.



- 6. Click on Communicate with Instrument.
- 7. In the *NI-488.2 Communicator* window, ensure \**IDN?* is written in the *Send String*: text box. Click on the *Query* button to send the \**IDN?* query to the instrument.
- The String Received text box will display the query return:

TEXIO, LSG-XXXXH,EXXXXXXX,VX.XXXXX (manufacturer, model, serial number, version)



The function check is complete.

# 6. FAQ

- The load voltage indicated on the load module is below expected.
- · The front panel keys are not working.
- The load won't turn on.
- The performance does not match the specification

# The load voltage indicated on the load module is below expected.

Ensure the load leads are as short as possible, twisted and use the appropriate wire gauge. Ensure that remote sense is used, this can help alleviate the voltage drop across the load the leads.

# The front panel keys are not working.

Check to make sure that the key lock has not been activated. LOCK will be shown on the panel when the screen is locked. Press Shift + Clear (Lock) to unlock the keys.

### The load won't turn on.

If you are using the load key to try to turn the load on and the load won't turn on, it is possible that external control is activated and that the LoadOn In setting is set to low. See page 140 (4-1-8.Turning the Load On using External Control) for details.

# The performance does not match the specification.

Make sure the device is powered on for at least 30 minutes, within +20°C~+30°C. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specification.

For more information, contact your local dealer or TEXIO TECHNOLOGY at <a href="www.texio.co.jp">www.texio.co.jp</a>

# 7. APPENDIX

# 7-1. Replacing the Dust Filter

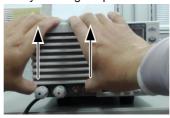
Description

The dust filter should be replaced twice a year.

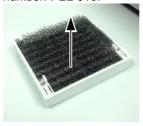
Not replacing the filter will reduce performance and may cause the LSG-H Series to malfunction.

Procedure

 Turn the LSG-H Series off completely at the rear panel power switch.
 Gently lift the grill up from the bottom.

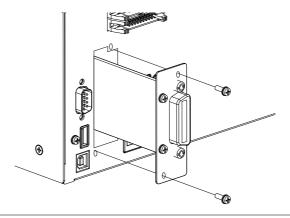


2. Remove the filter from the grill and replace with part number: PEL-010.



# 7-2. GP-IB Installation

7 2. 01 10 1110	tunutic	/11		
Description	G	GP-IB is an optional extra.		
	Th	ne following instructions describe how to install the		
	op	otional GP-IB card: PEL-004 if necessary.		
Procedure	1.	Turn off the LSG-H Series.		
	2.	Remove the two screws holding the cover on the option bay.		
	3.	Slide the GP-IB card onto the rails in the option bay.		
	4.	Re-screw the screws back into place.		



7-3. LSG-H Series Default Settings
The following default settings are the factory configuration settings.

Main Settings		
Item	Panel Settings	Setup Memory Settings (all 100 sets)
Current(CC)	0 A	0 A
Conductance(CR)	0 S	0 S
Voltage(CV)	Rated value	Rated value
Wattage(CP)	0 W	0 W
+CV	OFF	OFF
Current range	Н	Н
Voltage range	800 V	800 V
Load on/off	Load off	Load off
Operation mode	CC	CC
Slew rate	Maximum value	Maximum value
	of H range	of H range
Preset memories	Settings above	Settings above
	in each mode	in each mode

Main > Configure > Protection			
Item	Panel Settings	Setup Memory Settings (all 100 sets)	
OCP Level	Maximum value	Maximum value	
OCP Setting	LIMIT	LIMIT	
OPP Level	Maximum value	Maximum value	
OPP Setting	LIMIT	LIMIT	
UVP value	OFF	OFF	
OVP value	OFF	OFF	

Main > Configure Item	Panel Settings	Setup Memory Settings (all 100 sets)		
Soft Start	OFF	OFF		
Von Voltage	0.0V	0.0V		
Von Latch	ON	ON		
Von Delay	2.0ms	2.0ms		
Response	1/1	1/1		
Count Time	OFF	OFF		
(elapsed time dis	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Oli		
Cut Off Time	OFF	OFF		
CR Unit	mS	mS		
Dyna. Level	Value	Value		
Dyna. Time	T1/T2	T1/T2		
Mem.Recall	Direct	Direct		
Short Key	Toggle	Toggle		
Short Ney	loggie	roggie		
Main > Configure > Go-NoGo				
Item	Panel Settings	Setup Memory Settings (all 100 sets)		
SPEC. Test	OFF	OFF		
Delay Time	0.0s	0.0s		
Entry Mode	Value	Value		
High	Maximum Voltage /	Maximum Voltage /		
	Maximum Current	Maximum Current		
	Minimum Voltage /	Minimum Voltage /		
Low				

Main > Configure > Next Menu > Parallel				
Item	Panel Settings	Setup Memory Settings (all 100 sets)		
Operation	Master	Master		
Parallel	OFF	OFF		
Booster	OFF	OFF		

Main > Configure > Next Menu > Knob					
Item	Panel Settings	Setup Memory Settings (all 100 sets)			
Status	Step	Step			
CCH Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CCM Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CCL Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CRH Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CRM Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CRL Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CVH Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CVL Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CPH Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CPM Step	Resolution	Resolution			
CPL Step	Resolution	Resolution			
Main > Configure	Main > Configure > Next Menu > External				
Item	Panel Settings	Setup Memory Setting (all 100 sets)			
Control	OFF	OFF			
+CV Control	OFF	OFF			
LoadOn IN	OFF	OFF			

# 7-4. Frame Control Connector Contacts Frame control ports J1 (LSG-175H/LSG-350H/LSG-1050H)

Pin name		n number Description
Ext-V In / Ext-R In (+)	1	Used for voltage/resistance control of CC, CR, CV and CP mode.
		0V to 10V corresponds to 0% to 100% of the rated current (CC mode), rated voltage (CV mode), or rated power (CP mode). 0V to 10V corresponds to the maximum resistance to minimum resistance (CR mode)
		$0\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ corresponds to $0\%$ to $100\%$ or $100\%$ to $0\%$ of the rated current (CC mode), rated voltage (CV mode), or rated power (CP mode). $0\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ corresponds to maximum resistance to minimum resistance or minimum resistance to maximum resistance (CR mode)
Ext-V In (+) for +CV	2	Used for voltage control of Cx+CV mode. 0V to 10V corresponds to 0% to 100% of the rated voltage.
A COM	3	Connected to the negative load input terminal on the rear panel.
SUM I Mon Out	4	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to SUM I MON of the J2 connector.
PRL In(+)	5	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to PRL OUT+ of the J2 connector.
PRL In(-)	6	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to PRL OUT- of the J2 connector.
Ext-Load On(+)	7	Turns on the load with low (or high) TTL level signal. Pulled up the internal circuit to 5V using $10k\Omega$ .
I RangeCont1(+)	8	External range switch input 12
I RangeCont0(+)	9	Pulled up the internal circuit to 5V using 10kΩ.
Ext Alarm In(+)	10	Activates alarm with low TTL level signal input. Pulled up the internal circuit to 5V using 10kΩ.
Ext Trigger In(+)	11	When paused, clears the pause when a low level TTL signal is applied for 10us or longer. Pulled down the internal circuit to A COM using $100k\Omega$ .
A COM	12	Connected to the negative load input terminal on the rear panel.
Load On Out(+)	13	Turns on when load is on. Open collector output by a photo-coupler. 4

I Range	14	Range st	atus output. 3	. *4
Status1(+)		Open coll	ector output by a photo	o-coupler.
I Range	15			
Status0(+)				
Alarm Out(+)	16		when an alarm (OVP, o	
			JVP) is activated or wh	
			l. Open collector outpu	t by a photo-
		coupler.*4		
STATUS COM	17	STATUS	signal common for pins	s 13 to 16.
NC NC	18			
Short Signal	19	Relay cor	ntact output (30VDC/1/	4)
Our(+)		_		
Short Signal	20			
Our(-)				
	*1	Valid only	when the front panel s	settings are
		H range.		
	*2		RANGE CONT 0	RANGE CONT 1
		H range	1	1
		M range	1	0
		L range	0	1
	*3		RANGE STATUS 0	RANGE STATUS 1
		H range	OFF	OFF
		M range	OFF	ON
		L range	ON	OFF
	*4	The maxi	mum applied voltage o	f the photo-coupler is
		30V; the I	maximum current is 8m	nA.

# J2 Connector(LSG-175H/LSG-350H/LSG-1050H)

Pin name	Pir	n number Description
N.C.	1	
N.C.	2	
N.C.	3	
SUM I MON	4	Connect to SUM I MON of the J1 connector.
PRL OUT+	5	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to PRL IN+ of the J1.
PRL OUT-	6	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to PRL IN- of the J1.
LOAD ON/OFF CONT	7	"Turns on the load with low (or high) TTL level signal. Pulled up the internal circuit to 5V using $10k\Omega$ ."
SLAVE RANGE CONT 0	8	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to RANGE CONT 1 of the J1 connector.
SLAVE RANGE CONT 0	9	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to RANGE CONT 0 of the J1 connector.
N.C.	10	
N.C.	11	
A COM	12	Connected to the negative load input terminal on the rear panel.
N.C.	13	
N.C.	14	
N.C.	15	
ALARM INPUT	16	Activates an alarm with high (or low) TTL level signal input. Pulled up the internal circuit to 5V.
A COM	17	Connected to the negative load input terminal.
N.C.	18	
A COM	19	Connected to the negative load input terminal.
+15V	20	Controls the on/off of the load booster power
ALARM INPUT		(Cannot be used for multiple purposes).

# Monitor Out ports J3(LSG-175H/LSG-350H/LSG-1050H)

Pin name	Pi	n number Description
I MON	1	Current monitor output 10V f.s (H/L range) and 1V f.s
		(M range)
V MON	2	Voltage monitor output 10V f.s
A COM	3	Connected to the negative load input terminal.
A COM	4	Connected to the negative load input terminal.

Frame control ports J1 (LSG-2100SH)

signal.
signal
n the
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Frame control ports J2 (LSG-2100SH)

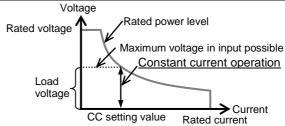
Pin name	Pir	n number Description
N.C.	1	
N.C.	2	
N.C.	3	
SUM I MON	4	Connect to SUM I MON of the J1 connector.
PRL OUT+	5	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to PRL IN+ of the J1.
PRL OUT-	6	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to PRL IN- of the J1 connector.
LOAD ON/OFF CONT	7	"Turns on the load with low (or high) TTL level signal. Pulled up the internal circuit to 5V using $10k\Omega$ ."
SLAVE RANGE CONT 1	8	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to RANGE CONT 1 of the J1 connector.
SLAVE RANGE CONT 0	9	Used during master/slave operation. Connected to RANGE CONT 0 of the J1 connector.
N.C.	10	
N.C.	11	
A COM	12	Connected to the negative load input terminal on the rear panel.
N.C.	13	
N.C.	14	
N.C.	15	
ALARM INPUT	16	Activates an alarm with high (or low) TTL level signal input. Pulled up the internal circuit to 5V.
A COM	17	Connected to the negative load input terminal.
N.C.	18	
A COM	19	Connected to the negative load input terminal.
+15V	20	Controls the on/off of the load booster power
		(Cannot be used for multiple purposes).

## 7-5. Operating Mode Description

#### 7-5-1. CC Mode

CC Mode

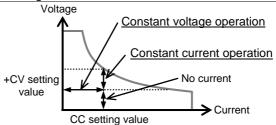
When the unit is set to CC mode it will operate as a constant current load when connected to a constant voltage source. This means the unit will sink a designated amount of current, up to the rated power level, regardless of the voltage. This is illustrated below.



CC+CV Mode

The unit will act as constant current operation after the load voltage is greater than the +CV setting value. At the +CV setting value, the unit works as a constant voltage operation. This mode effectively creates a voltage ceiling before the unit operates in CC mode.

The diagram below illustrates this.



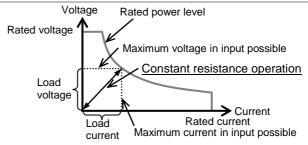
#### 7-5-2. CR Mode

#### CR Mode

When the unit is set to CR mode it will operate as a constant resistance load when connected to a constant voltage (CV) or constant current (CC) source.

This means the unit will maintain a set resistance, up to the rated power, regardless of the load voltage or current.

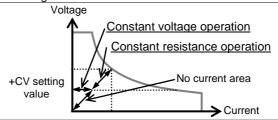
CV source: Load current = Load voltage / CR setting value CC source: Load voltage = Load current x CR setting value This is illustrated below.



#### CR+CV Mode

The unit will act as constant resistive operation after the input voltage is greater than the +CV setting value. At the +CV setting value, the unit works as a constant voltage operation. This mode effectively creates a voltage ceiling before the unit operates in CR mode.

The diagram below illustrates this.



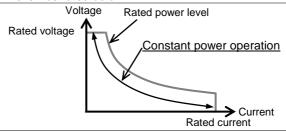
#### 7-5-3. CP Mode

#### CP Mode

When the unit is set to CP mode it will operate as a constant power operation when connected to a constant voltage source.

This means the unit will maintain a set CP setting value, up to the rated current or voltage level, regardless of the load voltage. When load voltage changes, the unit responds by changing the current load to maintain the set power level accordingly (P=IxV).

This is illustrated below.

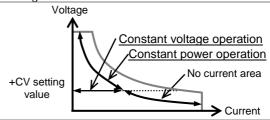


#### CP+CV Mode

The unit will act as a constant power operation after the load voltage is greater than the +CV setting value.

At the +CV setting value, the unit works as a constant voltage operation. This mode effectively creates a voltage ceiling before the unit operates in CP mode.

The diagram below illustrates this.



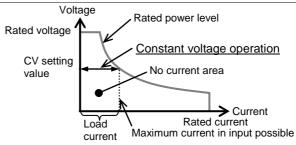
### 7-5-4. CV Mode

#### CV Mode

When the unit is set to CV mode it will operate as a constant voltage operation when connected to a constant current source.

This means the unit will maintain the CV setting value, up to the rated power, regardless of the input current.

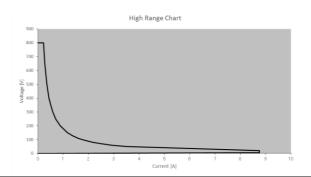
This is illustrated below.



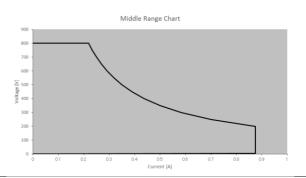
## 7-6. Operating Area

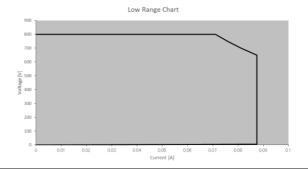
## 7-6-1. LSG-175H





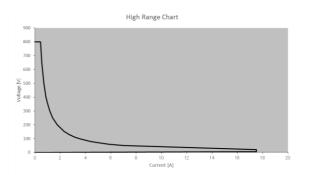
## M Range



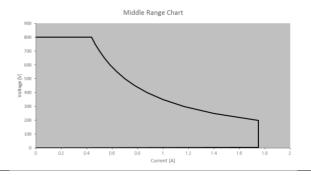


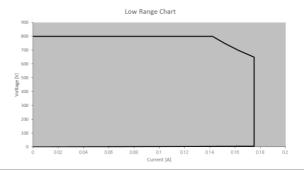
## 7-6-2. LSG-350H

## H Range



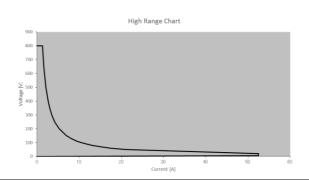
## M Range



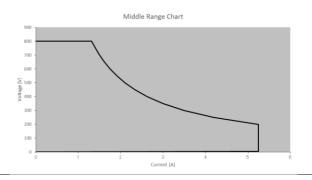


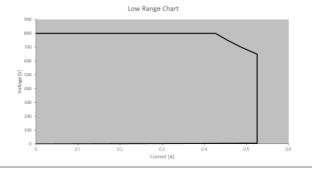
## 7-6-3. LSG-1050H





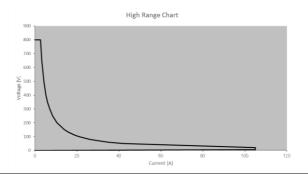
## M Range



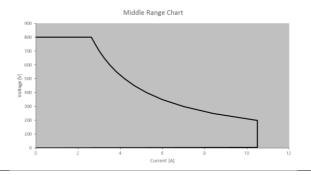


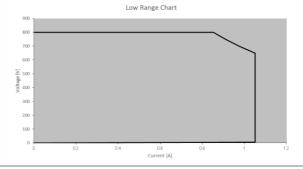
## 7-6-4. LSG-2100H

## H Range



## M Range





## 7-7. LSG-H Series Specifications

The specifications apply when the LSG-H Series is powered on for at least 30 minutes to warm-up to a temperature of 20°C to 30°C, unless specified otherwise.

All specifications apply when using the rear panel terminals. If the front panel terminals are used or if operating with long cables, remote sense must be connected to the terminals.

In parallel mode: All operation/settings/resolution specifications are N times. Slew rate maximum value, voltage setting and measured value are not changed.

The maximum slew rate settings also don't change.

N = Number of units in parallel (Same model on master)

N = LSG-1050H + 2 x Number of units in parallel (LSG-2100SH)

#### 7-7-1. Rating (Master)

Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H		
Operating '	Operating Voltage				
	5V~800V				
Current					
	8.75A	17.5A	52.5A		
Power					
	175W	350W	1050W		

## 7-7-2. Rating (Booster)

Model	LSG-2100SH
Operating Vol	tage
	5V~800V
Current	
	105A
Power	
	2100W
Current Settin	g Accuracy
	± (1.2% of set + 1.1% of f.s.)
	NOTE:M range applies to the full scale of H range

### 7-7-3. CC Mode

Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H
Operating Ran	nge		
H Range	0A~8.75A	0A~17.5A	0A~52.5A
M Range	0A~0.875A	0A~1.75A	0A~5.25A
L Range	0mA~87.5mA	0mA~175mA	0A~0.525A
Setting Range			
H Range	0A~9.1875A	0A~18.3750A	0A~55.126A
M Range	0A~0.91875A	0A~1.83750A	0A~5.5126A
L Range	0mA~91.875mA	0mA~183.750mA	0A~0.55126A
Default Setting			
H Range	0A	0A	0A
M Range	0A	0A	0A
L Range	0mA	0mA	0A
Resolution			
H Range	0.3mA	0.6mA	2mA
M Range	0.03mA	0.06mA	0.2mA
L Range	0.003mA	0.006mA	0.02mA
Accuracy of Se			
H, M Range	± (0.2 % of set + 0.1	% of f.s.*1) + Vin*2/3.2	24 ΜΩ
L Range	± (0.2 % of set + 0.1	% of f.s.) + Vin*2/3.24	4 ΜΩ
Parallel	± (1.2% of set +1.1%	% of f.s. <sup>*3</sup> )	
Operation	*		
Input Voltage	Variation *		
H Range	20mA+Vin <sup>*2</sup> /3.24MΩ		
M Range	20mA+Vin <sup>*2</sup> /3.24MΩ	)	
L Range	2mA+Vin <sup>*2</sup> /3.24MΩ		
Ripple			
RMS <sup>*5</sup>	2mA	4mA	12mA
P-P <sup>*6</sup>	20mA	40mA	120mA
*4 []   -			

<sup>\*1</sup> Full scale of H range

<sup>\*2</sup> Vin: input terminal voltage of electronic load
\*3 M range applies to the full scale of H range
\*4 When the input voltage is varied from 5V to 800V at a current of rated power/800V

<sup>\*5</sup> Measurement frequency bandwidth: 10Hz to 1MHz

<sup>\*6</sup> Measurement frequency bandwidth: 10Hz to 20MHz

7-7-4. CR Mode				
Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H	
Operating R	ange			
H Range	1.75S~30uS	3.5S~60uS	10.5S~180uS	
	$(571\text{m}\Omega\sim33.3\text{k}\Omega)$	$(285m\Omega\sim16.6k\Omega)$	$(95.2m\Omega\sim5.55k\Omega)$	
M Range	175mS~3uS	350mS~6uS	1.05S~18uS	
	$(5.71\Omega\sim333k\Omega)$	(2.85Ω~166kΩ)	$(952m\Omega\sim55.5k\Omega)$	
L Range	17.5mS~0.3uS	35mS~0.6uS	105mS~1.8uS	
	$(57.1\Omega \sim 3.33M\Omega)$	$(28.5\Omega \sim 1.66M\Omega)$	$(9.52\Omega\sim555k\Omega)$	
Setting Ran	ge			
H Range	1837.50mS~0mS	3675.00mS~0mS	11025.0mS~0mS	
	(0.54422Ω~	(0.27211Ω~	(0.09070Ω~	
	33333.3Ω,OPEN)	16666.7Ω,OPEN)	5555.56Ω,OPEN)	
M Range	183.750mS~0mS	367.500mS~0mS	1102.50mS~0mS	
	(5.44218Ω~	(2.72109Ω~	(0.90703Ω~	
	333333Ω,OPEN)	166666Ω,OPEN)	55555.6Ω,OPEN)	
L Range	18.3750mS~0mS	36.7500mS~0mS	110.250mS~0mS	
	(54.4218Ω~	(27.2109Ω~	(9.07029Ω~	
	3333333Ω,OPEN)	1666666Ω,OPEN)	555555Ω,OPEN)	
Resolution				
H Range	30uS	60uS	180uS	
M Range	3uS	6uS	18uS	
L Range	0.3uS	0.6uS	1.8uS	
Accuracy of	Setting*2			
H, M Range		5 % of f.s.*4) + Vin*5/3.		
L Range	$\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of set}^{*3} + 0.$	5 % of f.s.) + Vin*5/3.24	4ΜΩ	
Parallel Operation	± (1.2% of set +1.1%			

<sup>\*1</sup> Siemens[S] = Input current[A] / Input voltage[V] = 1 / resistance[ $\Omega$ ]

<sup>\*2</sup> Converted value at the input current. At the input current. At the sensing point during remote sensing under the operating range of the input voltage.

<sup>\*3</sup> set = Vin / Rset

<sup>\*4</sup> f.s. = Full scale of High Range

<sup>\*5</sup> Vin = Input terminal voltage of electronic load

### 7-7-5. CV Mode

Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H
Operating Ran	nge		
H Range	5V~800V		
L Range	5V~80V		
Setting Range	)		
H Range	0V~840.00V		
L Range	0V~84.000V		
Resolution			
H Range	20mV		
L Range	2mV		
Accuracy of S	etting <sup>*1</sup>		
H, L Range	± (0.2 % of set +	0.2 % of f.s.)	
Input current v	ariation <sup>*2</sup>		
H, L Range	80mV		

<sup>\*1</sup> At the sensing point during remote sensing under the operating range of the input voltage. It is also applied for the condition of the parallel operation.

#### 7-7-6. CP Mode

Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H
Operating Ran	ige		
H Range	17.5W~175W	35W~350W	105W~1050W
M Range	1.75W~17.5W	3.5W~35W	10.5W~105W
L Range	0.175W~1.75W	0.35W~3.5W	1.05W~10.5W
Setting Range			
H Range	0W~183.75W	0W~367.50W	0W~1102.5W
M Range	0W~18.375W	0W~36.750W	0W~110.25W
L Range	0W~1.8375W	0W~3.6750W	0W~11.025W
Resolution			
Hレンジ	10mW	10mW	100mW
M レンジ	1mW	1mW	10mW
Lレンジ	0.1mW	0.1mW	1mW
Accuracy of Se			
	±(0.6 % of set + 1.4	! % of f.s. <sup>*2</sup> ) + Vin <sup>2 *3</sup> / :	3.24ΜΩ

<sup>\*1</sup> At the sensing point during remote sensing under the operating range of the input voltage.

<sup>\*2</sup> With respect to a change in the current of 10 % to 100 % of the rating at an input voltage of 5 V (during remote sensing).

It is not applied for the condition of the parallel operation.

<sup>\*2</sup> M range applies to the full scale of H range.

<sup>\*3</sup> Vin = Input terminal voltage of electric load.

## 7-7-7. Slew Rate

Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H
Setting Rang	ge (CC Mode)		
H Range	0.1400mA/us~	0.280mA/us~	0.840mA/us~
ŭ	140.0mA/us	280.0mA/us	840.0mA/us
M Range	0.01400mA/us~	0.0280mA/us~	0.0840mA/us~
	14.000mA/us	28.00mA/us	84.00mA/us
L Range	1.400uA/us~	2.80uA/us~	0.00840mA/us~
	1400.0uA/us	2800uA/us	8.400mA/us
Setting Rang	ge (CR Mode)		
H Range	0.01400mA/us~	0.0280mA/us~	0.0840mA/us~
	14.000mA/us	28.00mA/us	84.00mA/us
M Range	0.001400mA/us~	0.00280mA/us~	0.00840mA/us~
	1.4000mA/us	2.800mA/us	8.400mA/us
L Range	0.1400uA/us~	0.280uA/us~	0.000840mA/us~
	140.00uA/us	280.0uA/us	0.8400mA/us
Resolution			
Resolution	50uA/us	100uA/us	300uA/us
Setting	14mA/us~	28mA/us~	84mA/us~
	140mA/us	280mA/us	840mA/us
Resolution	5uA/us	10uA/us	30uA/us
Setting	1.4mA/us~14mA/us	2.8mA/us~28mA/us	8.4mA/us~84mA/us
Resolution	0.5uA/us	1uA/us	3uA/us
Setting	140uA/us~	280uA/us~	840uA/us~
· ·	1.4mA/us	2.8mA/us	8.4mA/us
Resolution	50nA/us	0.1uA/us	0.3uA/us
Setting	14uA/us~140uA/us	28uA/us~280uA/us	84uA/us~840uA/us
Resolution	5nA/us	10nA/us	30nA/us
Setting	1.4uA/us~14uA/us	2.8uA/us~28uA/us	8.4uA/us~84uA/us
Resolution	0.5nA/us	1nA/us	3nA/us
Setting	0.14uA/us~	0.28uA/us~	0.84uA/us~
-	1.4uA/us	2.8uA/us	8.4uA/us
Accuracy of	Setting*1		
	±(10% of set + 25us)		

<sup>\*1</sup> Time to reach from 10% to 90% when the current is varied from 2% to 100% (20% to 100% in M range) of the rated current.

# 7-7-8. Meter

Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H
Voltmeter			
H Range	0.00V~800.00V		
L Range	0.000V~80.000V		
Accuracy	± (0.1 % of rdg + 0.	1 % of f.s.)	
Ammeter			
H Range	0.0000A~8.7500A	0.000A~17.500A	0.000A~52.500A
M Range	0.00000A~ 0.87500A	0.0000A~1.7500A	0.0000A~5.2500A
L Range	0.000mA	0.000mA	0.00mA
· ·	~87.500mA	~175.00mA	~525.00mA
Accuracy	Stand alone::±(0.2	% of rdg + 0.3 % of f.s	s <sup>*1</sup> )
		± (1.2% of rdg +1.1%	
Wattmeter			
H, M Range	0.00W~175.00W	0.00W~350.00W	0.0W~1050.0W
H, M Range L(CC/CR/	0.00W~175.00W 0.0000W~	0.00W~350.00W 0.0000W~	0.0W~1050.0W 0.000W~
L(CC/CR/	0.0000W~	0.0000W~	0.000W~
L(CC/CR/ CV mode)	0.0000W~ 56.875W	0.0000W~ 113.75W	0.000W~ 341.25W
L(CC/CR/ CV mode) L(CP mode)	0.0000W~ 56.875W 0.0000W~	0.0000W~ 113.75W 0.0000~	0.000W~ 341.25W 0.000W~
L(CC/CR/ CV mode) L(CP mode)	0.0000W~ 56.875W 0.0000W~ 1.7500W	0.0000W~ 113.75W 0.0000~	0.000W~ 341.25W 0.000W~
L(CC/CR/ CV mode) L(CP mode)	0.0000W~ 56.875W 0.0000W~ 1.7500W Coefficient (per °C)	0.0000W~ 113.75W 0.0000~	0.000W~ 341.25W 0.000W~

7-7-9. Dyn	amic	Mode
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Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H	
Operating Mod	le			
	CC ,CR , CP			
T1 & T2				
	0.025ms ~ 10ms / F 10ms ~ 30s / Res:			
Accuracy				
	± 100ppm of setting	3		
Frequency Ra	nge (Freq./Duty)			
	1Hz ~20kHz			
Frequency Re	solution			
1Hz~9.9Hz	0.1Hz			
10Hz~99Hz	1Hz			
100Hz~990Hz	10Hz			
1kHz~20kHz	100Hz			
Frequency Aco	curacy of Setting			
	(0.5% of set)			
Duty Cycle of Setting (Freq./Duty)				
	1% ~99% , 0.1% ste			
		width is 10 us. Betwee		
		cycle is limited by the	minimum time width.	
	ting Range (CC Mode			
H Range	0.1400mA/us~	0.280mA/us~	0.840mA/us~	
	140.0mA/us	280.0mA/us	840.0mA/us	
M Range	0.01400mA/us~	0.0280mA/us~	0.0840mA/us~	
	14.000mA/us	28.00mA/us	84.00mA/us	
L Range	1.400uA/us~	2.80uA/us~	0.00840mA/us~	
	1400.0uA/us	2800uA/us	8.400mA/us	
Slew Rate Setting Range (CR Mode)				
H Range	0.01400mA/us~	0.0280mA/us~	0.0840mA/us~	
	14.000mA/us	28.00mA/us	84.00mA/us	
M Range	0.001400mA/us~	0.00280mA/us~	0.00840mA/us~	
	1.4000mA/us	2.800mA/us	8.400mA/us	
L Range	0.1400uA/us~	0.280uA/us~	0.000840mA/us~	
	140.00uA/us	280.0uA/us	0.8400mA/us	

Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H
Slew Rate Res	solution		
Resolution	50uA/us	100uA/us	300uA/us
Setting	14mA/us~	28mA/us~	84mA/us~
	140mA/us	280mA/us	840mA/us
Resolution	5uA/us	10uA/us	30uA/us
Setting	1.4mA/us~	2.8mA/us~	8.4mA/us~
	14mA/us	28mA/us	84mA/us
Resolution	0.5uA/us	1uA/us	3uA/us
Setting	140uA/us~	280uA/us~	840uA/us~
	1.4mA/us	2.8mA/us	8.4mA/us
Resolution	50nA/us	0.1uA/us	0.3uA/us
Setting	14uA/us~140uA/us	28uA/us~280uA/us	84uA/us~840uA/us
Resolution	5nA/us	10nA/us	30nA/us
Setting	1.4uA/us~14uA/us	2.8uA/us~28uA/us	8.4uA/us~84uA/us
Resolution	0.5nA/us	1nA/us	3nA/us
Setting	0.14uA/us~	0.28uA/us~	0.84uA/us~
	1.4uA/us	2.8uA/us	8.4uA/us
Slew Rate Acc	curacy of setting *1		

#### Slew Rate Accuracy of setting \*1

±(10% of set + 25us)

<sup>\*1</sup> Time to reach from 10 % to 90 % when the current is varied from 2 % to 100 % (20 % to 100 % in M range) of the rated current.

Current Setting Range			
H Range	0A~9.1875A	0A~18.375A	0A~55.125A
M Range	0A~0.91875A	0A~1.8375A	0A~5.5125A
L Range	0mA~91.875mA	0mA~183.75mA	0A~0.55125A
Current Reso	olution		
H Range	0.3mA	0.6mA	2mA
M Range	0.03mA	0.06mA	0.2mA
L Range	0.0003mA	0.006mA	0.02mA
Current Accuracy			
	±0.4% of f.s.		

Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H		
Resistance Setting Range					
H Range	1837.50mS~0mS	3675.00mS~0mS	11025.0mS~0mS		
	(0.54422Ω~	(0.27211Ω~	(0.09070Ω~		
	33333.3Ω,OPEN)	16666.7Ω,OPEN)	5555.56Ω,OPEN)		
M Range	183.750mS~0mS	367.500mS~0mS	1102.50mS~0mS		
	(5.44218Ω~	(2.72109Ω~	(0.90703Ω~		
	333333Ω,OPEN)	166666Ω,OPEN)	55555.6Ω,OPEN)		
L Range	18.3750mS~0mS	36.7500mS~0mS	110.250mS~0mS		
	$(54.4218\Omega^{2})$ $(27.2109\Omega^{2})$ $(9.07029\Omega^{2})$				
	3333333Ω,OPEN)	1666666Ω,OPEN)	555555Ω,OPEN)		
Resistance Re	esolution				
H Range	30uS	60uS	180uS		
M Range	3uS	6uS	18uS		
L Range	0.3uS	0.6uS	1.8uS		
Resistance Accuracy of setting (set > 0.03% of f.s)					
H, M Range $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of set}^{*1} + 0.5 \% \text{ of f.s.}^{*2}) + \text{Vin}^{*3}/3.24\text{M}\Omega$					
L Range $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of set}^{1} + 0.5 \% \text{ of f.s.}) + \text{Vin}^{3}/3.24\text{M}\Omega$					
<sup>1</sup> set – Vin / Pset					

set = Vin / Rset
f.s. = Full scale of High Range
Vin = Input terminal voltage of Electronic Load

Power Operating Range					
H Range	17.5W~175W	35W~350W	105W~1050W		
M Range	1.75W~17.5W	3.5W~35W	10.5W~105W		
L Range	0.175W~1.75W	0.35W~3.5W	1.05W~10.5W		
Setting Range					
H Range	0W~183.75W	0W~367.50W	0W~1102.5W		
M Range	0W~18.375W	0W~36.750W	0W~110.25W		
L Range	0W~1.8375W	0W~3.6750W	0W~11.025W		
Resolution					
H Range	10mW	10mW	100mW		
M Range	1mW	1mW	10mW		
L Range	0.1mW	0.1mW	1mW		
Accuracy of Setting*1					
$\pm (0.6 \% \text{ of set} + 1.4 \% \text{ of f.s}^{*2}) + \text{Vin}^{2*3}/3.24\text{M}\Omega$					

<sup>\*1</sup> It is not applied for the condition of the parallel operation.

<sup>\*2</sup> M range applies to the full scale of H range. \*3 Vin = Input terminal voltage of electronic load.

#### 7-7-10. Soft Start

Operation Mode

CC,CR

Selectable Time Range

OFF, 1~ 200ms / Res: 1ms

Time Accuracy

 $\pm (30\% \text{ of set} + 100 \text{ us})$ 

#### 7-7-11. Remote Sensing

#### Voltage that can be Compensated

2V for a single line

#### 7-7-12. Protection Function

#### Overvoltage protection(OVP)

Turns off the load at 110% of the rated voltage

#### Overcurrent protection(OCP)

0.0060A ~	0.0120A ~	0.050A ~
9.6252A	19.2504A	57.750A

or 110% of the maximum current of each range Load off or limit selectable

#### Overpower protection(OPP)

0.10W ~ 192.50W 0.10W ~ 385.00W 1.00W ~ 1155.00W or 110% of the maximum power of each range Load off or limit selectable

#### Overheat protection(OTP)

Turns off the load when the heat sink temperature reaches 105°C (LSG-2100SH:115°C).

#### Under voltage protection(UVP)

Turns off the load when detected. Can be set in the range of OFF, 0.1V to 840V or Off.

#### Reverse connection protection(RVP)

By diode. Turns off the load when an alarm occurs.

#### Rating overcurrent protection (R.OCP)

An R.OCP message will be produced when the input current range is greater than 110% of the rated operating current range (I range).

#### Rating overpower protection (R.OPP)

An R.OPP message will be produced when the input power range is greater than 110% of the rated operating power range.

## 7-7-13. Sequence

CC, CR, CV, CP
1000
0.05ms ~ 999h 59min
0.05 ms (0.05ms ~1 min)
100 ms (1 min ~1 h)
1 s (1 h ~10 h)/10 s (10 h ~100 h)
1 min (100 h ~999 h 59 min)
CC or CR
1000
25us - 600ms
1us(25us - 60ms)
10us(60.01ms - 600ms)

#### 7-7-14 Other

/-/-14. Other				
Elapsed Time Delay				
Measures the time from load on to load off. On/Off selectable.				
Measures fro	om 1s up to 999h 59min 59s			
Auto Load Off	Timer			
Automatically	y turns off the load after a specified time elapses.			
Can be set in	the range of 1s to 999h 59min 59s or off			
Communication	n Function			
GP-IB	IEEE std. 488.1-1978 (partial support)			
	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, DC1, DT1.			
	Supports the SCPI and IEEE std. 488.2-1992 command set			
	Sets panel functions except the power switch and reads			
	measured values			
RS-232C D-SUB 9-pin connector (conforms to EIA-232-D)				
Sets panel functions except the power switch and reads				
measured values				
Supports the SCPI and IEEE std. 488.2-1992 comm				
	Baud rate: 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 bps			
	Data length: 8-bit, Stop bit: 1, 2-bit,			
	Parity bit: None, Odd, Even.			
USB	Conforms to USB 2.0 Specifications and USB-CDC ACM			
	Sets panel functions except the power switch and reads			
	measured values			
Communication speed 12Mbps (Full speed)				

### 7-7-15. Analog External Control

#### Load on/off Control Input

Turn on the load with low (or high) TTL level signal.

#### Load on Status Output

On when the load is on. (open collector output by a photo coupler)

#### Range Switch Input

Switch ranges L, M, and H using a 2-bit signal.

#### Range Status Output

Outputs range L, M, or H using 2-bit signal.

(open collector output by a photo coupler)

#### Trigger Input

Clear the sequence operation pause with a high TTL level signal for 10us or more.

#### Alarm Input

Activate alarm with low TTL level signal input.

#### Alarm Status Output

On when OVP, OCP, OPP, OTP, UVP, RVP, or when an external alarm input is applied. (open collector output by a photo coupler)

#### **Short Signal Output**

Relay contact output. (30VDC/1A)

#### **External Voltage Control**

Operates in CC, CR, CV, CP or Cx+CV mode.

0 V to 10 V correspond to 0 % to 100 % of the rated current (CC mode), rated voltage (CV, Cx+CV mode), or rated power (CP mode).

0 V to 10 V correspond to maximum resistance to minimum resistance. (CR mode)

#### **External Resistance Control**

Operates in CC, CR, CV or CP mode.

 $0\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  correspond to 0% to 100% or 100% to 0% of the rated current (CC mode), rated voltage (CV mode), or rated power (CP mode).

 $0\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  correspond to maximum resistance to minimum resistance or minimum resistance to maximum resistance. (CR mode)

#### **Current Monitor Output**

10V f.s. (H or L range) and 1V f.s. (M range)

#### Voltage Monitor Output

10V f.s.

#### Parallel Operation Input

Signal input for one-control parallel operation.

#### Parallel Operation Output

Signal input for one-control parallel operation.

#### Load Boost Power Supply Control

Power on/off control signal for the load booster.

### 7-7-16. Front Panel BNC Connector

#### TRIG OUT

Trigger output: Approx. 4.5V pulse width: Approx. 2us,

output impedance: Approx.  $500\Omega$ .

Outputs a pulse during sequence operation and switching operation.

### I MON OUT

Current monitor output.

10V f.s. (H or L range) and 1V f.s. (M range)

#### V MON OUT

Voltages monitor output.

8V f.s.

#### 7-7-17 General

1-1-11. Gene	ıaı			
Model	LSG-175H	LSG-350H	LSG-1050H	LSG-2100SH
Input Range				
	90VAC~132VAC/180VAC~250VAC Single-phase			
Input Frequence	су			
	47~63Hz			
Power (max)				
	90VA	110VA	190VA	230VA
Inrush Current				
	45A Max			
Insulation Resistance				
Primary to input terminal: 1000VDC, 20M $\Omega$ or more.				
Primary to chassis: 1000VDC, 20MΩ or more.				
Withstand Volts	Withstand Voltage			

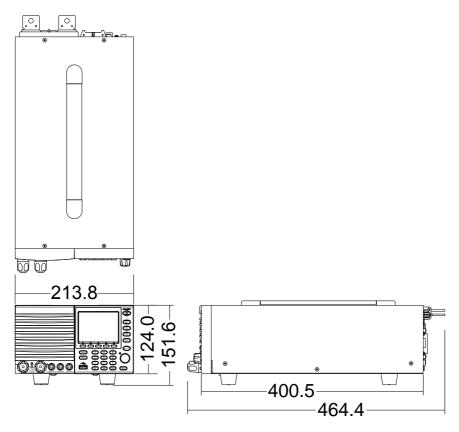
Primary to input terminal: No abnormalities at 1500VAC for 1

Primary to chassis: No abnormalities at 1500VAC for 1 minute.

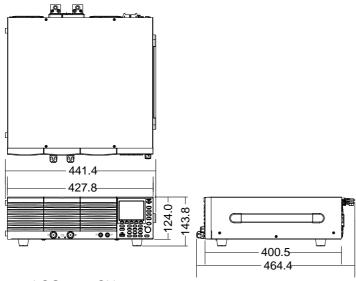
Dimensions				
W	213.8 mm	213.8 mm	427.8 mm	427.7 mm
Н	124.0 mm	124.0 mm	124.0 mm	127.8 mm
D	400.5 mm	400.5 mm	400.5 mm	553.5 mm
Weight				
Approx.	7.5kg	9kg	17kg	24kg
Maximum	9kg	10kg	20kg	28kg

## 7-8. LSG-H Series Dimensions

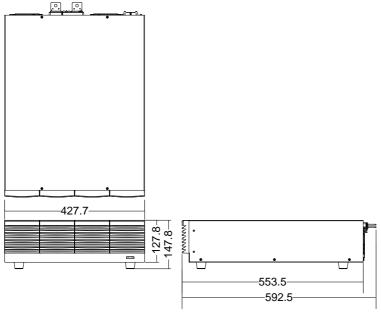
## 7-8-1. LSG-175H / LSG-350H



7-8-2. LSG-1050H



7-8-3. LSG-2100SH





## **TEXIO TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION**

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